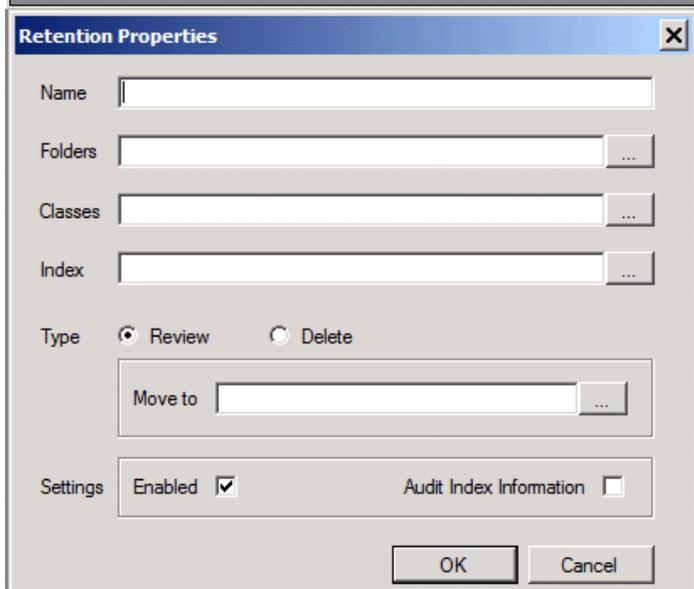
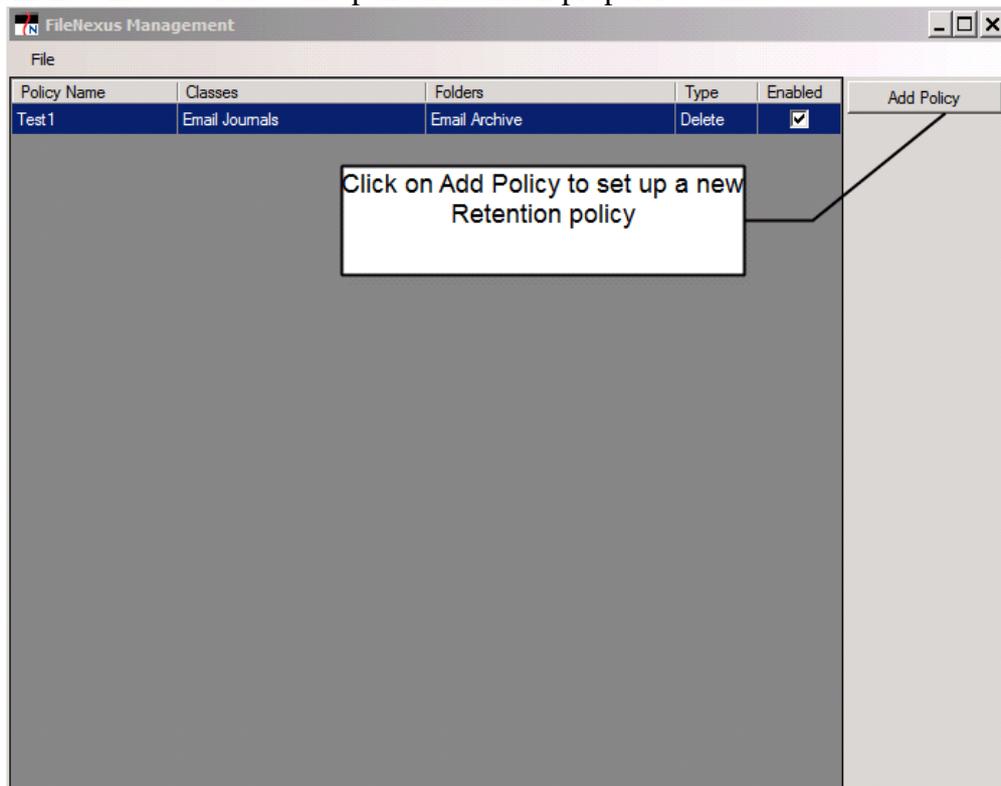


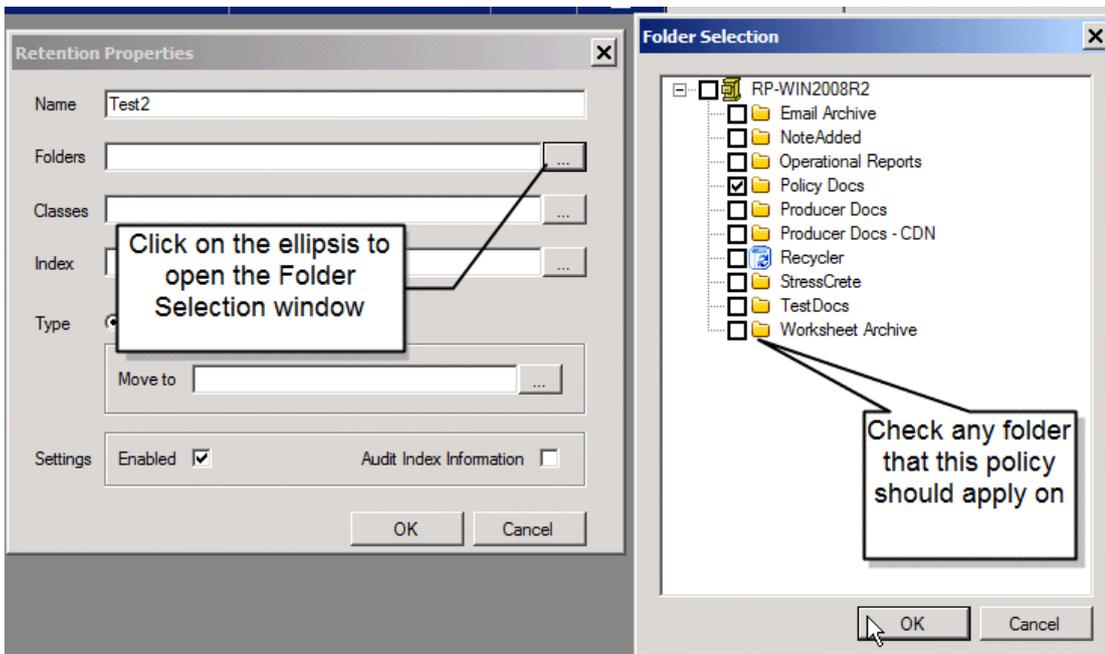
Enter a valid user name and password for an account that has Administration rights in order to view and update the Retention policies.

To setup a NEW rule, click the “Add Policy” button, located on the right pane of the Retention Management window. This will open a Retention properties window.

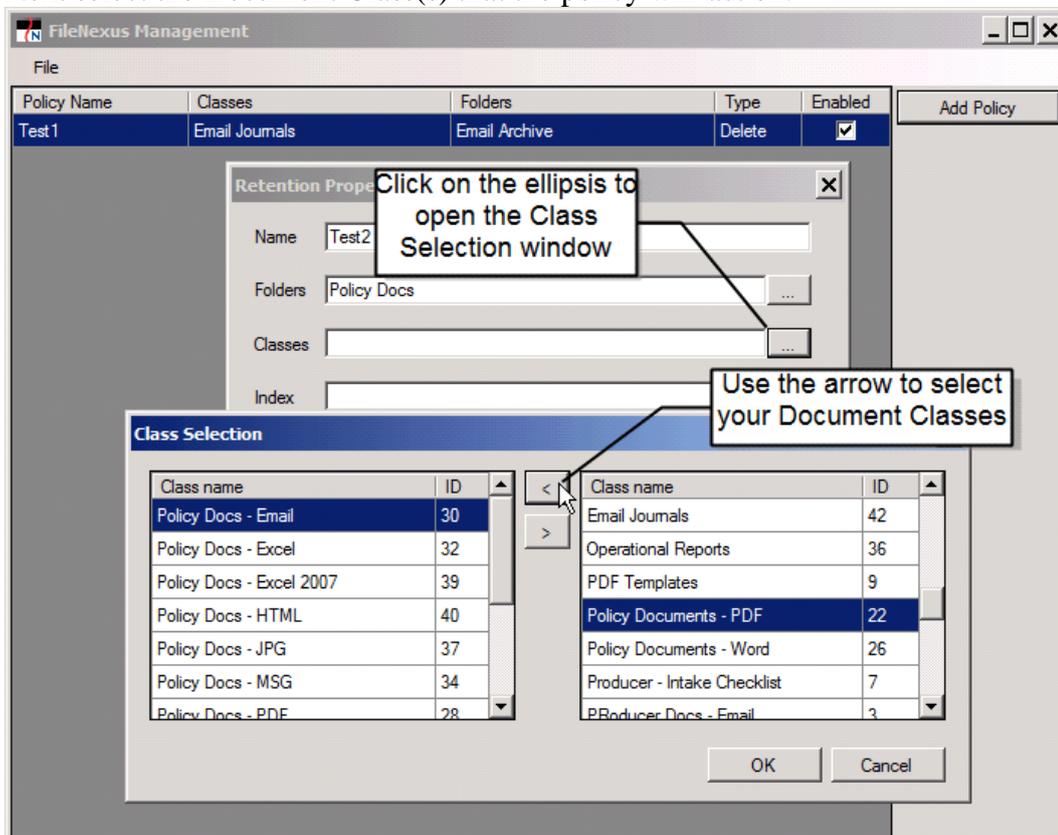


Enter a name for the new policy you are creating.

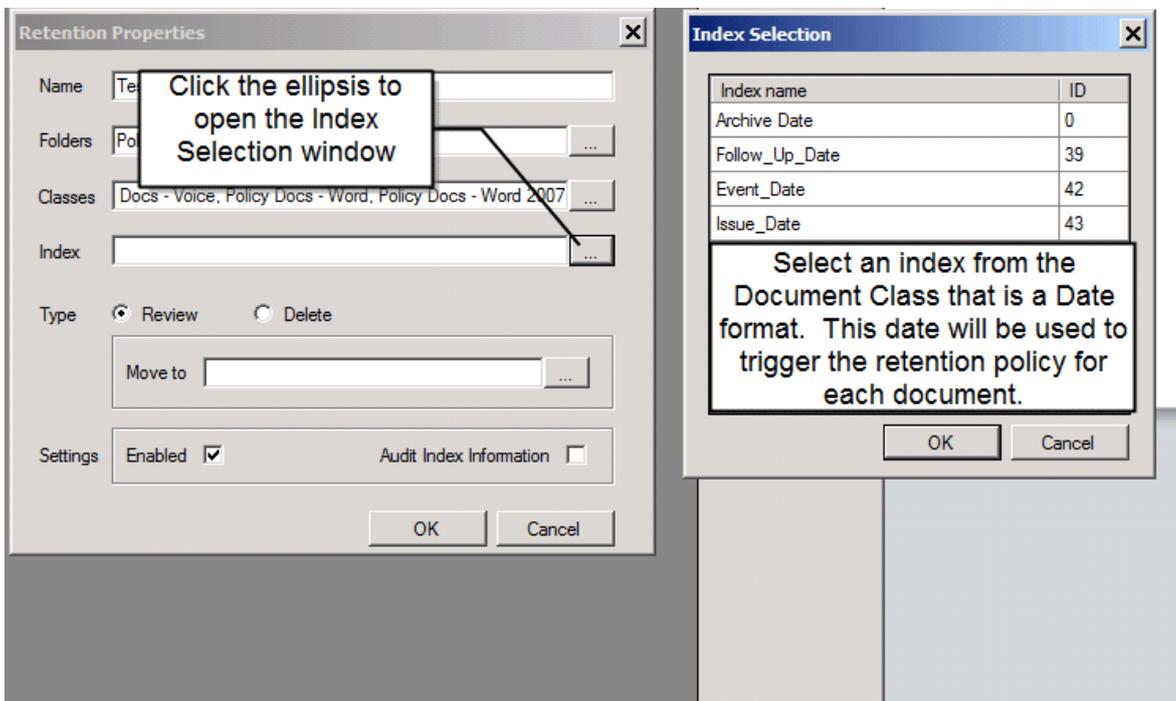
Each policy will act on a defined folder or set of folders and document class(s). First, select the folder(s).



Next select the Document Class(s) that the policy will act on.



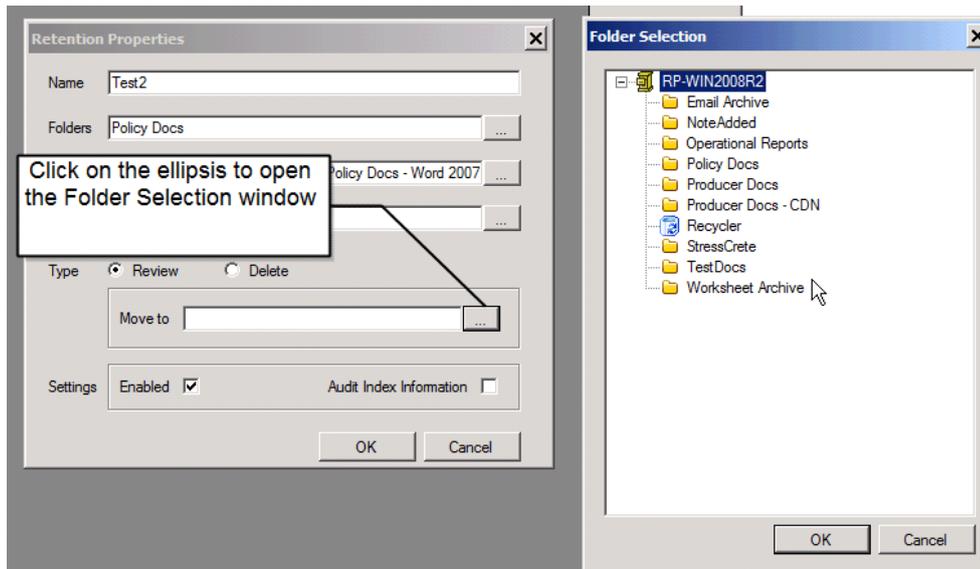
Each Retention Rule will apply to a specific date index value. Use the Index Selection window to choose the appropriate index to work with. Click on the Index Name and the click “OK” to proceed.



The policy Type radio buttons give two processing options:

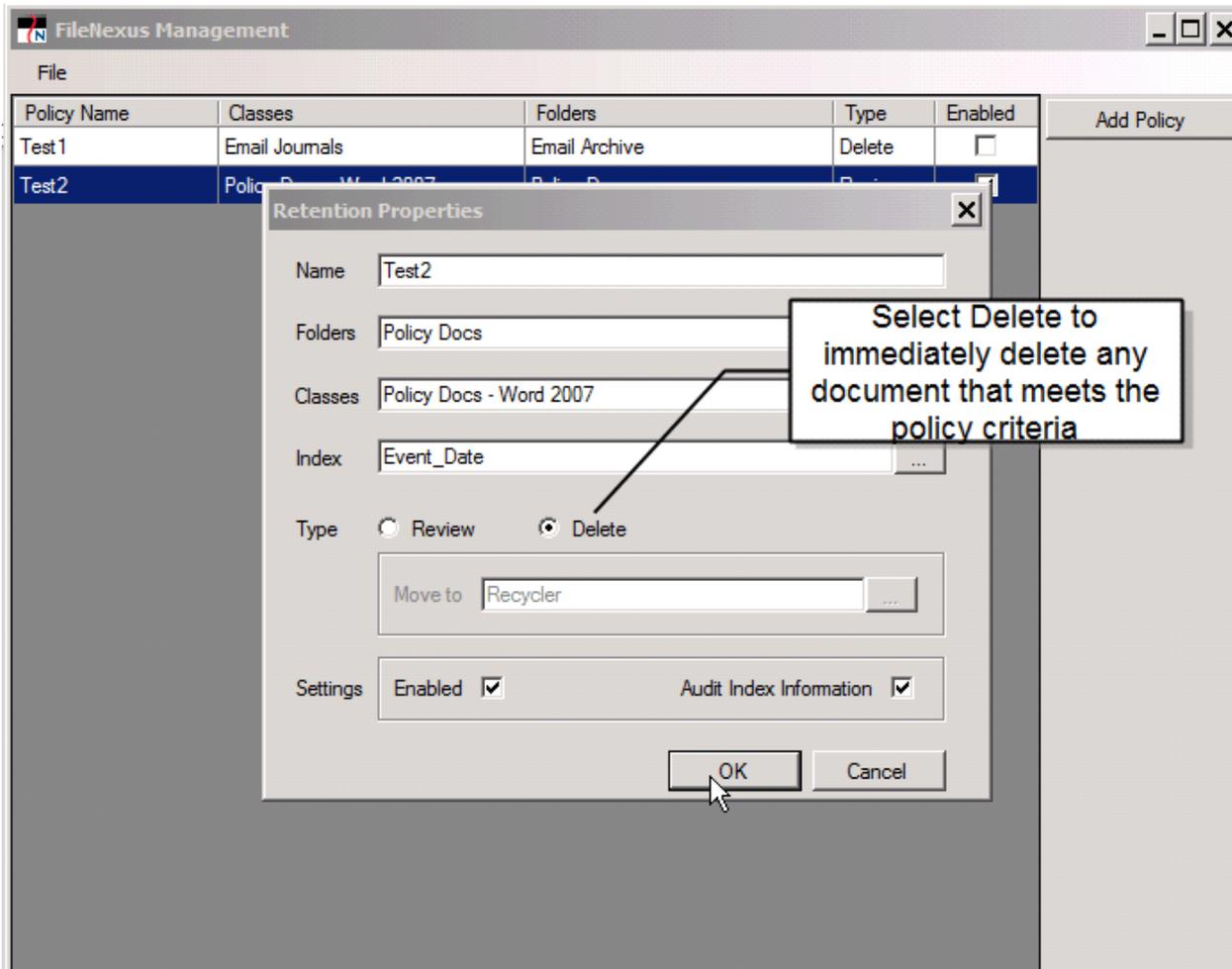
- Review - moves the matching documents to a separate folder that you define in the Move To window
- Delete – logical deletes the record from the FileNexus database

Review

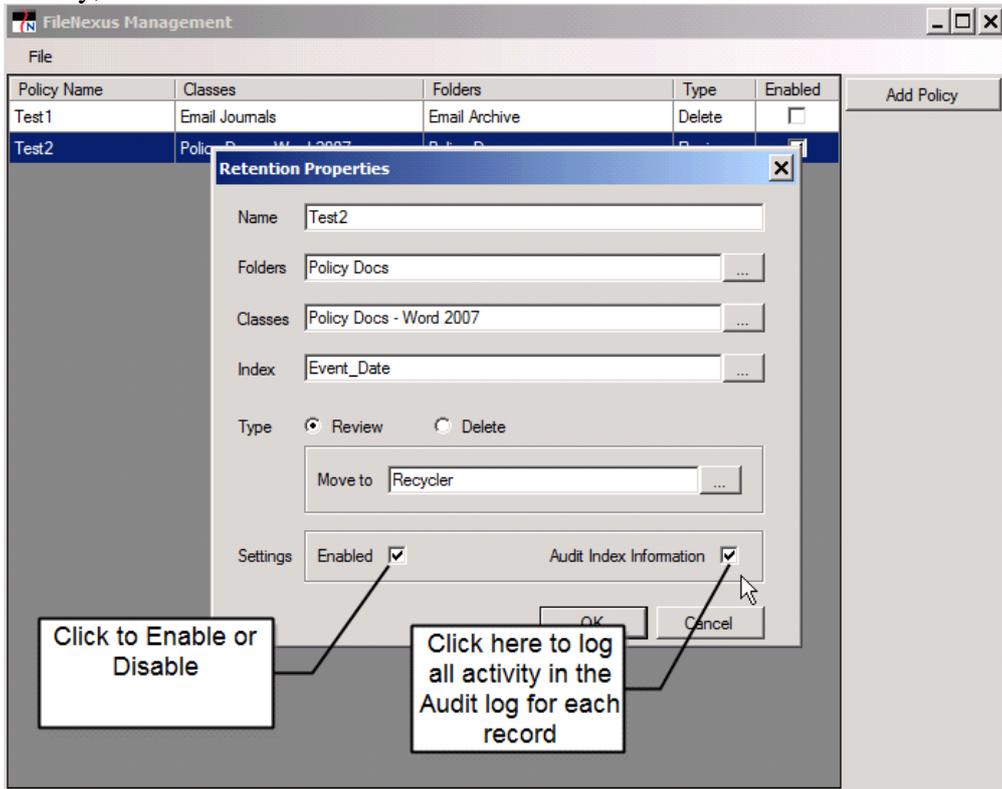


Click on a Folder name in the Folder Selection window, then click “OK”.

Delete

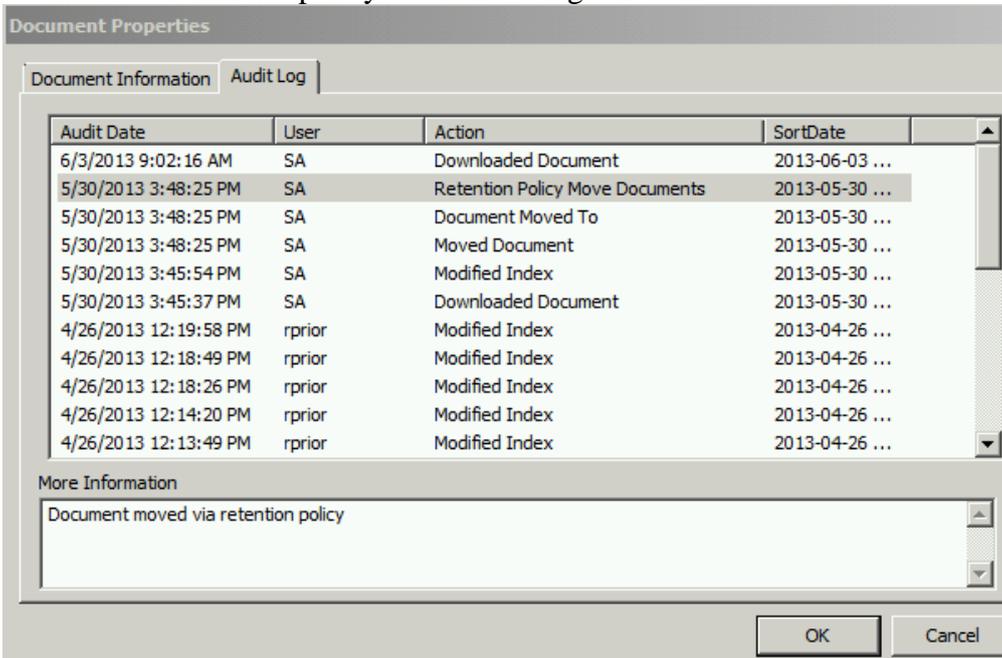


Finally, check or uncheck the Enabled and Audit Index Information check boxes as appropriate.



Enabled – when checked, the retention policy is active

Audit Index Information – when checked, this will create an audit log record for each record that fits the defined criteria for the policy. The Audit log will show that the document was moved to a new folder.



Click “OK” and the retention policy is set up.

FileNexus Management

File

Policy Name	Classes	Folders	Type	Enabled	
Test1	Email Journals	Email Archive	Delete	<input type="checkbox"/>	Add Policy
Test2	Policy Docs - Email, Policy Docs ...	Policy Docs, Worksheet Archive	Review	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	

Retention Policy Options

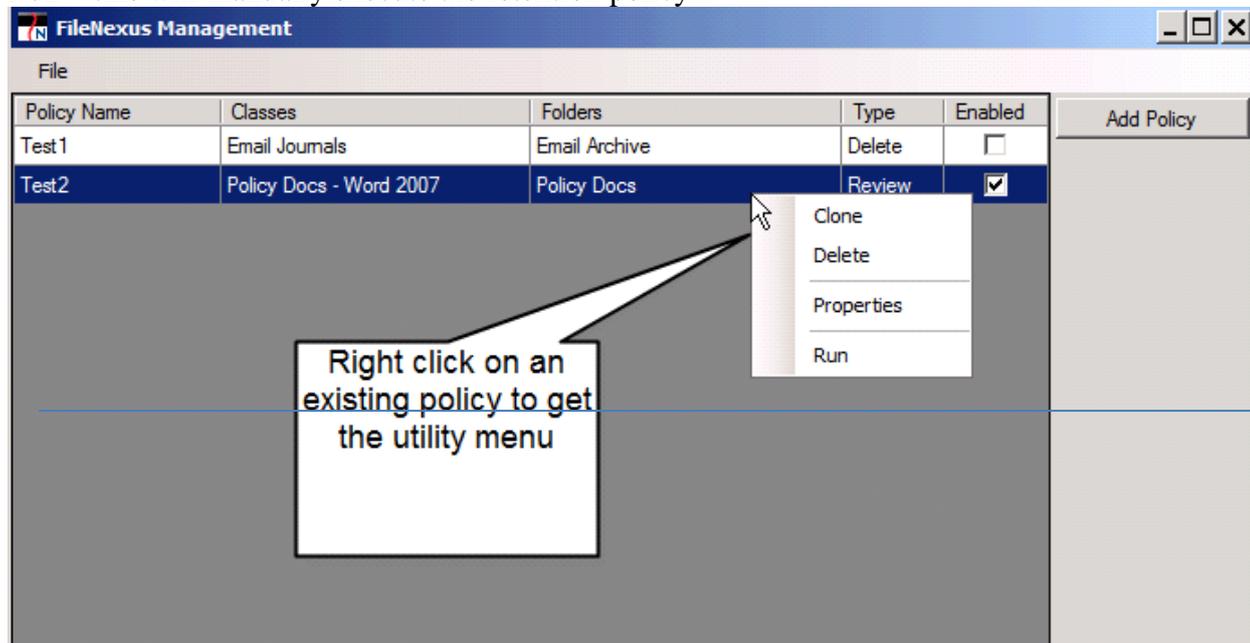
To review, update or execute a retention policy, select a policy from the Management window and right click to get an options menu. The available actions are:

Clone – Copies the selected retention policy into a new policy entry with the same settings

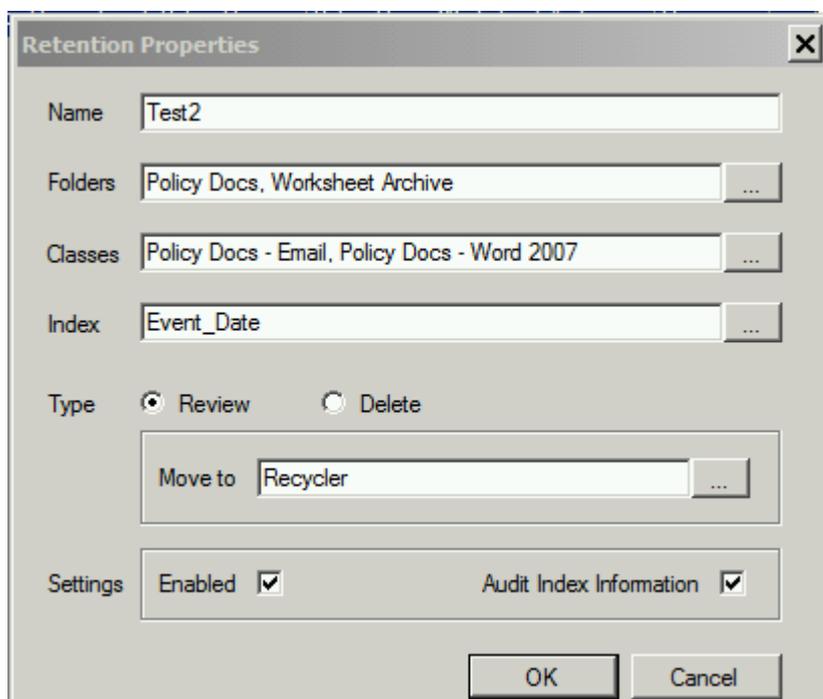
Delete – this will remove the policy

Properties – this will allow you to review and update the policy settings

Run – this will manually execute the retention policy



Select Properties on policy Test2 to see the set up options:



In this example, policy Test2 is set up and enabled. When executed, it will search for all “Policy Docs - Email” and “Policy Docs – Word 2007” documents contained in the “Policy Docs” and “Worksheet Archive” folders. When the Event_Date index value is less than or equal to the current date, the document will be moved to the Recycler folder. An audit trail record will be created to show the document move.

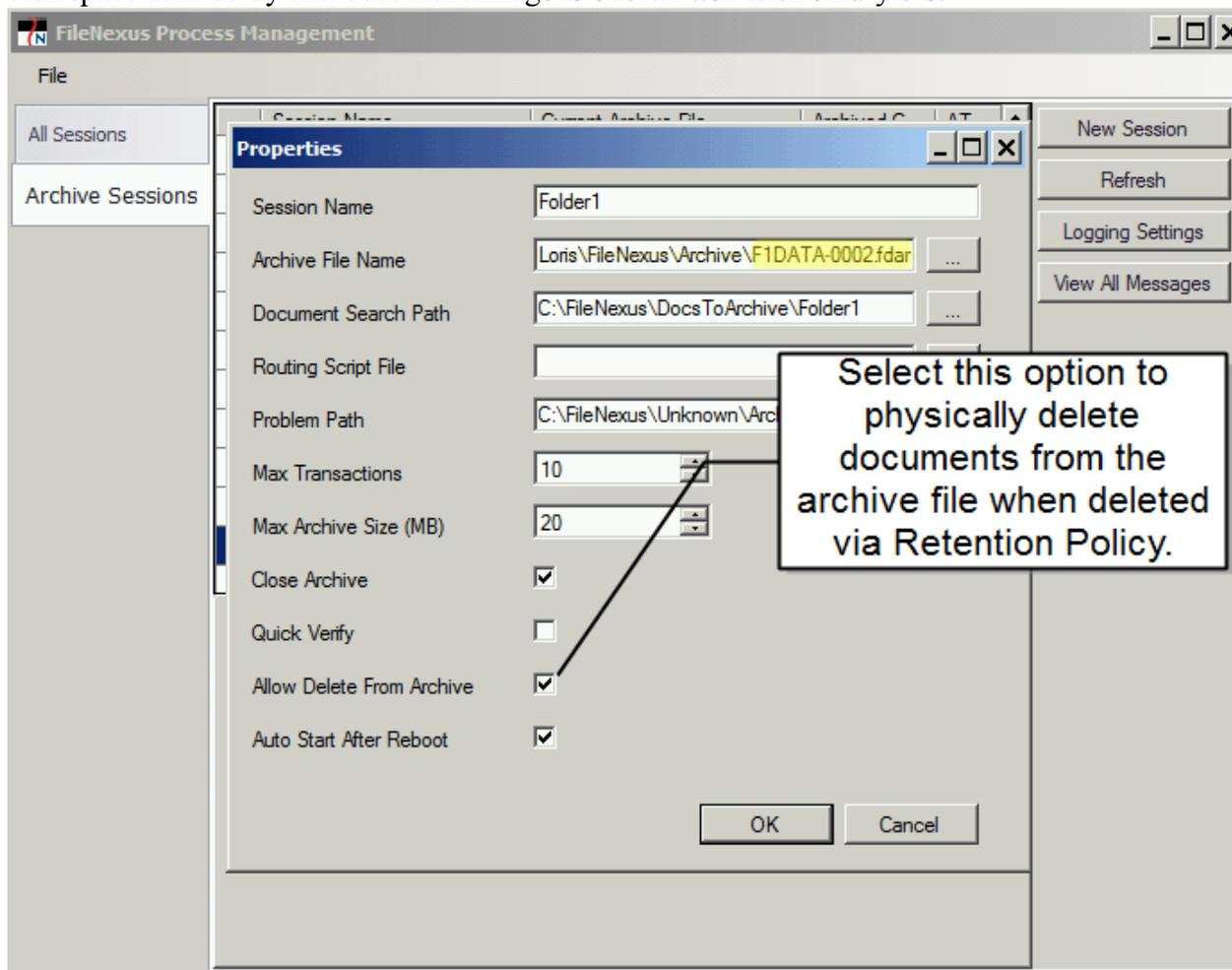
By default the Enabled Retention Policies are executed once per day during off hours. Individual policies can be executed manually on an as needed basis.

Deleting Documents

When a Retention Policy is configured to delete the matching documents, the document entry is removed from the database which makes the document inaccessible under the normal search criteria. The physical document still resides in the archive however.

In order to physically delete the document as well, change the settings through Archive Management. For any archive session that you may want the documents physically deleted, select the Properties and check the Allow Delete from Archive box. You will also need to be sure to create a new Archive file that will carry the .fdar extension. This represents an archive file that will have data “deleted”.

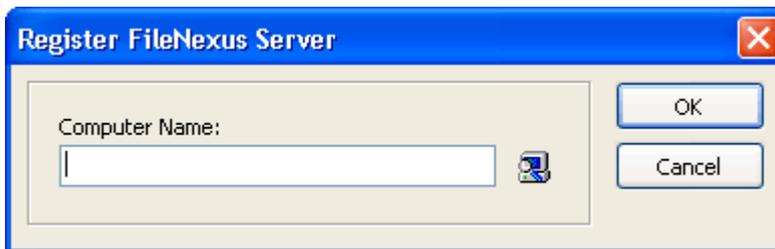
Note that deleting these documents from the archive file will not free up any disk space. Instead, the disk space utilized by that document image is overwritten with binary 0's.



Click “OK” and restart the archive session.

Overview

If you choose to install FileNexus Management tools on a machine that is not the FileNexus Server, you will need to register the server on the workstation. If you right-click on the FileNexus Management icon, select **Register Server**.

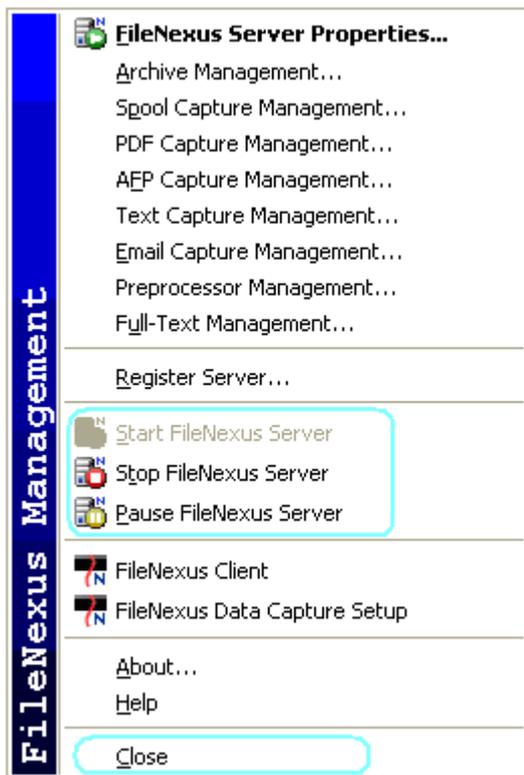


When the window appears, enter the name of the FileNexus Server in the Computer Name edit box, or the IP address of the FileNexus Server you wish to manage and hit **OK**. If you only use the FileNexus Management tools on the same server that FileNexus resides on, you will not need to register the server.

Starting, Stopping, and Pausing FileNexus

At times you will need to start, stop or pause FileNexus. The simplest way to perform these tasks is to right-click on the FileNexus Management icon in your system tray and select the appropriate option.

Caution: Before you "Close" the "FileNexus Manager" you should always stop the FileNexus Server.



Closing the FileNexus Manager alone will NOT stop any FileNexus archive or capture sessions.

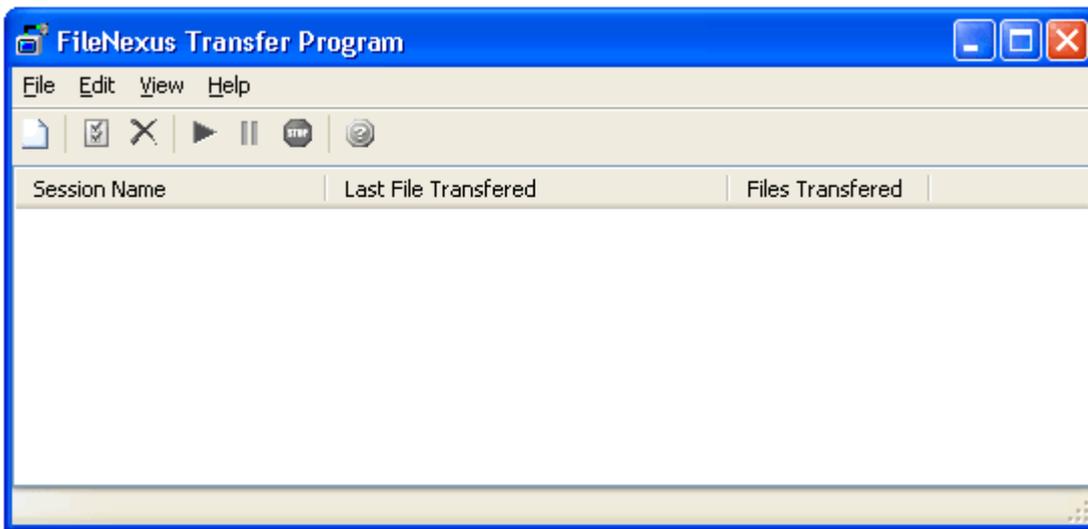
FileNexus File Transfer Program

The FileNexus Transfer Program was designed to transfer documents to the FileNexus server without creating any shares on the server. Another benefit of using the FileNexus Transfer Program is that there is no user intervention needed to transfer documents.

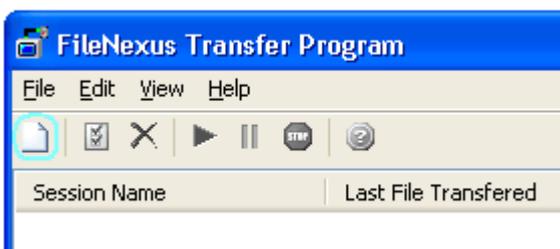
To start the program, click on the FileNexus File Transfer Program (FTP) icon located in the FileNexus folder.



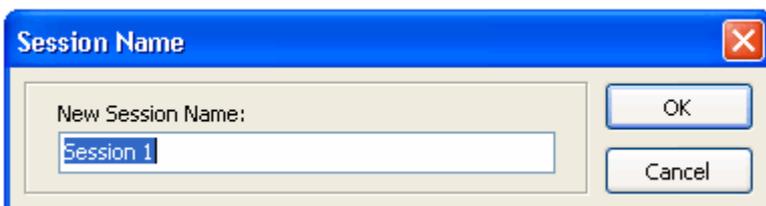
After you have started the application, a window will appear like the one below.



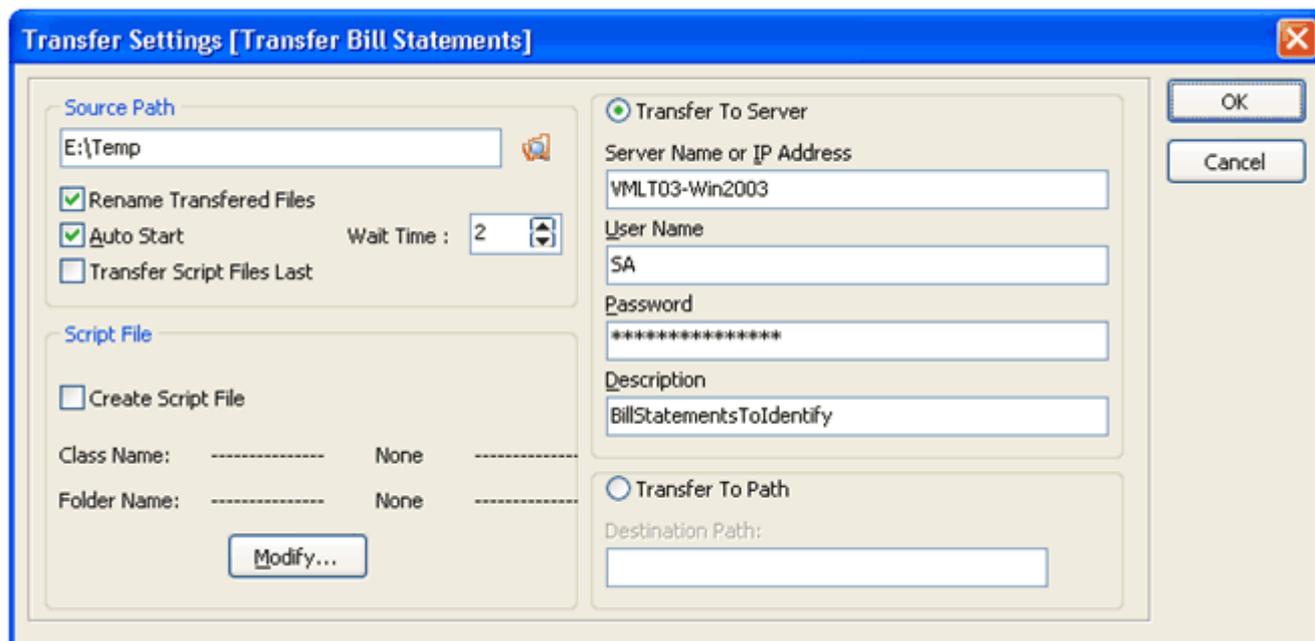
To create a new FTP session, you will need to click on the File menu and click on the **New** icon or select **New** from the File menu.



A **Session Name** dialog will open similar to the one below.



Rename the session to something that is meaningful so that if you have several sessions running, you will be able to distinguish between the functions of each session more easily and make changes if necessary. After selecting a session name, hit **OK**. After you have clicked the **OK** button, the Transfer Settings window will appear.



Source Path

The location of the files to be transferred.

Rename Transferred Files

Renames the files after they have been transferred ensuring unique file names in the destination folder.

Auto Start

Automatically starts the FileNexus Transfer Program session after the PC has been started.

Transfer Script Files Last

If you are transferring both the data (.tiff, .pdf, .txt, etc.) file and the script file (.NXS) to the FileNexus Server, you should transfer the .NXS script file last. This is to prevent any FileNexus processes running that monitor the destination folder for the files from complaining that the data file associated with an .NXS cannot be found.

Create Script File

If this option is selected when the FTP Session transfers a file, an .NXS file will be automatically created to accompany the data file. This may be helpful if the indexes for the data file need to be updated through the use of a custom VB Script running through a Preprocessor or Archive Session on the FileNexus Server.

Transfer To Server

Select this option if you do not wish to set up a share on the FileNexus Server as the destination folder for transferred documents.

Server Name or IP Address

Enter the Server Computer Name or IP Address of your FileNexus Server.

User Name

Enter a FileNexus user name.

Password

Enter the user's FileNexus password.

Description

By entering a "description" in the provided edit box, the FTP Session will push the documents to a predefined path on the FileNexus Server. A FileNexus Administrator can set up the path on the FileNexus Server that corresponds to the *Description* value on the FileNexus Server. For more information on how to set up a *Description Path*, refer to the [Description Paths](#) section under [FileNexus Server Properties](#).

Transfer To Path

This option can be selected if you do not wish to use the Transfer to Server option. If you use this option, then the files will be transferred to the path specified. You may need to create a share on the FileNexus Server if you employ this method of transfer.

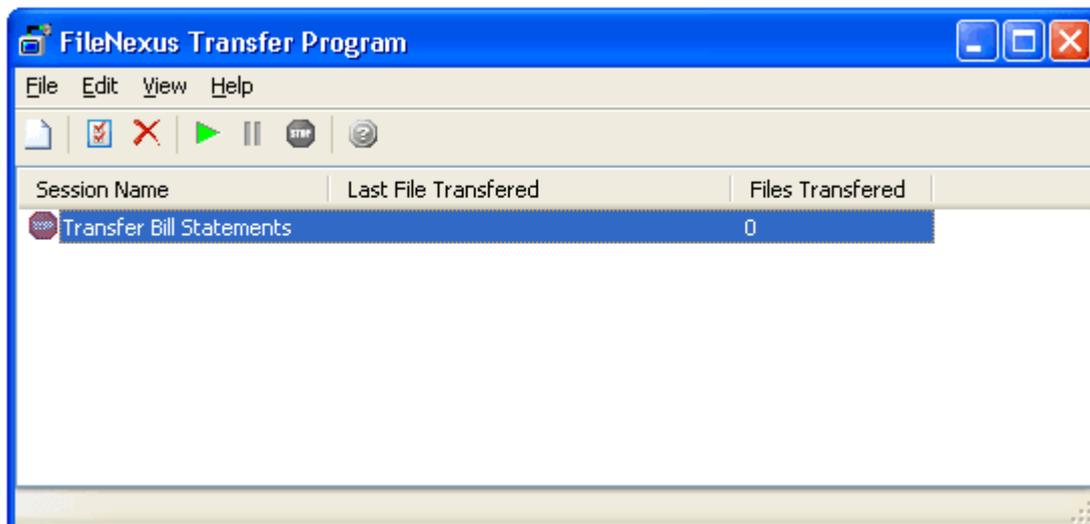
Starting and Stopping the FTP program

Starting and Stopping the FTP program

Once you have created an FTP session, it will be necessary to be able to start and/or stop it.

Starting

To start the session, simply highlight the session name and click on the green arrow to start it. Or, you can right-click the session name and select the Start option from the pop-up menu.



Stopping

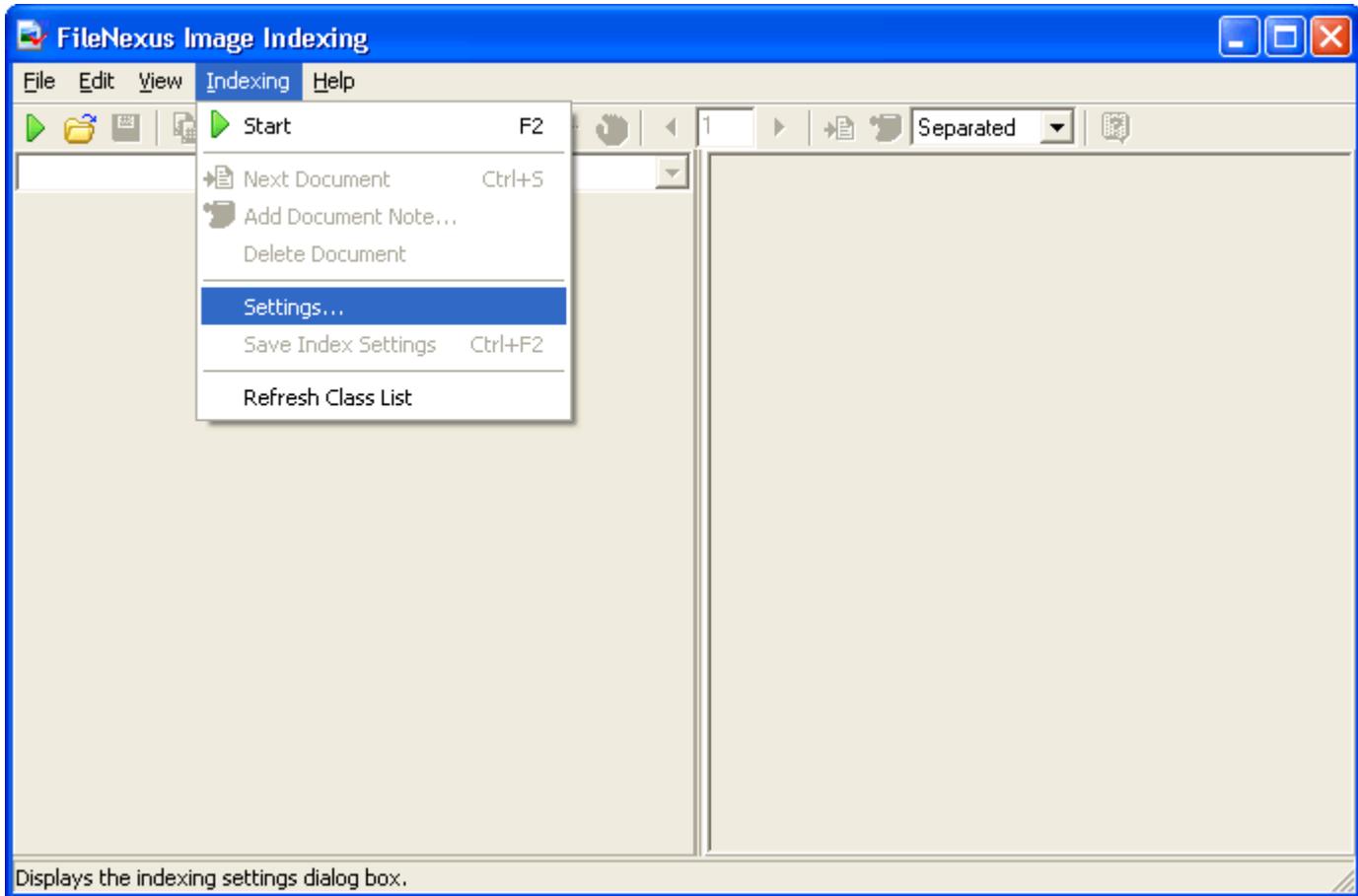
To stop the session, simply highlight the session name and click on the red stop sign. Or, you can right-click the session name and select the Stop option from the pop-up menu.

Overview

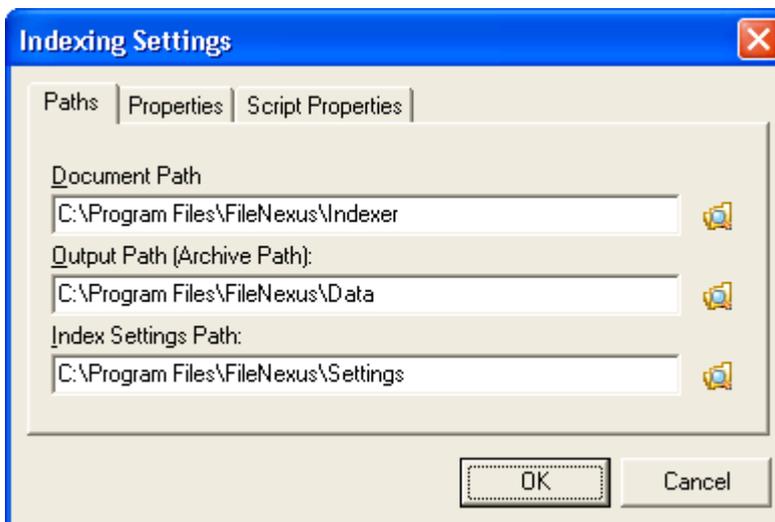
After you have scanned in one or more batches of documents, you can use the FileNexus Image Indexer to enter index values to documents and prepare them for archival. The benefit of using the FileNexus Image Indexer is that you can index documents that were scanned with or without barcode separators. Also, when you are inputting index values, the Indexer shows only the relevant portions of the scanned image. This application is an efficient and fast method of adding manual indexes to scanned documents.

Indexer Setup

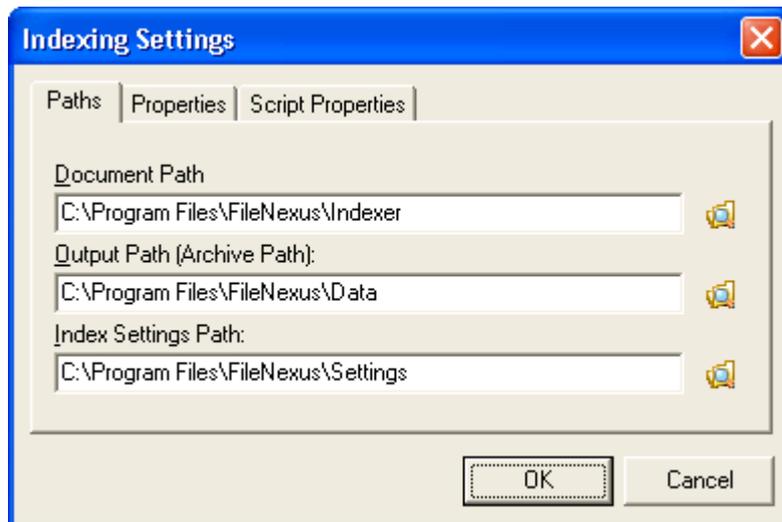
To index documents that were scanned in the FileNexus Scan Station program or somehow produced by a FileNexus application, start the FileNexus Image Indexer program by going to Start → Programs → FileNexus → FileNexus Image Indexer.



If this is the first time that you are using the **Indexer**, select **Settings** from the **View** menu as shown in the above image. The **Indexing Settings** window will appear.



Paths Tab



Document Path

The document path refers to the directory on your network that contains images waiting to be indexed. When you start the Indexer, it will look in this directory for available image files (Tiff files). If the Indexer finds any image files, it will display them to you and allow you to enter index values for the documents.

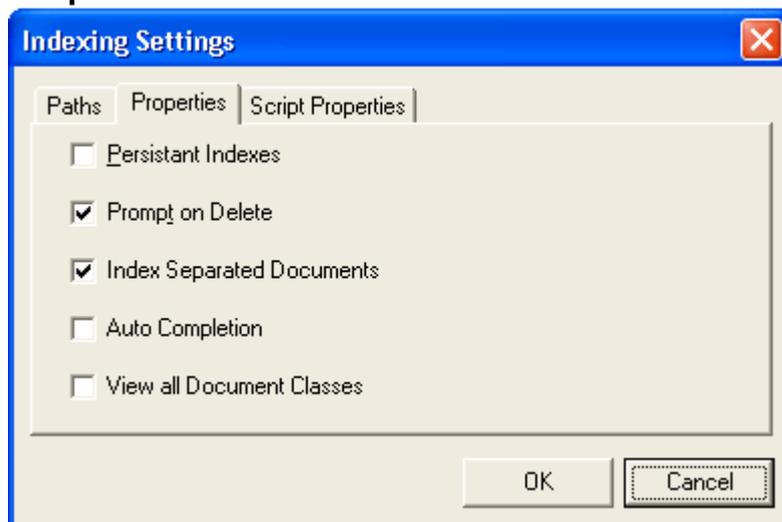
Output Path

The output path refers to the directory that FileNexus will move image documents into after they have been indexed. This is probably a directory that an **Archive Session** monitors. When indexed documents are placed into this directory, they will then be archived into FileNexus.

Index Settings Path

This is the directory which contains the settings (document path, archive path etc.) for the Image Indexing program.

Properties Tab



Persistent Indexes

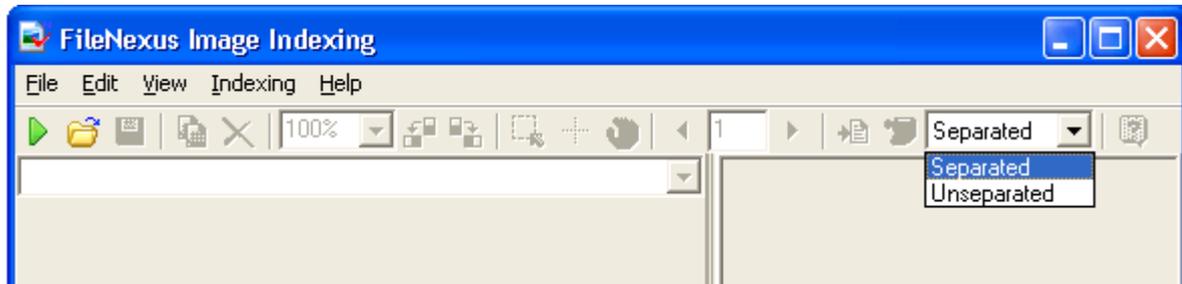
Check this box if you want FileNexus to display the index values entered for the previous document. This can speed up data entry if you have many documents that use the same or similar index values.

Prompt on Delete

Check this box if you want FileNexus to display a warning message before it lets you delete a page.

Index Separated Documents

Check this box if the image files you are indexing have been scanned in as separated documents. Alternatively, you can let the Image Indexer know what type of files are going to be indexed by setting the **Document Mode** by selecting **Separated** or **Unseparated** from the pull-down menu.



Document Mode

Separated

Use this mode to index documents that were batch scanned using barcode separators. When you index these documents, the FileNexus Image Indexer will display only the first page of each document. It's a good idea to use barcode separators when you are batch scanning long (multi-page) documents.

Unseparated

Use this mode for documents that were batch scanned without using barcode separators. When you index these documents, the FileNexus Image Indexer will show you every single page in a document. If you leave all index values the same, FileNexus will assume that you are viewing a page of the same multi-page document. If you change any of the index values, FileNexus will consider the current page as the first page of the next document.

Auto Completion

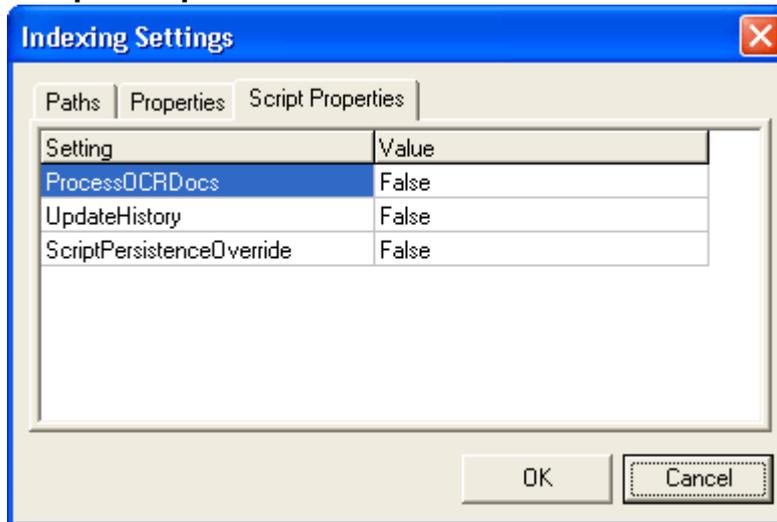
If you check this option, FileNexus will record index entries and when an index is filled in that was previously entered on another document, FileNexus will auto-populate other index values based on a lookup into its own record log. For example, if you enter a Vendor ID index, if this Vendor ID has been previously entered for another document of the same document class, the Vendor Name, Address, and other information may automatically get filled in.

NOTE: This option should only be checked if all of the indexes for a document in a given document class remain consistent. Do not, for example, check this option if you want to enter in a Vendor ID to populate only the Vendor Name and wish to fill in other indexes manually like invoice amount, invoice date, etc.

View All Document Classes

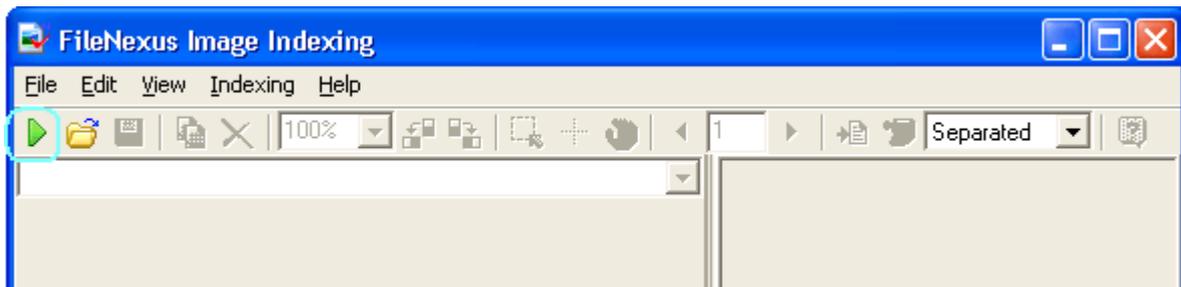
Check this option if you wish to be able to select all of the defined document classes within FileNexus regardless if all of the documents for a class have been placed in the Recycle bin (not permanently deleted) because they have been deemed obsolete or unnecessary by your organization.

Script Properties Tab



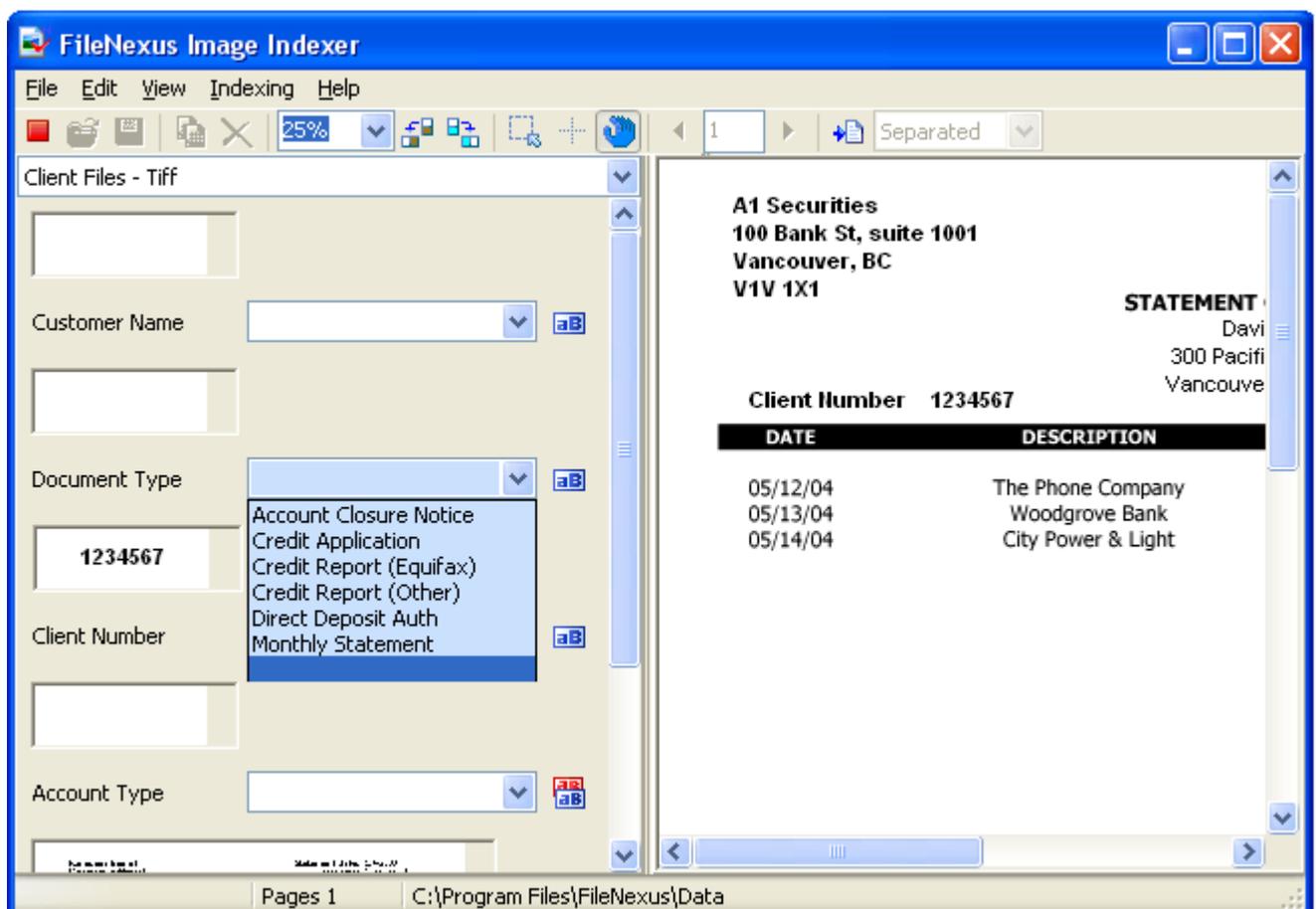
The **Script Properties** tab is in place to allow for advanced indexing functionality. There is a VB Script that can be modified by your organization's developers or customized as a Professional Service by a Loris developer if you require specific functionality within the Image Indexing program.

Start Indexing



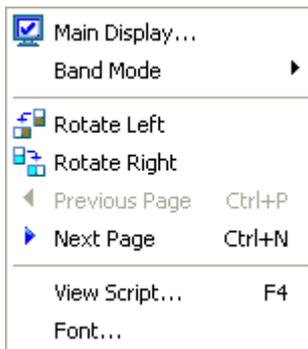
To start indexing documents, click on the green arrow icon as shown above. Once the indexing process has started, the Indexer will retrieve scanned image files from the *Document Path* directory configured in the *Indexing* → *Settings* menu.

On the right hand side of the screen, you will see the first page of the image. On the left data entry boxes and image windows appear for each index for the document class. Any index that is set up with an input pick-list will appear highlighted in blue, as seen in the image below for the “Document Type” index.



For highlighted or input pick-list indexes, simply click the drop down and select the desired input value from the list provided. If the input list does not seem correct, contact your FileNexus Administrator.

Changing the Font

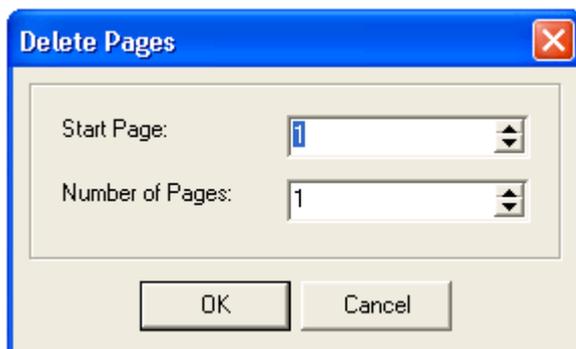


If you wish to change the index input font, select **Font** from the **View** menu. A dialog box will appear to allow you to select the font type, style, and size. This will allow you to change the default **Font** that FileNexus will use when you are entering Index values. A larger font may be easier on your eyes if you are indexing a large number of documents.

Edit Menu

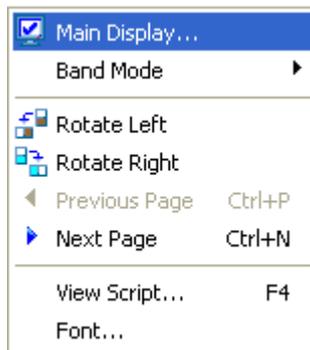


From the edit menu, you can delete a page of the current document. By selecting **Delete Page** you can specify the page number of the document to start from and the number of pages to remove, as in the below window.



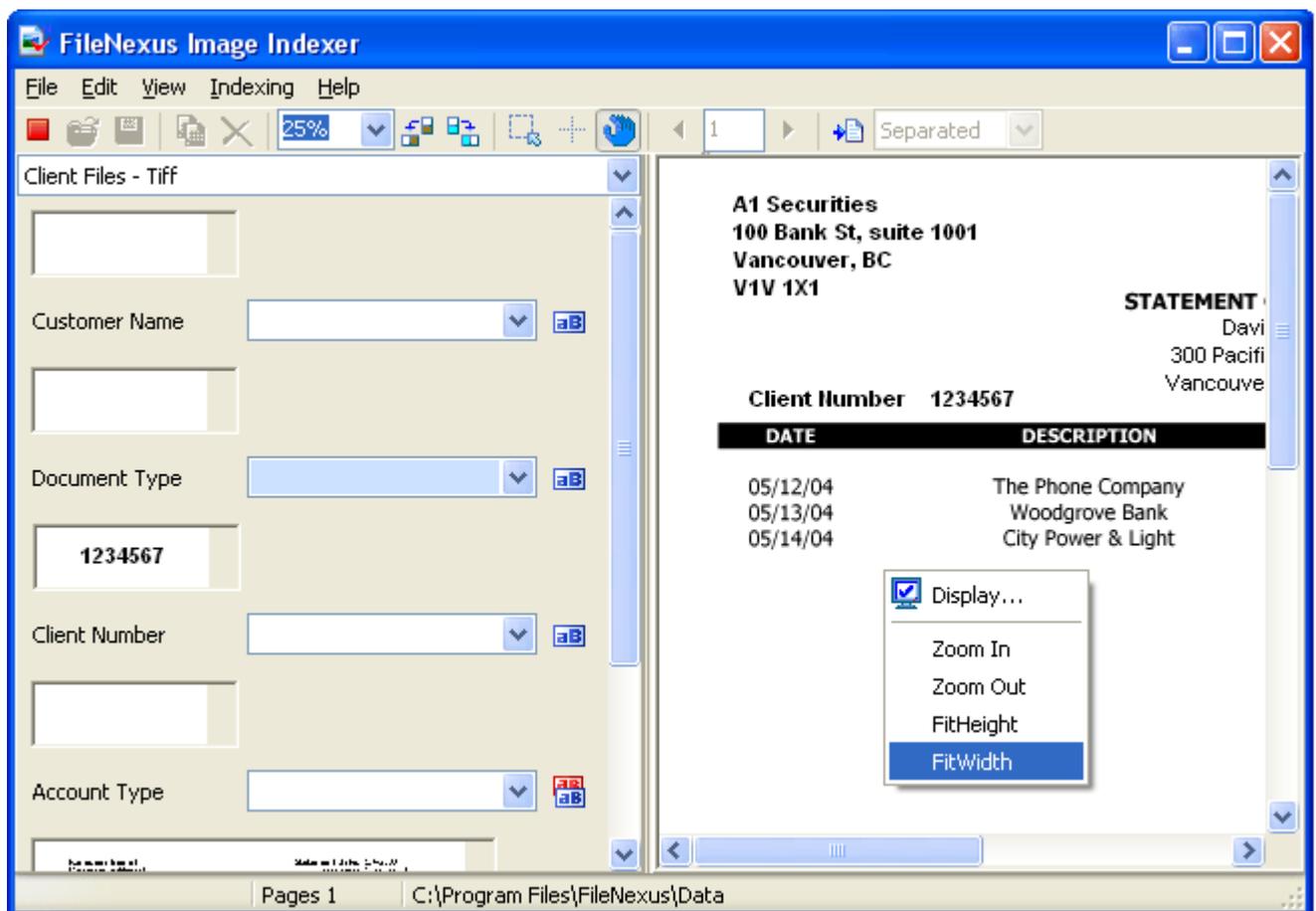
By default, the Delete Page option will delete the current page of the current document.

View Menu



You can use the **View** menu to navigate through pages in the current document by selecting **Next Page** or to rotate your document plus or minus 90 degrees, using **Rotate Left** or **Rotate Right**. When you are indexing, it is useful to be able to see the second or subsequent pages in a document. This way, even if someone scanned the pages out of order (the second page was scanned first), you will still be able verify the index values on other pages for data entry. From this menu, you can also select **Zoom** mode, **Select** mode or **Pan** mode under **Band Mode**. And as previously mentioned you can also edit your default input font from the **View** menu.

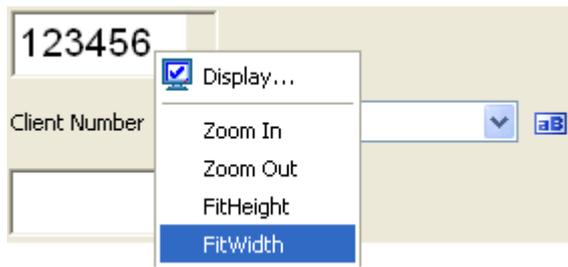
Changing the Page View



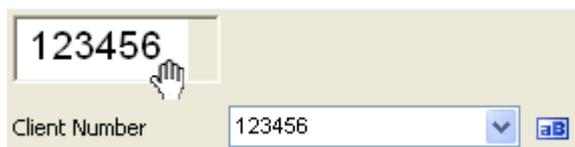
To change the way the Indexer displays the document on the right hand side of the screen, right-click on the image. A pop-up menu will appear (as shown above). You can use the items on this menu to resize and move the image's position on the screen.

Changing the Index View

Right clicking on the index image will cause a pop-up menu to appear. From this menu, you can resize the image or change its display properties (grey scale, zoom level, etc.)



To move the image left or right, select the pan mode tool (a hand) from the toolbar. While in pan mode, your cursor will appear in the shape of a hand (as shown in the image below). Hold your left mouse button down and the image will move in the same direction that you move your mouse.



To zoom in on the image, select the Zoom tool from the toolbar (it looks like an open box). While in Zoom mode, you can zoom in on part of the image by drawing a box around it. To draw the zoom box, hold your left mouse button down and move your mouse.



To resize the image box, move your mouse to the edge of the image. When the cursor changes to a double arrow, you can resize the image box by holding the left mouse button down and moving your mouse to the left or right.



OCR Overview

The OCR (optical character recognition) station is used to convert scanned documents into readable text. In many cases this can reduce or eliminate the need for manually typing index values. Simply show FileNexus a sample document and highlight the areas that are to be recognized. Then associate these areas with the appropriate indexes. Now, when this type of document is scanned in FileNexus, it will automatically "key in" the appropriate index values for you.

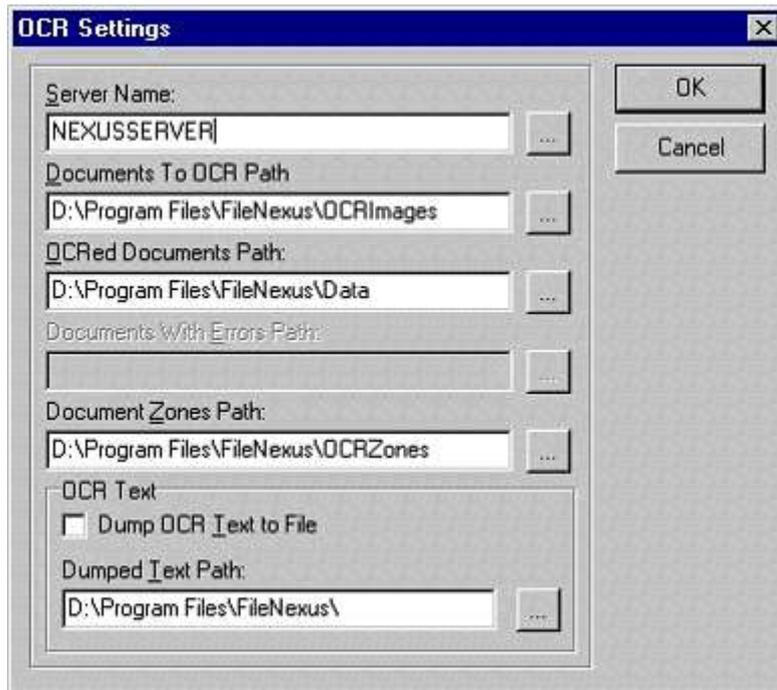
FileNexus is also capable of ICR (intelligent character recognition). ICR is useful for recognizing hand-printed documents such as loan applications, etc.

With the addition of the OCR module, FileNexus can recognize check marks or X's that have been placed or written on your document. This is great for multiple choice tests, surveys, etc.

Setting up the OCR station



From the Indexing Menu, select OCR Settings.



Server Name

This is the name or IP address of your FileNexus server.

Documents to OCR Path

This is the directory that the OCR program will monitor. When it sees documents placed into this directory, it will attempt to run the OCR program on them. Make sure that you set your Image Output Directory (in the FileNexus Scanning program) to this directory for all document classes that you want to OCR.

OCRed Documents Path

After the FileNexus OCR program has indexed your documents, it will place them into this directory. Generally, this will be the directory that the FileNexus Indexer program gets its documents from. You can then verify your documents in the Indexer. If you do not want to perform any verification (not recommended), you can set the OCRed Documents Path to a directory that is being monitored by the FileNexus Auto Archive program. This means that your documents will be archived immediately with no verification.

Document Zones Path

This directory stores the zone information that you set-up for your different document classes.

Dump OCR Text to File

Check this box if you want all of the OCR text to be written to a file.

Dumped Text Path

This is the directory that will contain text found in OCRed Zones.

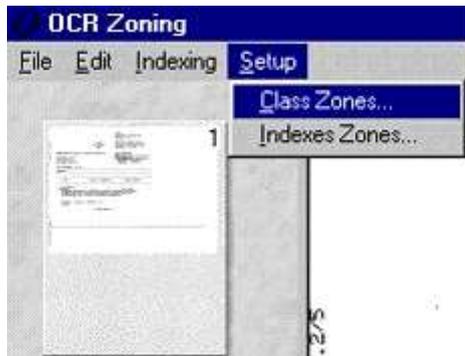
Setting up a Document Class for OCR Indexing

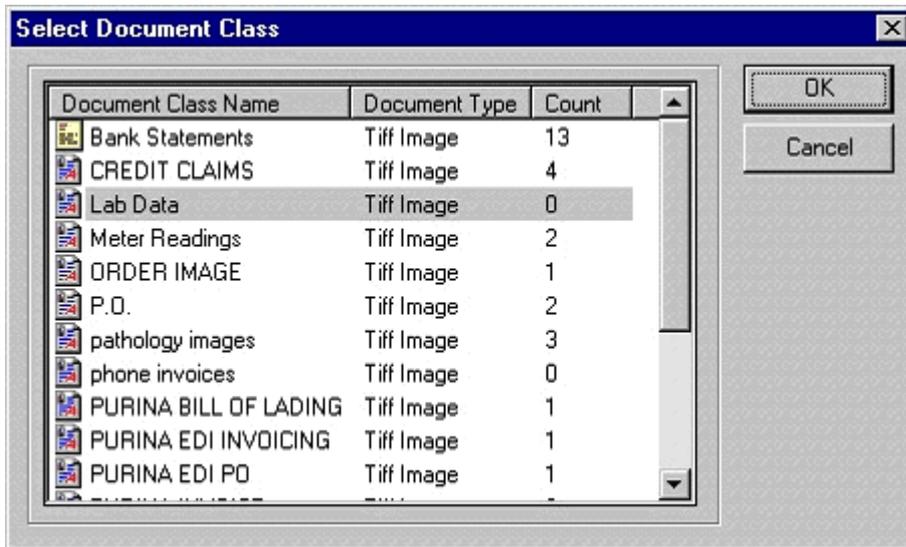
Setting up a Document Class for OCR indexing

1. Start the FileNexus OCR program.
2. From the File Menu, select Open Image to open a sample of your image file.



3. From the Setup Menu, select your document class.





1. Select the zones that you want to be recognized by using your mouse to draw boxes around them.

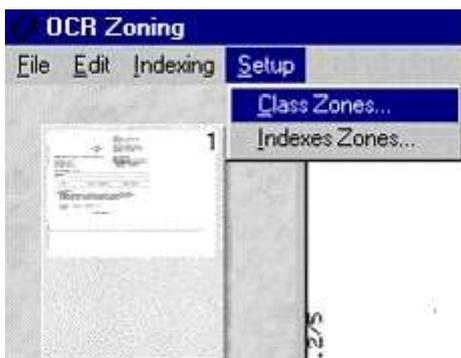


2. When you are setting up zones, the zone closest to the top of the page should be zone 1, the next closest zone should be zone 2, etc. If two or more zones are on the same line, the zone closer to the right hand side of the page should have a higher zone number. For example, if zone 3 and zone 4 were both on the same line, zone 4 should be closer to the right hand side of the page than zone 3. If your zones do not match this numbering scheme, use the zone reorder button.

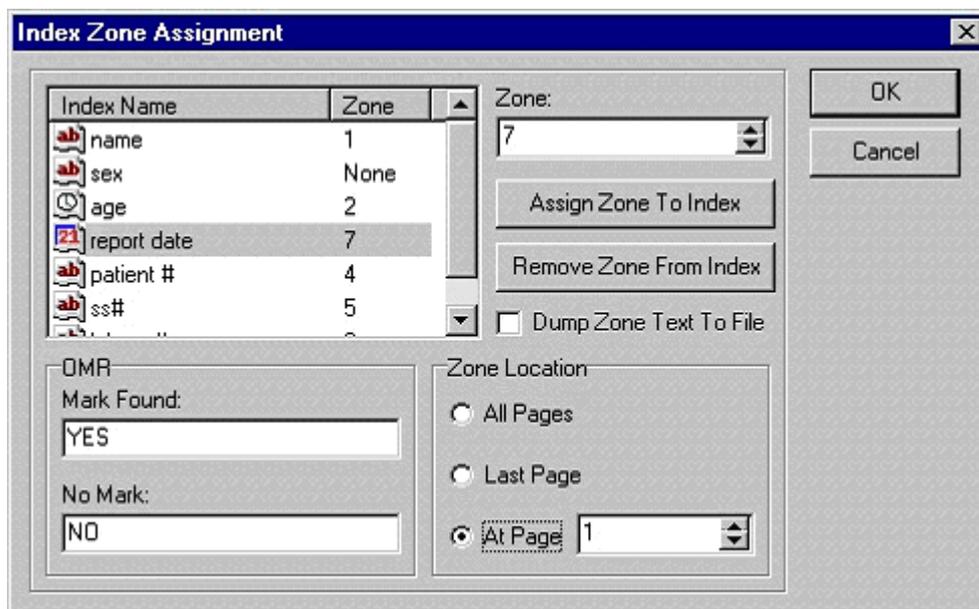


To reorder your zones, click on the zone reorder button then click on the zone that you want to change.

3. Now it's time to associate your zones with the appropriate indexes. From the Setup menu, select Index Zones.



4. In the Index Zone Assignment window, you will see a list of indexes available for this document class. Next to each index name is the zone number that it is currently associated with. To change the zone assigned to an index, highlight the index and then click on Remove Zone From Index. Now, you will notice that the zone associated with the index is None. Highlight the index once more, then in the Zone Box, you can change the zone's number. Click on the Assign Zone To Index button and the current zone number will be assigned to the highlighted index.



Dump Zone Text to File

If you want the text in a zone to be written to a text file, check this box. This is useful when you want FileNexus to "strip" data out of paper based reports and be able to use the data in other applications (such as spreadsheets, database programs, etc.).

OMR - Optical Mark Recognition

Mark Found - If the OMR engine determines that a mark was in the zone, the value typed into this box will be placed into your index.

No Mark - If the OMR engine determines that no mark was in the zone, the value typed into this box will be placed into your index.

In the above example - boxes that are checked will result in YES index values, while boxes that are unchecked will result in NO index values.

Zone Location

All Pages - If the zone appears on every page, check this box.

Last Page - If the zone only appears on the last page of your documents, then check this box.

At Page - If the zone appears on a specific page (like page 1), then select this box and input the appropriate page number.

5. After your zones have been assigned to indexes, click on the **OK** button.

OCR Tool Bar

Setting the zones types

-  Depress this button for zones that contain flowing text (this is the default setting).
-  Depress this button for zones that contain tables.
-  Depress this button for zones that contain images (this setting is not currently used in FileNexus).
-  Depress this button for zones that contain regular text, numbers or symbols.
-  Depress this button for zones that contain text created by a 9-pin dot matrix printer.
-  Depress this button for OMR (check box) zones.
-  Depress this button for zones that contain handwriting.
-   Depress the first button for zones that contain numbers and dots. Select the second button for zones that contain numbers and dashes.

Manipulating the zones

-  Click on this button to remove all zones.
-  Depress this button to reorder your zones. When the button is depressed, you can click on a zone with your mouse to reorder it.

Manipulating the image

-  Click on the fit to height button if you want to be able to see both the top and bottom of your image at once.
-  Click on the fit to width button if you want to be able to see both the left and right sides of your image at once.
-  Click on the rotational buttons to rotate your image.
-  Click on the gray scale button to toggle between Gray scale and Black & White modes.
-  Click on this button to enable or disable the overview window. The overview menu is useful when you have zoomed and want to know what section of the image you are looking at without having to zoom out of the image.



Use these buttons to navigate through multi-page documents.

Starting the OCR Station

To start the OCR program, select Start OCR indexing from the Indexing menu.



The OCR window will disappear and an OCR icon  will be present in the bottom right hand corner of your screen. Right-click on the OCR button to stop the OCR process or to change the OCR settings.

Scanning Overview

When you have paper documents that need to be archived, you can use the **FileNexus Scan Station** application. As documents are fed into a scanner, FileNexus will convert them into digital images which can be stored to the electronic media of your choice (CD, hard drive, optical, etc.).

Most of the documents that you scan will be from outside sources. Documents created in-house (on a computer system) can be electronically archived with the FileNexus PC Data Module, thereby eliminating the need for printing and scanning. Of course, if your documents have signatures or handwritten notes, you may want to scan them whether they were generated in-house or not.

There are 3 steps in the basic scan operation:

1. The scan operator selects the type of document (i.e. the Document Class) that is being scanned, like Invoices, Packing Slips, Vendor Quotes, etc.
2. The documents are fed into the scanner and scanned.
3. The images are automatically indexed if they contain barcodes and a host system lookup is conducted by a custom programmed script, or manually indexed using the FileNexus Image Indexer if they do not.

Setting up a scanner for the first time

Step 1

If you have not already done so, install the appropriate Kofax scanner driver. This is the (VRS) software that accompanies your Kofax card (which probably shipped with your scanner). If you are not using a Kofax card but instead have your scanner hooked up to a SCSI card, then you should install the Kofax Adrenaline software.

Step 2

Install any hardware card necessary for your scanner (models 650, 650i, 850, etc.). Ensure when you reboot your PC that the new hardware is detected and not showing any device driver conflicts in the Device Manager.

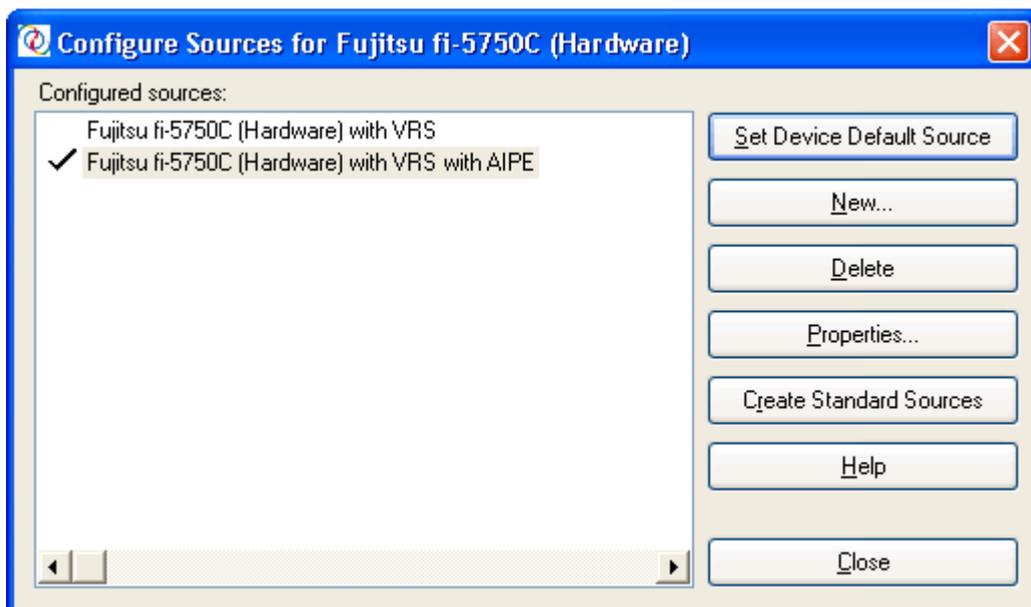
Step 3

Start the Kofax Scan Manager wizard - The icon for the scan manager is found in your Windows Control Panel and should look similar to the icon below, **KSM (32-bit)**.



Step 4

Follow the instructions in the Kofax wizard. When asked for a source name, try to choose something descriptive. You can type in any name you want for the source but you should try to include the make and model number of your scanner and the location of your scanner. Make sure that you choose a source type that supports image processing if you want FileNexus to read barcodes and use image enhancement features (deskew, despeckle, remove lines etc.)



Don't forget to set the scanner as the default source before exiting the KSM Utility.

Step 5

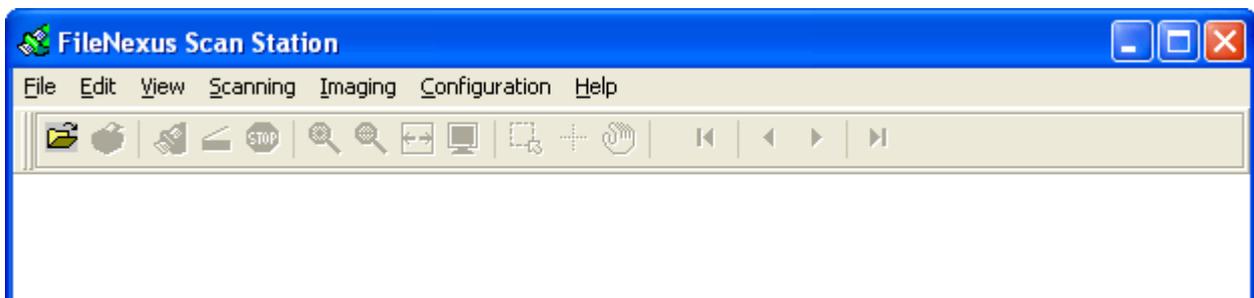
Attach the Scanner to your PC, turn it on, and reboot the PC so that the Scanner is turned on prior to the PC. (This will help the PC detect the scanner hardware is available and ready)

Getting ready to scan

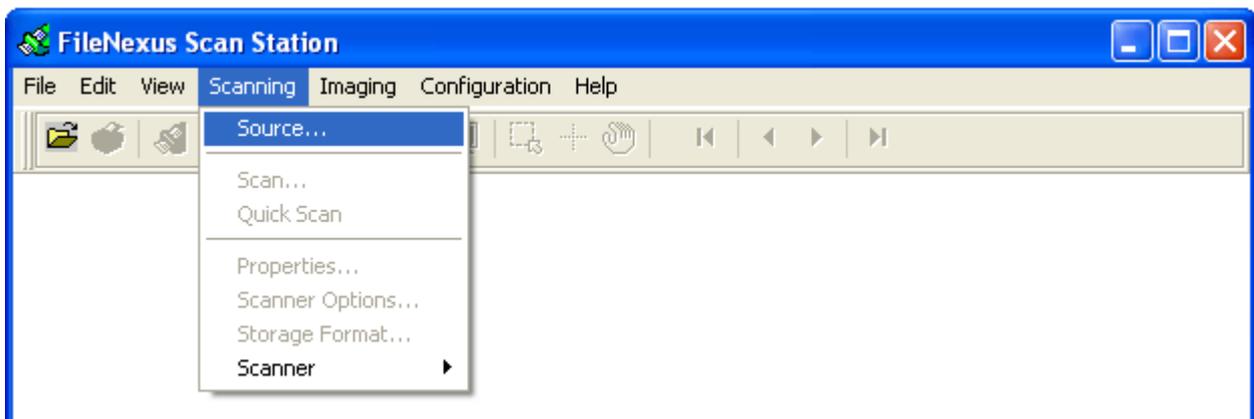
The first step is to launch the Scan Station program. The icon looks similar to the one below.



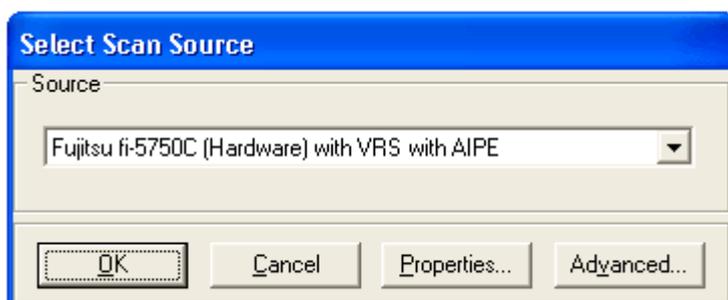
Once the application is up and running, the first thing you need to do after you log into the scan station is to let the FileNexus system know your images will be coming from a scanner, an image file, etc.



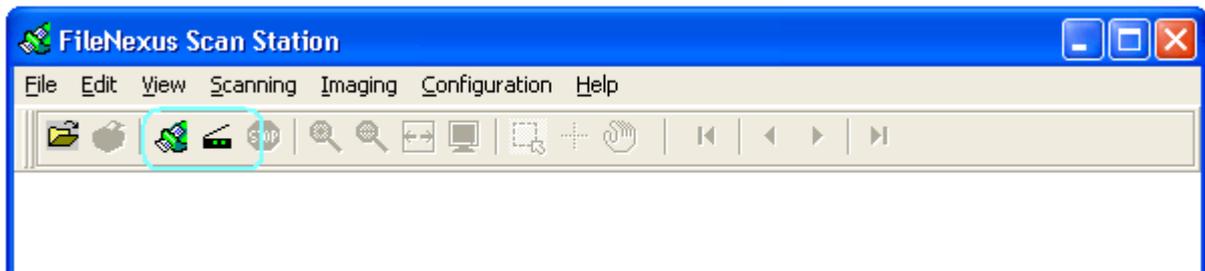
From the main window (shown above), click on the Scanning menu and then **Source**. Now you can choose the scanner that you will be using.



After you have selected a scan source from the pull-down menu, click **OK**.



After FileNexus has verified that your scanner is ready (i.e. turned on and detected as ready by the scan station PC), you'll be returned to the main window. However, this time you should notice that two additional menu buttons are no longer grayed out.



TIP: When you move your mouse cursor over any button, a one line message will appear at the bottom of your screen describing the button's function.

Now that you have selected your scan source you can:

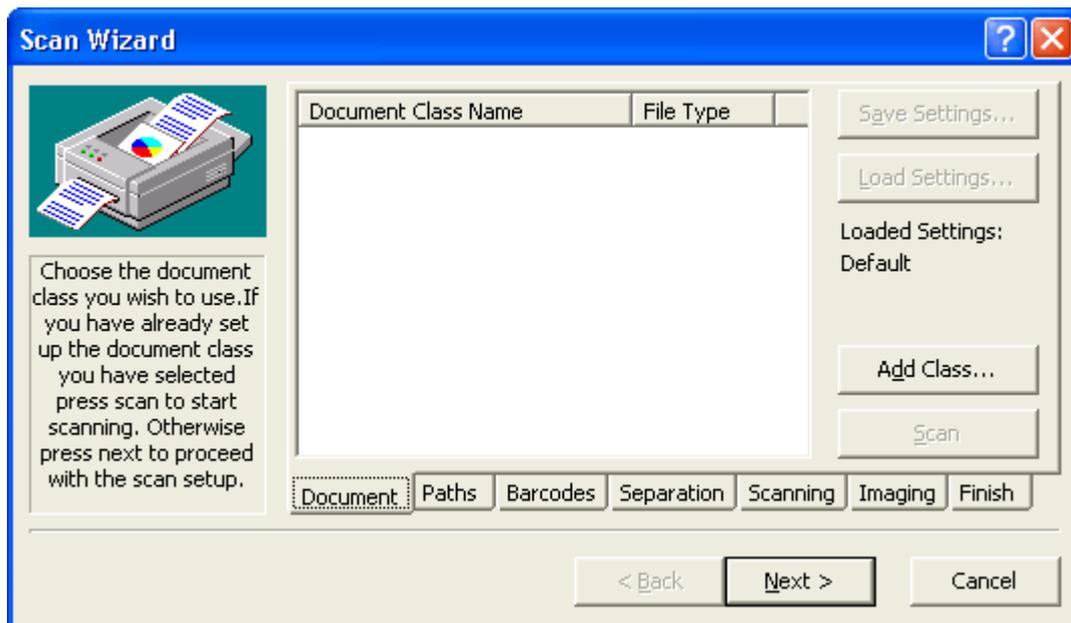
1. Open an image file containing previously scanned documents by clicking on the **Open**  icon.
2. Scan a document or group of documents by clicking on the Scan  icon. (See the section on [Scanning Documents to be Archived](#))
3. Quick scan a page to make sure your scanner is set up correctly by clicking the Quick Scan  icon.

Scanning Documents to be Archived

When preparing to scan documents into FileNexus, be sure to login to the FileNexus Scan Station program as described in the previous section, [Getting ready to scan](#), and verifying the scan source.

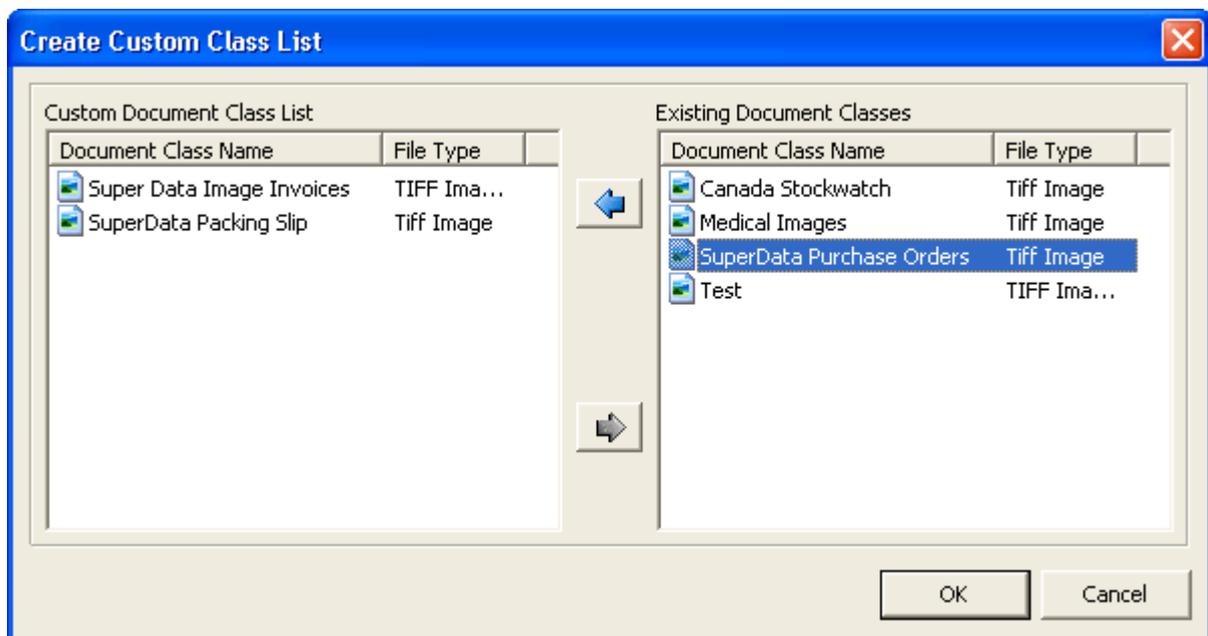
To begin scanning, you must first click on the green scan icon  in the main toolbar of the FileNexus Scan Station program.

The Scan Wizard window will open similar to the one below.



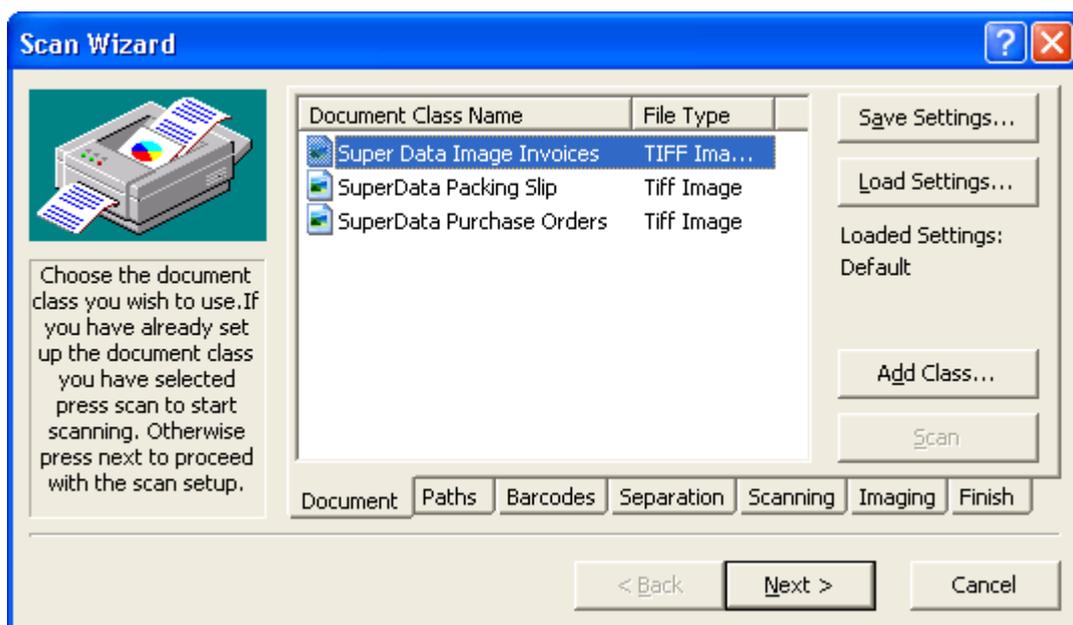
In order to scan any documents, you must select the **Document Class** that describes the document(s) being scanned. If this is the first time you are using the **Scan Wizard**, you will need to hit **Add Class** to populate the **Document Class Name** list from where you must make your selection.

In the **Create Custom Class List** dialog, highlight the Existing Document Class you wish to use in the right pane and click the left pointing arrow to add the class to your list. When finished, hit **OK**.

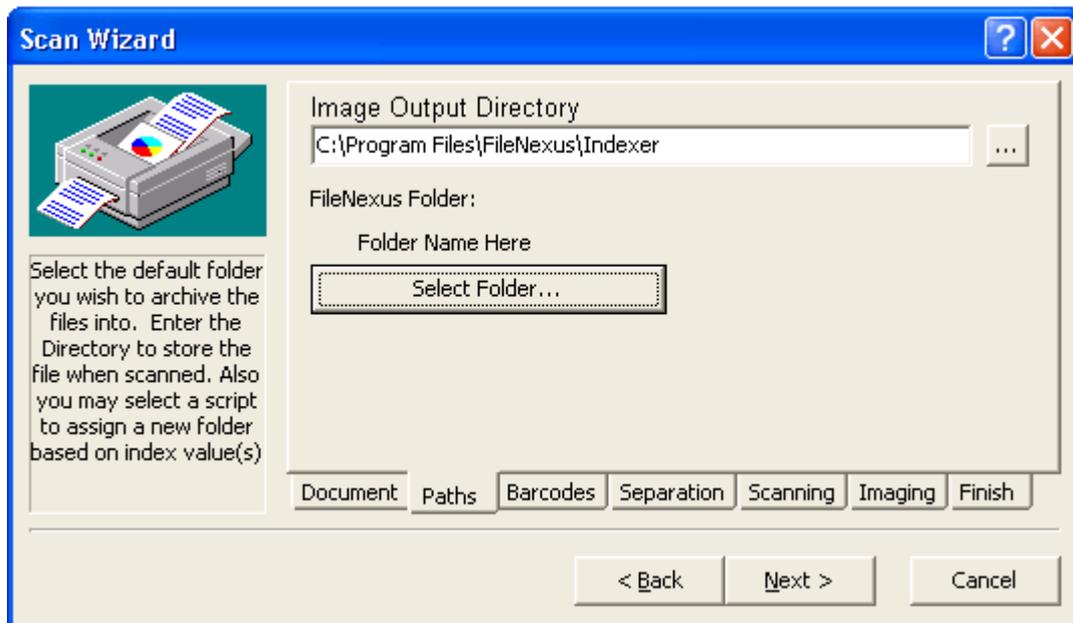


Back on the Document tab of the Scan Wizard, highlight the desired Document Class for the document(s) being scanned and click on the **Paths** tab.

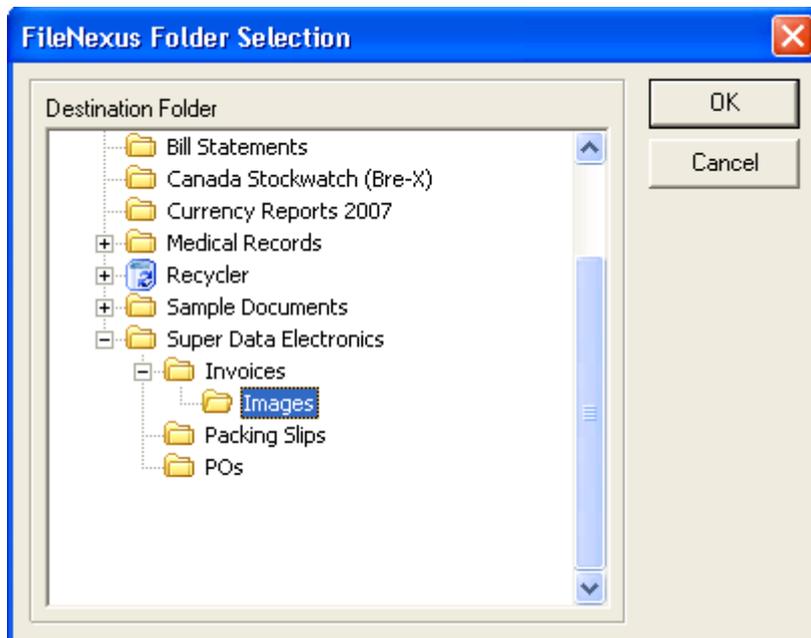
NOTE: After selecting the Document Class and editing the settings on the various tabs, these settings will be saved on the Document Class level, not for every document class.



On the **Paths** tab, select the directory where you want the scanned images to be temporarily stored, under **Image Output Directory**. This is the directory that either the FileNexus Image Indexer or Auto Archive service will be monitoring. Next, select the destination folder in the FileNexus Client application in which you want these documents to be stored by clicking on **Select Folder**.



A new window will appear called **FileNexus Folder Selection**.

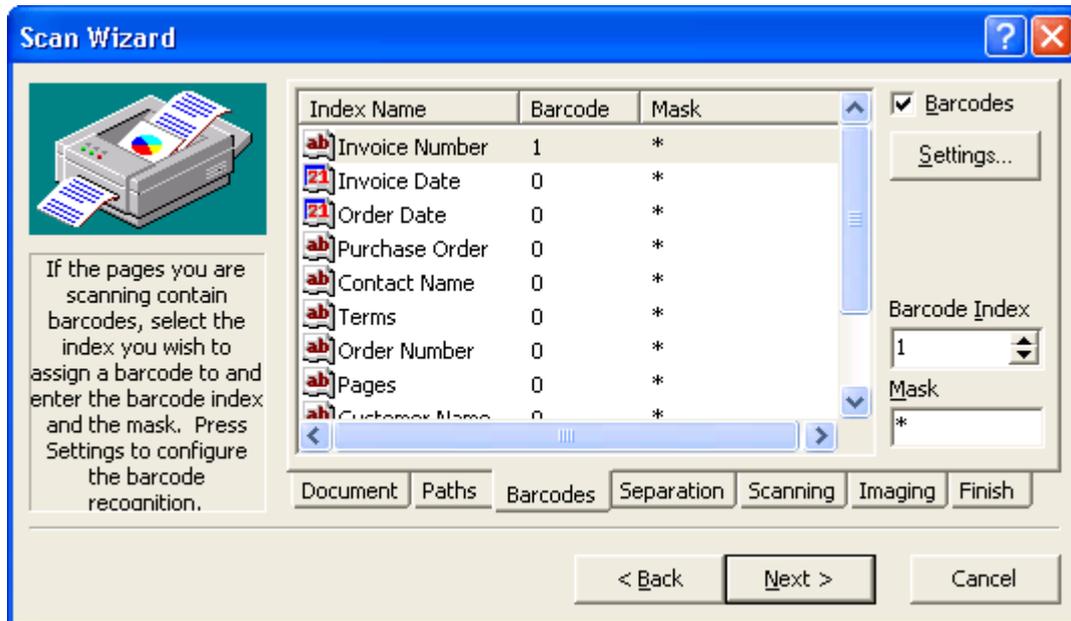


Select the desired destination folder and click **OK**. If you want to create a new folder, right-click inside the **Destination Folder** pane and select **New Folder** from the pop-up menu. A new folder will be created. To rename this folder, click on its name (New Folder) once and then type in the new name or right-click on the folder and select **Rename**. Click on the **OK** button when you are finished. After you have finished with the settings on the **Paths** tab, click **Next** or select the **Barcodes** tab.

If your documents have barcodes on them, you must tell FileNexus which indexes the barcodes refer to. If you are not using barcodes, make sure the barcode box is **not** checked and then click on the **NEXT** button or select the **Separation** tab.

To set up one or more of your indexes to get their information from the barcode(s) on your documents, follow the steps as outlined below.

Check the **BARCODES** box. Select the appropriate index. In the example below, the value of first barcode on the page will be put into the **Invoice Number** field. To set the barcode into the Invoice Number index, increase the **Barcode Index** value to 1, so that the number 1 appears in the **Barcode** column next to Invoice Number in the **Index Name** column.



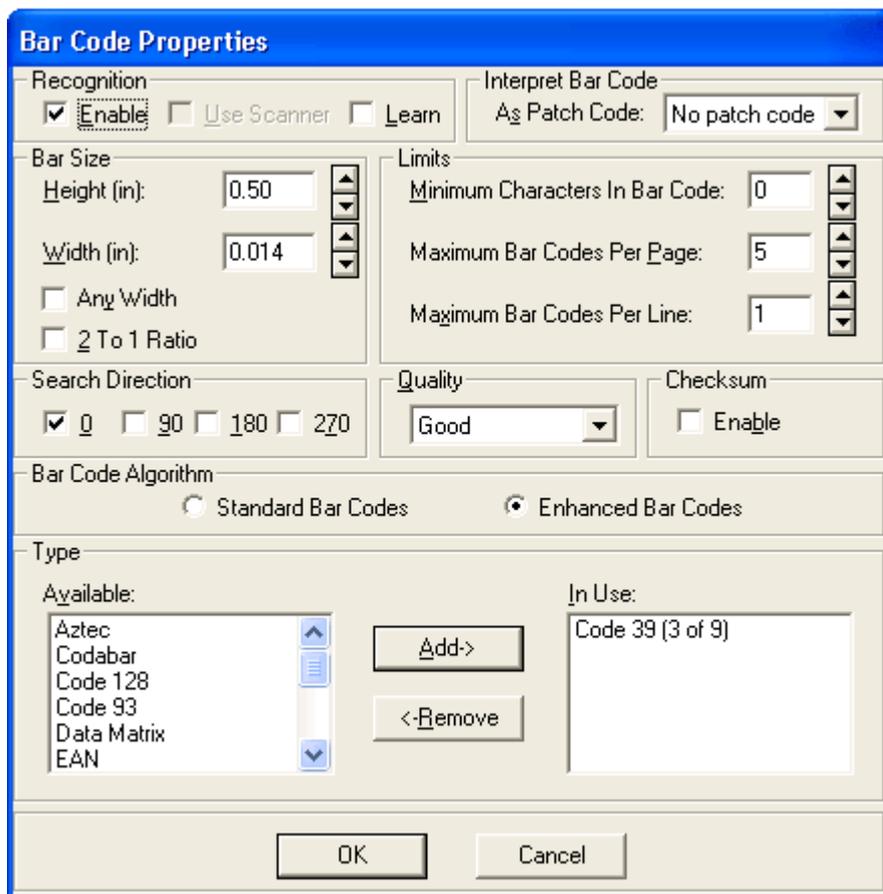
Fill in the barcode **Mask** box if you only want part of the barcode to be used for this index.

For example:

Barcode	Mask	Result
ABC3864T	*	ABC3864T
ABC3864T	-	
ABC3864T	XX-	AB
ABC3864T	??*	C3864T
ABC3864T	-X	T

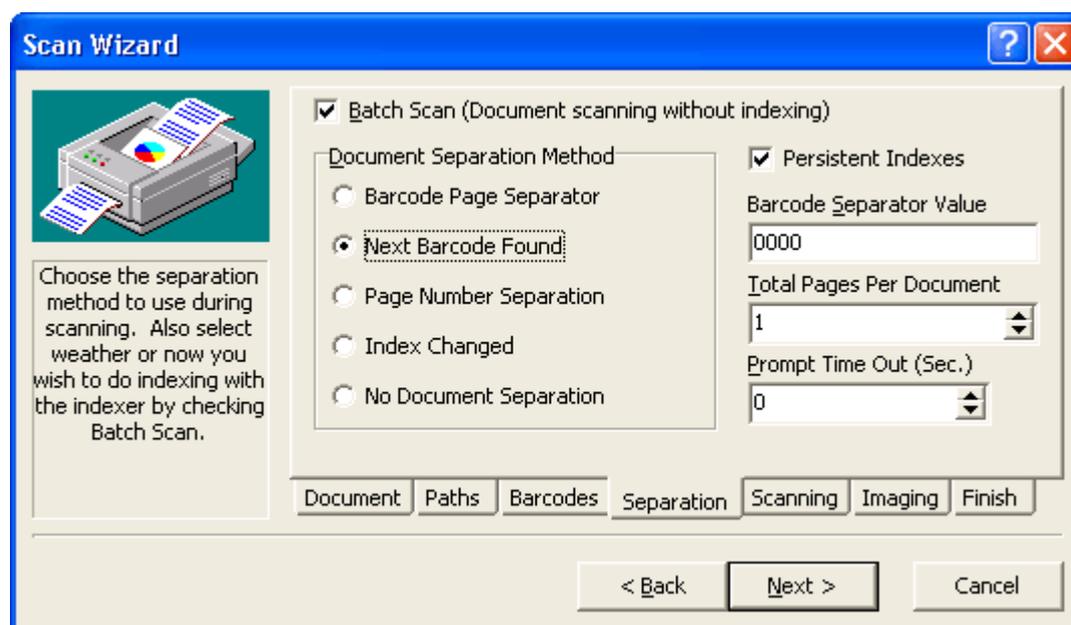
- X Include character
- ? Skip character
- Skip all characters to the right
- * Include all characters to the right

Click on the barcode **Settings** button and fill out the necessary information in the Barcode Properties window.



You must have at least one barcode symbology appear in the **In Use** list box in order for FileNexus to know what type of barcode to search for. Hit **OK** when you have finished entering the barcode information.

If you are using separator sheets or have a specific number of pages that make up one complete document then enter the necessary information into the separator dialog box (shown below). Each time FileNexus encounters a separator page, it will close off the current document and begin a new document.



Batch Scan

If you want to scan all of your documents first and index them later (in the FileNexus Image Indexer), or you are scanning documents with barcodes, check this box.

Barcode Page Separator

If you want a specific barcode value (for example 0000) to be recognized as a separator page, select the Barcode Page Separator radio button and enter the barcode value in the Barcode Separator Value text box.

Next Barcode Found

If you want FileNexus to start a new document each time it sees a valid barcode, check this box.

Page Number Separation

If your documents are all the same length, enter in the number of pages each document will contain in this box. FileNexus will ignore bar codes on all pages except for the first page of each document. If it does not find a barcode on the first page of a document it will prompt you to enter in the index value(s) manually. NOTE: Your documents do not have to contain any barcodes to use this feature. If you know that all of your documents will be 15 pages long, enter 15 in this box. FileNexus will stop scanning every 15 pages and ask you to fill in the appropriate index values.

Index Changed

Use this option if you are indexing at the same time as scanning (i.e. you are NOT batch scanning). FileNexus will display every page for you to manually input index values. As long as the index values are the same, it will add a page to the current document. As soon as any index value changes, the page that you are indexing will be considered to be the first page of a new document.

No Document Separation

If you do not want to separate your documents, select this option. This option is used only for Batch Scanning.

Persistent Indexes

If you leave the Persistent Indexes option checked on, FileNexus will carry over any previous index values onto the pages that follow until a new index is entered or detected (i.e. barcode).

This is helpful for the following two situations.

1. You are scanning documents with barcodes and only the first page of a multi-page document contains a barcode. Using this in conjunction with the Batch Scan option and using Next Barcode Found for page separation automates your scan process and eliminates the need to manually index documents.
2. You are scanning documents without barcodes and you are not using the Batch Scan option, so you manually index the first page of a multi-page document during scanning, and allow the index values to carry over to the pages that follow until you see the first page of the NEXT document, at which time you change the index value(s) indicating to FileNexus the beginning of a new document.

If you turn off **Persistent Indexes** (uncheck this option), index values from the first page of a multi-page document will not carry over onto the pages that follow.

NOTE: If you are using barcode page separators when scanning, do not check on **Persistent Indexes** as your documents will not get separated correctly.

Now it's time for you to let FileNexus know about any special scanner settings that should be used with this Document Class on the **Scanning** tab. Click on the **Scanner** button to set scanner properties (paper size, orientation, etc). Click on the **ADVANCED** button to set-up image processing (deskew, despeckle, etc).



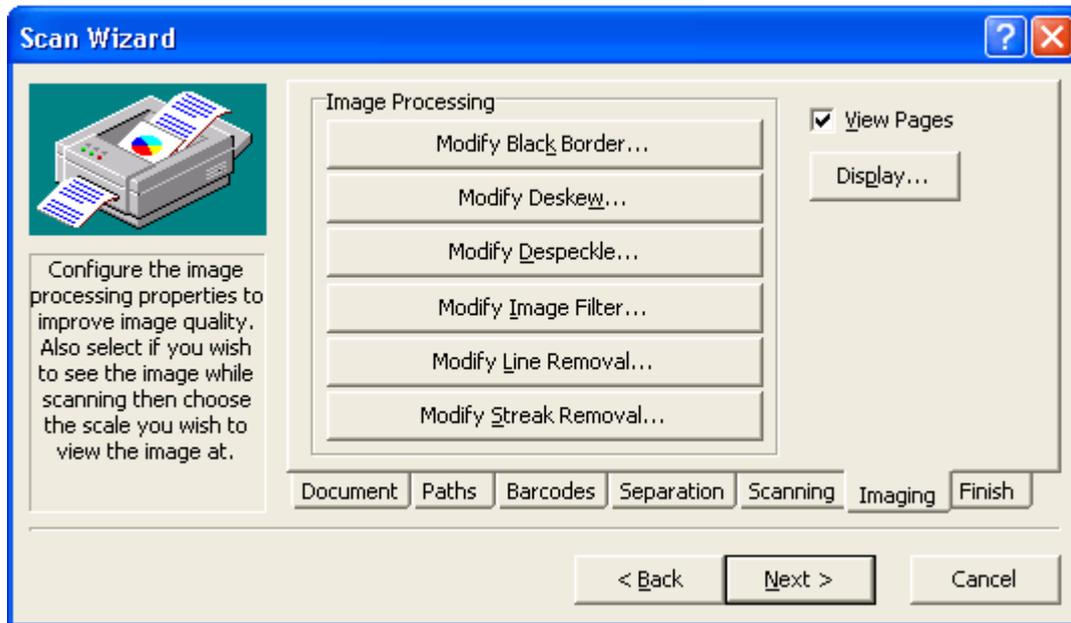
Each side is a page of a duplex scan

Check this box if you are using duplex scanning and you want FileNexus to look at only the first side of your page for barcodes. If this box is not checked and you are using barcodes, FileNexus will search both the front and back side of a page for barcodes.

Page Cache

A higher value in this box can increase scanning speed.

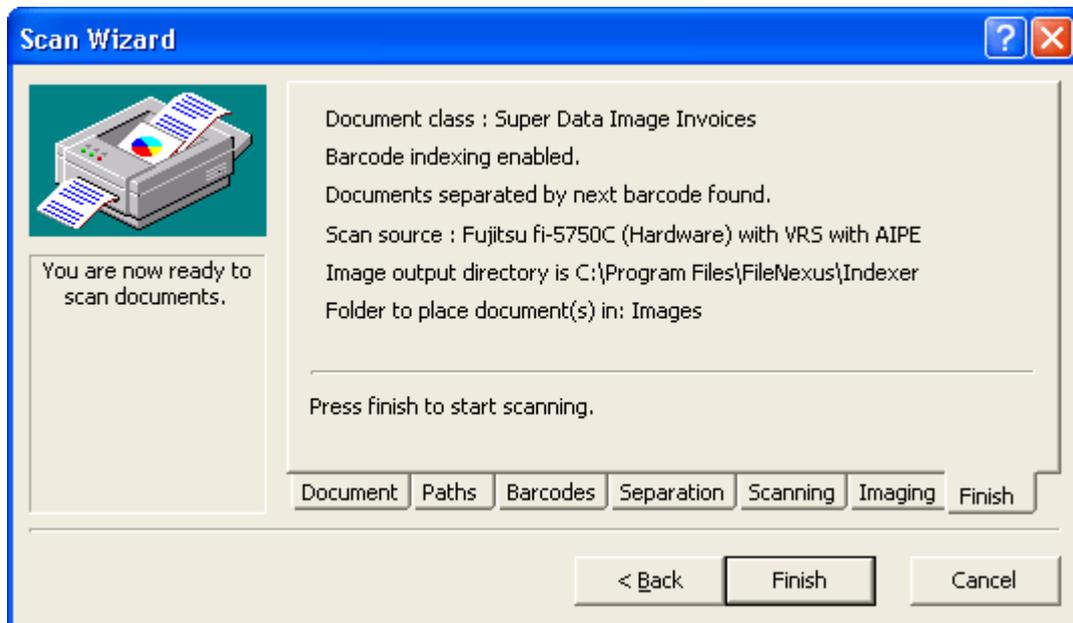
The next tab is the **Imaging Tab**. If you would like image processing done as your pages are scanned, enter the necessary information here. Select the type of image processing, then click the appropriate **Modify** button. Now you can change the settings for this particular type of image enhancement. If you wish FileNexus to display documents as they are scanned then you will be able to choose the scale at which the images will be displayed on your screen by clicking on the **Display** button. Of course, at scan time you can still change the viewing scale.



View Pages

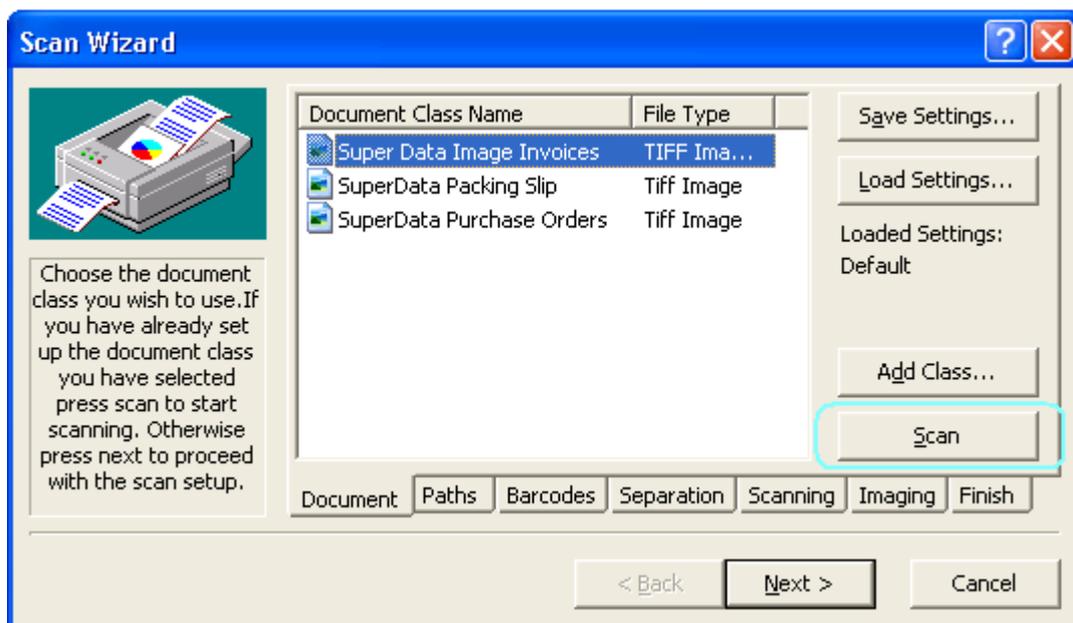
Check this box if you want pages to be displayed on the screen as they are being scanned. To change the way the pages are displayed (size, etc.), click on the **Display** button.

Click on the **Next** button or select the **Finish** tab to view a summary of the scan settings for this Document Class.



If everything looks acceptable, click on the **FINISH** button and FileNexus will start scanning your documents. Please note that once you have scanned documents into a Document Class, you can no longer go back and add, remove or change indexes for that Document Class. You can, however, still go back and change scanner settings, barcode settings, and separator sheet settings.

If you return to scanning the same types of documents at a later date, you will not have to reset or change the settings on the Paths, Barcodes, Separation, Scanning, Imaging and Finish Tabs. If you wish to use the same settings as your previous scan of the same type of document, simply select the **Document Class** on the **Document** Tab, then click **Scan**.



Quick Scan

The quick scan function is the fastest way to test your scanner and its settings to make sure everything is set up correctly. Quick scan can only be selected *after* you have selected a scan source. Quick scan will scan one page and then display it on the screen.

Note: Pages scanned in using the quick scan method will **not** be archived.

To scan a page using Quick Scan:

1. Make sure your scanner is powered on and attached to your computer.
2. Insert a piece of paper into your scanner's document feeder.
3. Click on the quick scan icon  or select **Quick Scan** from the **Scanning** menu.

After the page has been scanned, it will be displayed on your screen. If you have a duplex scanner (and FileNexus has been configured to use the duplex option), you will be able to use the navigational arrows  at the top of the screen to move between the front and back sides of the scanned image.

Viewing a Scanned Image

On the scan station, after using **Quick Scan** to scan a page, there are many different ways to view the scanned image.

 Click on the magnifying icons to zoom in on (enlarge) the document or zoom out of (shrink) the document.

Use the navigational arrows  to move through the document. These arrows will only be enabled in quick scan mode if you have scanned in a double-sided document (using a duplex scanner). Otherwise, only 1 page can be viewed in quick scan mode.

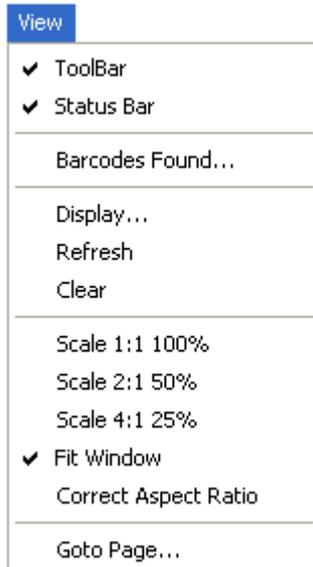
Click on the **fit to window** icon  to have FileNexus resize the document on your monitor so that you can see both the top and bottom of the document at once.

Click on the **display** icon  to change the zoom level, rotate the image, etc. Alternatively, you can click your right mouse button on the image and you will be presented with the display menu.

Click on the **change to zoom mode** icon  when you want to magnify only part of the image. Hold down the left mouse button and then drag a box around the section that you are interested in. When you release the left mouse button, FileNexus will zoom in on the selected area.

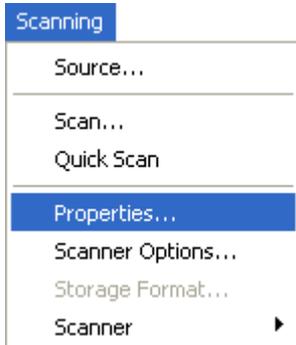
Click on the **change to selection mode** icon  when you want to draw a zone (rectangle with your mouse). You can then copy the contents of this zone to the Windows clipboard.

Click on the **change to pan mode** icon  when you want to be able to shift (or pan) the image. When you are in pan mode, hold down the left mouse button and drag your mouse in the same direction that you want the image to move. From the **View** menu, you can select different levels of zoom and other features. For more detailed information, please refer to the section [View Menu](#).

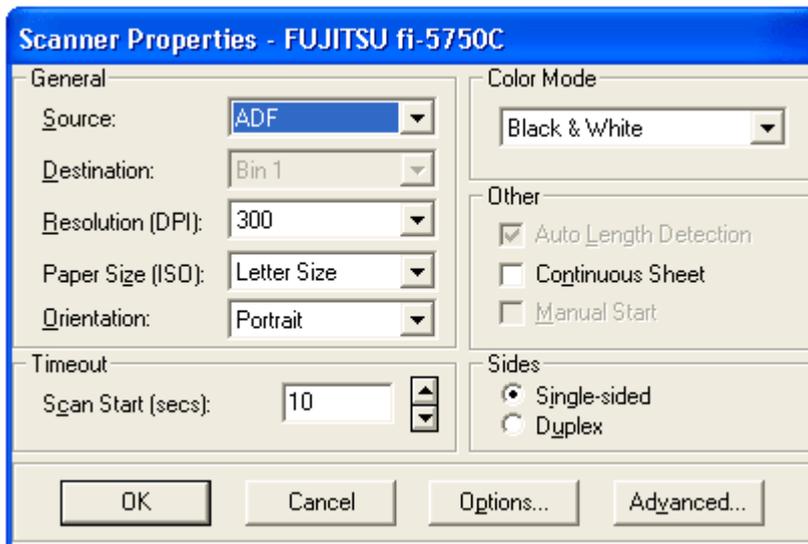


Scanner Properties

To change the way your scanner operates with FileNexus, select **Properties** from the **Scanning** menu.



Depending on the make and model of the scanner you are using, you should see a screen similar to that shown below. Not all features may be enabled for your scanner. Features that are unavailable will be grayed out.



Source

The source will generally be set for ADF (auto-document feeder) but there may be occasions when you change this setting to flatbed (when you are scanning a page that cannot be fed through the feeder such as a page in a book).

Destination

If your scanner has more than one output bin, you can select the bin you want scanned images to be sent to.

Resolution

The higher the resolution, the clearer the images will be. However, images scanned in at high resolutions take up more space when they are being archived and scan at a slower speed. Resolution is measured in dots per inch (DPI). A resolution of 300 DPI is suitable for most documents.

Paper Size

Select the paper size from the list that most closely matches the documents that you are scanning. If you choose a paper size that is larger than your documents, your images will be surrounded by white space. If you choose a size that is smaller than your documents, your images will be clipped (part of the document won't be scanned).

Orientation

If you are feeding documents into the scanner top first, choose portrait mode. If you are feeding documents into the scanner side first, choose landscape mode.

Time-Out

FileNexus waits before issuing an out of paper error message. A normal time out setting is 10 seconds.

Colour Mode

If your scanner supports colour or gray scale scanning, you can enable it with this option. Keep in mind that both colour and gray scale images consume much more space than black and white documents when they are archived and they scan at a slower speed. For most documents, black and white scanning will meet your needs.

Auto Length Detection

Select this option to have FileNexus determine the appropriate length setting for your documents.

Continuous Feed

Select this option when you are scanning a very long page. FileNexus supports the scanning of pages that are up to 9 feet in length.

Manual Start

If your scanner requires a manual start signal, select this option

Sides

Select Single-sided to scan only the front side of a page or select Duplex to scan both the front and back sides of a page.

Options

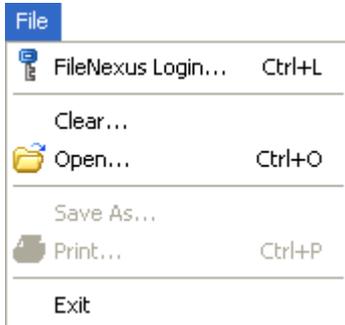
Click on the options button to enable or disable scanning area features such as picking zones, page thresholds, etc. Picking rectangles, when enabled, tell the scanner to scan only a portion of a page. Page thresholds tell the scanner to disregard any page that is smaller than a certain number of bytes. This is useful for eliminating blank pages. The rotation options can be used to have FileNexus rotate images as they are scanned. They will then be archived in the rotated state. This is useful if you are scanning in a large number of pages in a **landscape format**.

Advanced

Click on the advanced button to enable or disable image enhancement functions such as brightness, contrast, etc. if you are scanning with VRS (Kofax Virtual Rescan image enhancement).

File Menu

When you first click the File Menu, you will see that there are only four options available. If you get an error when you try running the application for the first time that says "Kofax Image controls not installed" then you must go back and install or reinstall the Kofax image software.



FileNexus Login

Allows you to login as a different user or reconnect to the FileNexus Server if you have been disconnected for some reason.

Clear

Allows the user to clear the current document on the screen.

Open

Allows the user to open an image file (Tiff image).

Save As

After a user has made changes to an image file, this option allows the user to save the current file.

Print

Allows the user to print an image file.

Exit

Allows the user to exit the application.

Edit Menu

The Edit menu allows you to copy, zoom, and pan a document that has been scanned using the Quick Scan option. For details on how to scan a document using the Quick Scan option, refer to the section entitled [Quick Scan](#).

Edit Menu

After you have scanned a document using Quick Scan, the following options will become available to you in the Edit Menu.



Copy

If you select an area of the document you just scanned in using Quick Scan, choosing **Copy** from the Edit menu will copy the information to the Windows clipboard.

Zoom

If you click on **Zoom** in the Edit menu before you select an area of the current document, the region of the document you select will enlarge for easier viewing.

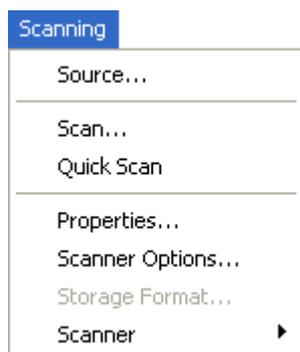
Select

By clicking on **Select** in the Edit menu, you can left-click on the current document and drag your mouse to select a zone to copy.

Pan

Select **Pan** from the Edit menu if you wish to be able to pan over the document after it has been enlarged using the Zoom feature.

Scanning Menu

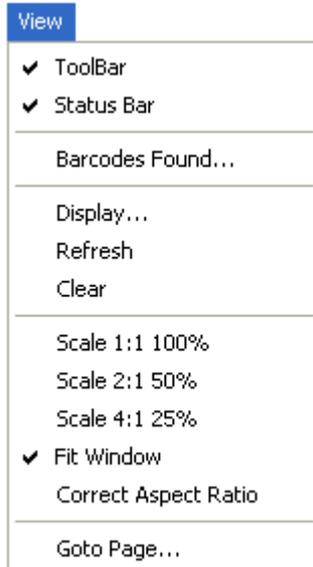


For detailed information on the items in the scanning menu, refer to the previous sections on [Quick Scan](#), [Properties](#), [Advanced](#), and [Options](#).

To view the current scanner attached to the FileNexus system, select **Scanner** from the Scanning menu. Please note that this option will only display accurate information if your scanner is hooked up to your computer through a Kofax card. In all other cases it will display a Bell and Howell scanner.

View Menu

From the **View** menu, you can select different levels of zoom and other features pertaining to the currently scanned and displayed document.

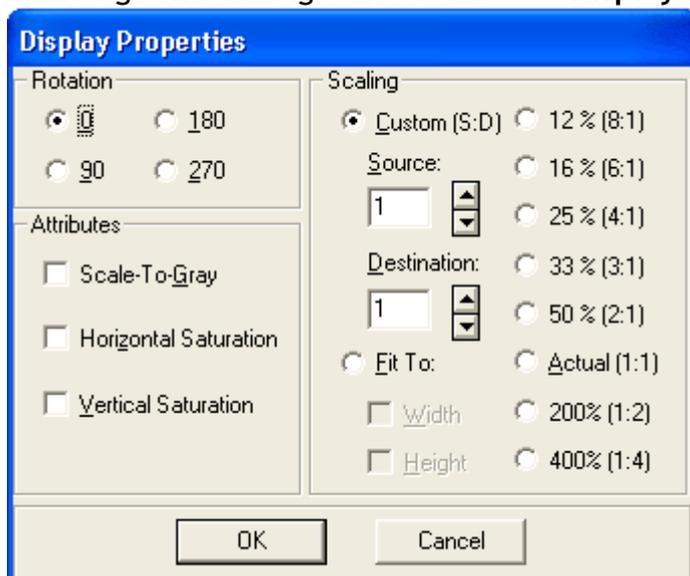


Barcodes Found

If you have barcode detection enabled, click on this option to see a list of the barcodes that FileNexus has detected on the current page. This option is useful when you want to ensure that your barcode options have been set up correctly.

Display

By selecting **Display** from the View menu you can rotate the image, select a zoom level, or change the scaling attributes in the **Display Properties** dialog.



Scale-to-Gray

This feature is useful for improving the display of images on certain monitors. On low resolution monitors, some image data is lost causing characters to appear jagged on the screen. Scale-to-gray compensates for the lost data by replacing blocks of pixels around the edges of lines and characters with an intensity of gray.

This enhances the appearance of lines and characters by making them seem smoother on the screen.

Horizontal Saturation

Check this box to enable horizontal saturation. The saturation feature is useful for enhancing an image after a scaling operation.

Vertical Saturation

Check this box to enable vertical saturation. The saturation feature is useful for enhancing an image after a scaling operation.

Fast Scale

This option is no longer used as all scale factors display equally fast under FileNexus versions 1.2 and higher.

Fit to Width

Resize the current image so both its left and right sides fit on the screen.

Fit to Height

Resize the current image so that it is visible (from top to bottom) on the screen.

Clear

Select this option from the **View** menu to remove the current image from the screen.

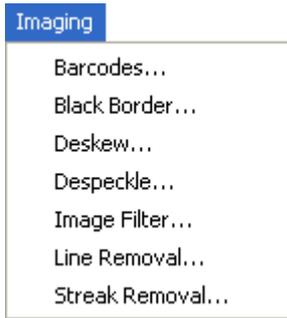
Fit Window

Resize the current image so both sides fit on the screen.

Correct Aspect Ratio

Check this option in the **View** menu when you want FileNexus to display images that have horizontal DPIs that are different from their vertical DPIs (such as fax images).

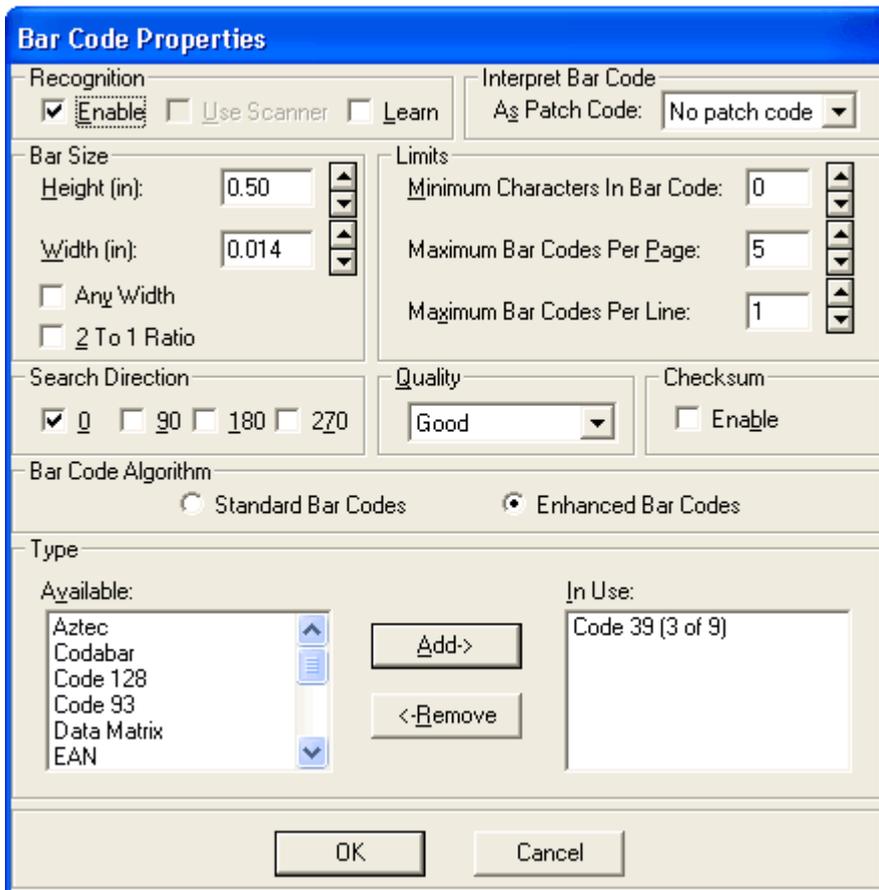
Imaging Menu



Depending on the nature and quality of the documents that you are scanning, you may want FileNexus to enhance the quality of the scanned images. Refer to the next section on [Image Enhancement Tips](#) if you would like some basic information before you start adjusting the settings available through the Imaging menu.

Barcode Properties

Select the **Barcodes** from the **Imaging** menu to configure what types of barcodes FileNexus should try to identify on your documents. Be sure to check the **Enable** box if you want barcodes to be recognized. Check the **Learn** box if you want FileNexus to auto-detect barcode characteristics (height, width, quality) on documents. NOTE: This feature does not work with Postnet barcodes.



Barcode Height

Use this setting to set the height (in inches) of your barcodes. Generally speaking, the taller your barcodes are, the faster they will be identified.

Barcode Width

Use this setting to set how wide (in inches) your barcodes are.

Any Width

Check this box to have FileNexus search for barcodes that have unknown or varying widths.

2 to 1 Ratio

Check this box if your barcodes are roughly twice as wide as they are tall. This will help to speed up barcode recognition.

Search Direction

If all of the barcodes on your documents will be right-side up, select 0 degrees. If your barcodes are sometimes put on your documents in a different orientation, then check the appropriate search direction box. The fewer directions that FileNexus has to search for a barcode, the faster the barcode recognition process will be.

Type

Highlight the type or barcode symbology that you will be using and then click on the **Add** button to add it to the list of barcode types that FileNexus will search for. The fewer types of barcodes that have to be searched for, the faster the barcode recognition process will be.

As patch code

Select this option if you want FileNexus to use a barcode as a patch code also. Patch codes can be used to change scanner settings in the middle of a batch of documents. Not all scanners support Patch codes.

Minimum Characters in Barcode

By letting FileNexus know the minimum characters that will appear in your barcodes, you can improve the speed at which barcodes are recognized. FileNexus will ignore any barcode that has fewer characters than the value you enter in this box.

Maximum Barcodes Per Page

Allows FileNexus to ignore barcodes in excess of this value and can improve the speed at which barcodes are recognized.

Maximum Barcodes Per Line

Allows FileNexus to ignore barcodes in excess of this value on a given line and can improve the speed at which barcodes are recognized.

Quality

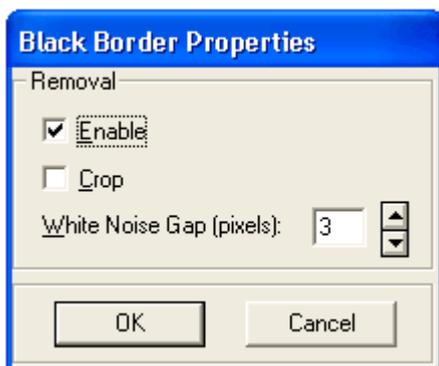
If your barcodes are of a poor quality (printed with a dot-matrix printer), selecting the **Poor** option will force FileNexus to be even more rigorous in its search for barcodes. On the other hand, if all of your barcodes are of an excellent quality, select the **Good** option and the barcode recognition process will go faster.

Checksum

If Checksum is enabled FileNexus will treat the last digit in a barcode as a check digit. If the Checksum is not enabled then FileNexus will treat the last digit in a barcode as part of the barcode. If Checksum is enabled and a found barcode fails the checksum test, the barcode will be ignored. Checksum calculations work only on barcodes that have check digits embedded within them (Code 39, Interleaved 2 of 5, and Linear 2 of 5).

Black Border

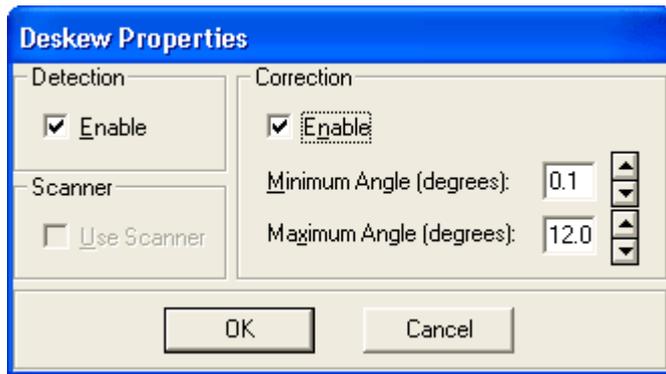
Depending on your scanner, you may find that some of your images have a black border around them. This occurs when the scanner scans an area slightly larger than the actual page size and the scanner has a black belt or drum. FileNexus can automatically remove black borders when it is scanning simply by using the **Black Border** option from the **Imaging** menu. In the **Black Border Properties** window, check the **Enable** black border removal box (as shown below). This process replaces black border pixels with white pixels on an image. Black border removal cleans up the image without changing its height and width. If you check the **Crop** option, this process removes black border pixels from an image. Black border cropping cleans up the image and reduces the height and width by the size of the black border. The **White Noise Gap** is the number of white pixels (noise) that can occur in the black border. If the number of white pixels is greater than this amount, FileNexus will assume that this is not part of a black border but is instead part of the image.



Deskew

Sometimes, because of mechanical problems with your scanners, pages will be fed into the scanner on an angle. FileNexus can identify and correct skewed images by as much as 12 degrees. Deskewing images can help with OCR and Barcode recognition. Correcting heavily skewed images can adversely impact performance. Skew calculation requires a source image that has a horizontal and vertical flow, such as text or lines. A skew calculation for an image that consists of mostly lines with no horizontal or vertical flow (a picture for example) can cause an invalid skew angle.

Be sure to enable both detection and correction if you want FileNexus to fix skewed images.



Despeckle

Speckles on an image are groups of black pixels surrounded by white pixels (or white pixels surrounded by black pixels). Often they are referred to as noise. These unwanted speckles can be removed from your images by enabling FileNexus' despeckle feature. Once despeckle has been enabled, you must tell FileNexus what the maximum height and width a speckle can be. If you set these numbers too high, parts of your image (such as periods, commas, etc.) may be removed. If you set these numbers too low, you may not remove as many speckles as you would like. Be sure to test this option on several sample documents (using [Quick scan](#)) to make sure that you have acceptable settings.

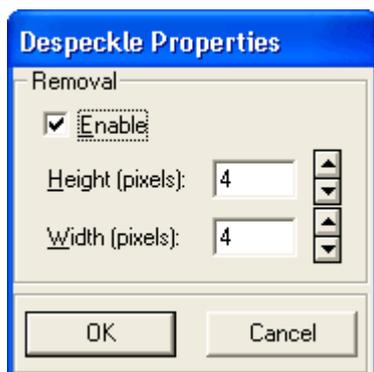
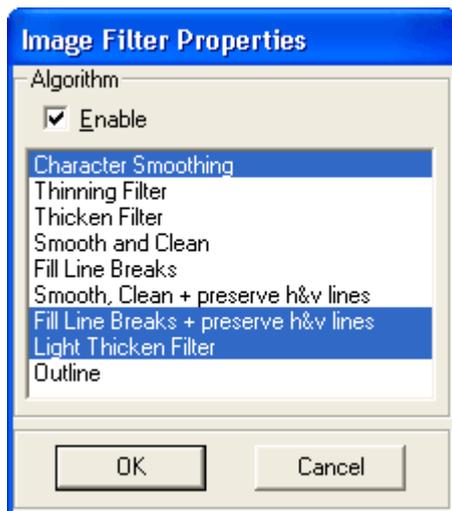


Image Filtering

By selecting **Image Filter** from the **Imaging** menu the following window will appear.



Through this window, you can enhance line edges, smooth out characters, and remove background noise on an image. For example, if the character edges on your image appear to be choppy and surrounded by extraneous noise, you might use the **Character Smoothing** filter to remove some of the noise and smooth out the characters. This will increase OCR accuracy and reduce the archived file size.

Character Smoothing

This filter smooths characters and lines. It has no negative impact on the image and is a non-destructive filter. It increases legibility, OCR accuracy and it consistently reduces archived file sizes by 10-15 percent.

Thinning Filter

This filter thins characters and lines. It can have a negative impact on the image and its usage should be determined based on the quality of the original images. It helps with character separation (for elements that are ballooned or blended together).

Thicken Filter

This filter thickens lines and characters. It may exaggerate background noise. This is a destructive filter and can have a negative impact on the image. It is good for enhancing dot-matrix and fax images.

Smooth and Clean

This filter smooths out characters, removes background noise, and may eliminate lines. It is a destructive filter but usually has a positive impact on the image. It increases legibility, OCR accuracy and consistently reduces archived file sizes by 10-15 percent. Usage of this filter should be based on the quality of the original images.

Fill Line Breaks

This filter fills in and smooths lines. It is a destructive filter and can have a negative impact on images because parallel lines close together may be merged. This filter may increase legibility but its usage should be determined based on the nature and quality of the original documents.

Smooth, Clean and Preserve Horizontal and Vertical lines

This filter is the same as the smooth and clean filter except that it will not remove horizontal or vertical lines.

Fill Line Breaks and Preserve Horizontal and Vertical Lines

This filter is the same as the Fill Line Breaks filter except that it will preserve horizontal and vertical lines.

Light Thicken Filter

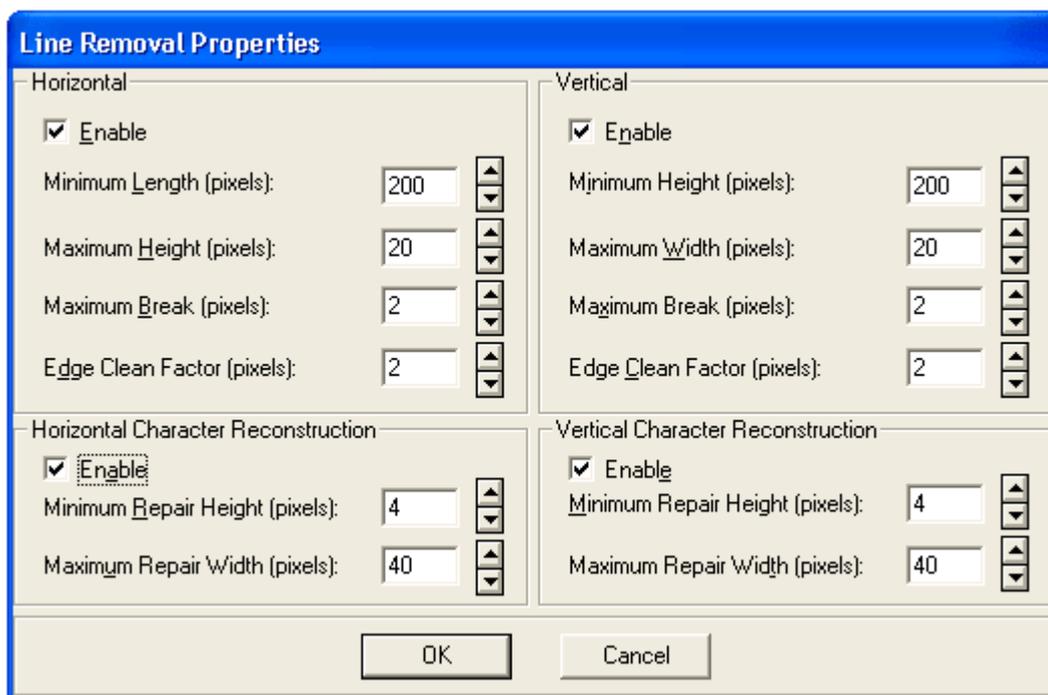
This filter has the same characteristics as the Thicken Filter (it thickens lines and characters) except that it is not quite as aggressive as the Thicken Filter.

Outline Filter

This filter extracts an outline of all image elements. It can have a negative impact on the image and is a destructive filter. Usage should be determined based on image content.

Line Removal

If your image contains unwanted horizontal and/or vertical lines, you can remove them with the Line Removal option in the Imaging menu. You can optionally enable character reconstruction to repair text that intersects lines that are removed.



Horizontal Line removal

Maximum Length

Specifies the minimum length of a horizontal line to remove (measured in pixels). Set this value to a large enough value so those text objects (such as the horizontal bar of a capital "T") are not mistaken for horizontal lines. Setting a larger value also allows FileNexus to work faster because many objects (such as text) can be ignored when searching for lines.

Maximum Height

Specifies the maximum height (thickness) of a horizontal line to remove.

Maximum Break

Specifies the maximum size that a run of white speckles in the line can be and still be considered part of the line. Set the maximum break value to no more than 2 or 3 pixels (at 200 DPI). Doing so will help prevent text characters from being considered horizontal lines to be removed.

Edge Clean Factor

Speckles (noise) that occur above or below a horizontal line can be cleaned when the line is removed with this setting.

Vertical Line Removal**Minimum Height**

Specifies the minimum height of a vertical line to remove. Set this property to a large enough value so that text objects (such as the vertical bar in a capital "T") are not mistaken for vertical lines. Setting a larger value also allows FileNexus to work faster because many objects (such as text) can be ignored when searching for vertical lines.

Maximum Width

Specifies the maximum width (thickness) of a vertical line to remove.

Maximum Break

Specifies the maximum size that a run of white speckles in the line can be and still be considered part of the line. Set this value to a maximum of 2 or 3 pixels (at 200 DPI). Doing so will help prevent text characters from being considered vertical lines to be removed.

Edge Clean Factor

Specifies cleaning up black noise left on an image left after a vertical line has been removed.

Horizontal Character Reconstruction

If enabled, horizontal character reconstruction will repair characters after overlapping horizontal lines have been removed.

Minimum Repair Height

Specifies the minimum height of characters to repair.

Maximum Repair Width

Specifies the maximum width of characters to repair.

Vertical Character Reconstruction

If enabled, vertical character reconstruction will repair characters after overlapping vertical lines have been removed.

Minimum Repair Height

Specifies the minimum height of characters to repair.

Maximum Repair Width

Specifies the maximum width of characters to repair.

Streak Removal

Sometimes streaks are included on an image during the scan process. For example, they might occur as a result of the following:

- Marks on the original page
- Dust in the scanner assembly
- Faulty scanner CCD (camera)

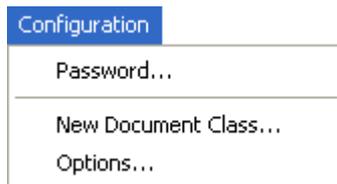
These streaks can be removed with FileNexus' streak removal feature. Simply enable streak removal and specify the maximum width (in pixels) of streaks to be removed. Any series of black pixels less than or equal to the streak width will be removed. Streak removal is generally used to remove vertical streaks. A typical value for the width of streaks to be removed would be 1 or 2 pixels. Setting this amount any higher might have an adverse effect on the image by removing image data.



Image Enhancement Tips

- Character smoothing always has a positive impact on an image.
- Using a combination of removing lines and the smooth and clean filter will produce better results than just using the smooth and clean filter.
- The smooth and clean filter should not be used as an alternative to despeckling and removing lines from an image.
- The combination of despeckling and using the smooth, clean and preserve filter will produce better results than just using the smooth, clean and preserve filter.
- Thinning should only be applied to images that contain elements that are blended or ballooned together. Applying this filter to images that do not contain such elements can cause the loss of image data.
- Light thicken should only be applied to images that have been deshaded and despeckled so that background noise will not be exaggerated.
- Thicken should only be applied to images that have been deshaded and despeckled so that background noise will not be exaggerated. Thicken should only be used on images that contain light or thin elements (such as dot matrix characters or fax images). Applying this filter to images that do not contain such elements can cause characters and lines to blend together. Thicken is much more aggressive than the light thicken filter.
- Fill line breaks are recommended for images that contain lines. However, it may cause parallel lines close together to merge or become blended. For images that contain parallel lines, use the Fill line breaks and preserve lines filter.

Configuration Menu



The **Configuration** menu in the **FileNexus Scan Station** program can provide added functionality for FileNexus Administrators and added scan controls for end users. Depending upon how different FileNexus users have been set up, they may have the ability to change their FileNexus passwords, create Document Classes, or set different scan options.

Password

By selecting the **Password** option from the **Configuration** menu, the **Password Dialog** will appear. By default, the user name will be the one currently logged into the scan station program. If you do not wish to change the displayed user's password, simply hit **Cancel**.

To change the password for jsmith in the below example, simply enter in the new password in the **Password** and **Reenter Password** edit boxes, and hit **OK**.

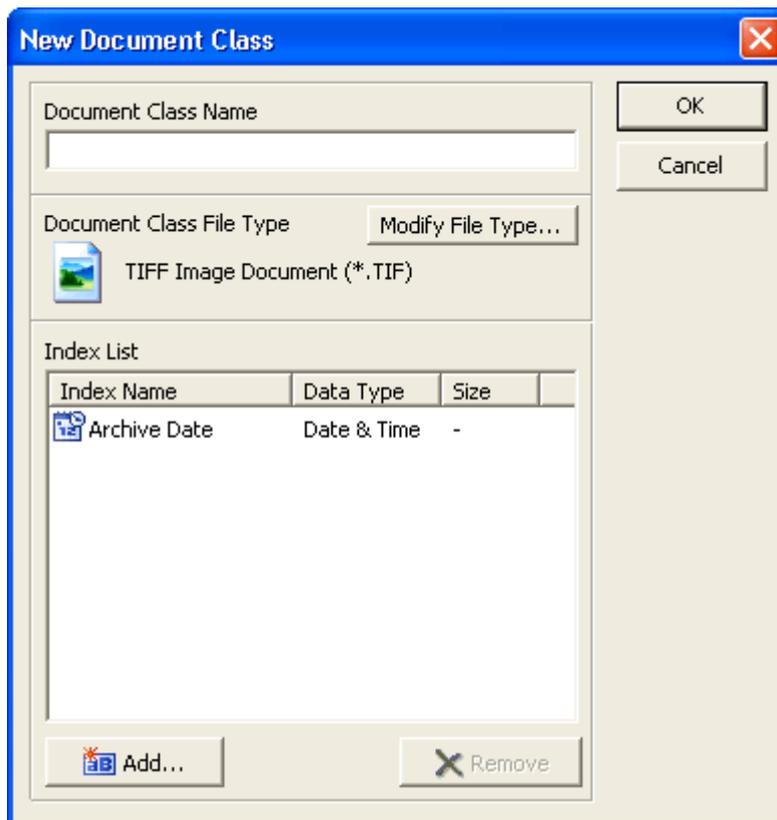


Please refer to the sections that follow to learn about configuring a [New Document Class](#) and setting scan [Options](#).

New Document Class Dialog

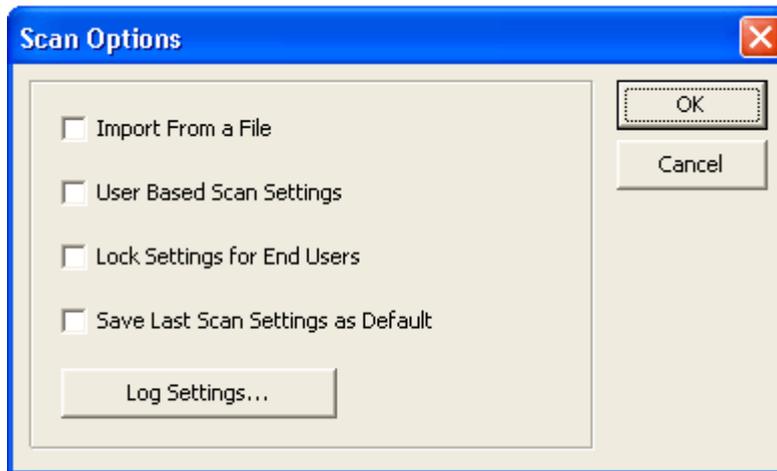
The New Document Class dialog box allows a FileNexus Administrator (or users with Administrative rights) to create and define a new document class. Unlike the dialog available in the Data Capture Setup program, this New Document Class dialog will default to creating a Tiff Image document class as you are creating the class from a Scan Station.

Creating a new Document Class from the Scan Station Program is essentially the same as creating one from the Data Capture Setup Program. Please refer to the section, [Creating a Document Class](#) for more information.



Overview

Selecting **Options** from the **Configuration** menu allows FileNexus Administrators the ability configure scan settings for end users in a variety of ways by checking to appropriate items on the **Scan Options** dialog.



From the Scan Options dialog, you can choose to import images from a file (if a scanner is not hooked up to a machine but you have access to previously created Tiff images), maintain user based scan settings, lock scan settings for users, or have users default to the last scan settings used.

Refer to the proceeding sections for more information on each scan option.

[Import From a File](#)

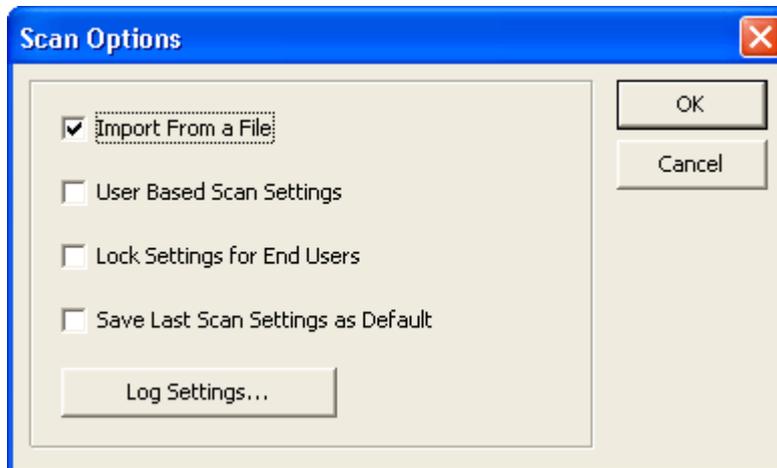
[User Based Scan Settings](#)

[Lock Settings for End Users](#)

[Save Last Scan Settings as Default](#)

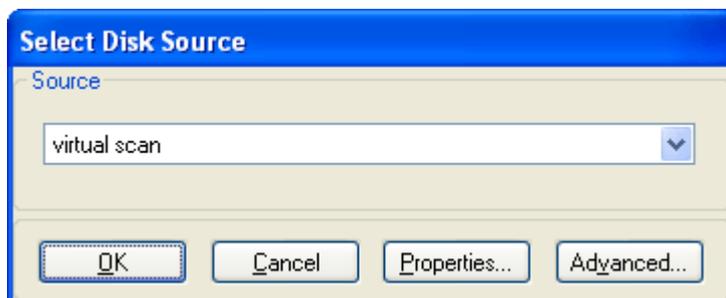
Import From a File

If you check on the **Import From a File** option in the Scan Option dialog, this allows a user that may not have a scanner attached to their PC to process Tiff images and archive them to FileNexus.



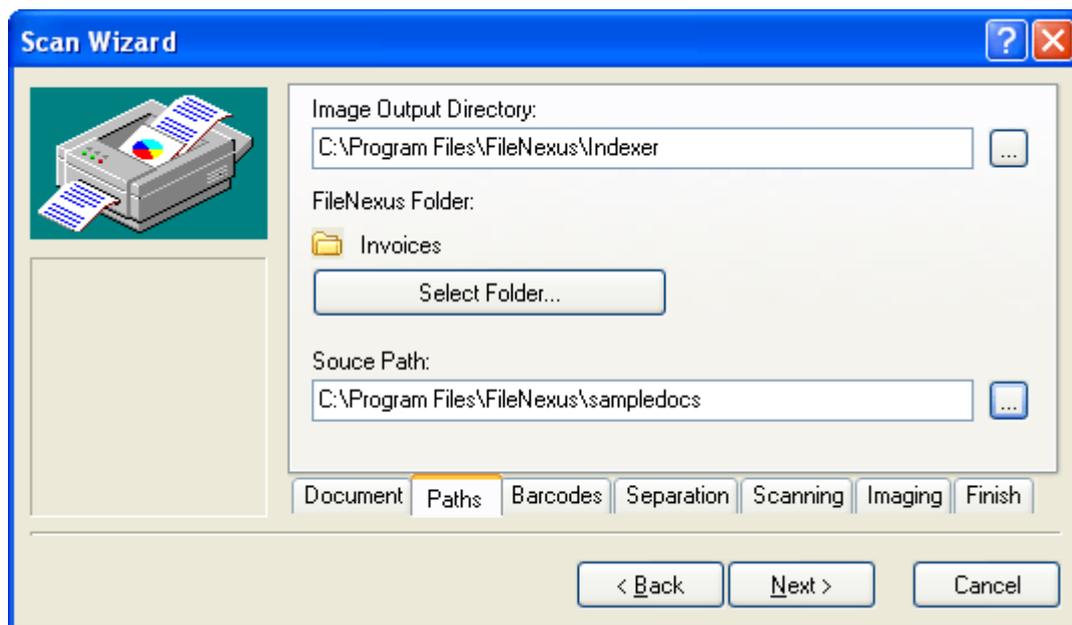
After selecting **Import From a File** in the **Scan Options** dialog and hitting **OK**, you will need to select and verify your scan source as normal. Under the **Scanning** menu, select **Source**.

NOTE: In order to use the Import From a File option, you must have a virtual scan source previously set up using the **KSM** utility located in the Windows **Control Panel**. For more information, see the section on [Setting up a scanner for the first time](#).



After you hit **OK** once you've selected the Virtual Scan source you created in the KSM utility (Kofax Scan Manager), you can proceed with using the Scan Wizard as normal, as outlined in the section [Scanning Documents to be Archived](#).

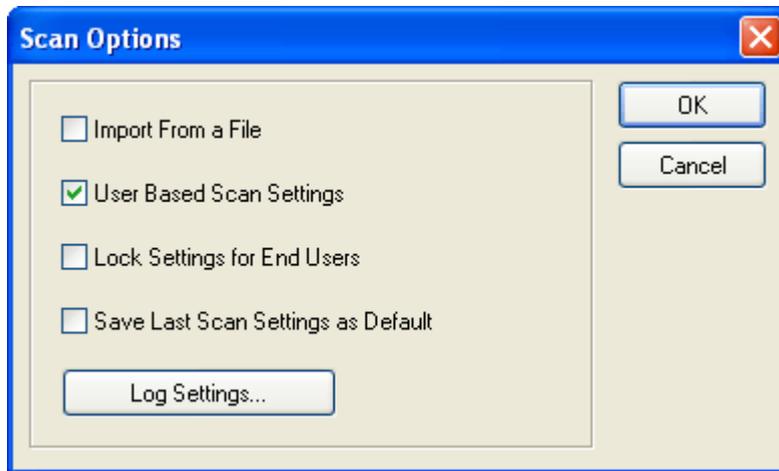
One of the few differences you'll find when importing from a file rather than scanning in hard copies of documents is that you will need to specify the **Source Path** for the Tiff images to process. Simply proceed to the **Paths** tab in the **Scan Wizard** window and specify the source path as shown in the example below.



When importing from a file, you can still read barcodes, separate documents, and index files as you would when scanning.

User Based Scan Settings

If you select the option for **User Based Scan Settings**, this allows multiple users to scan the same types of documents at a scan station, but output the scanned data to different network directories.

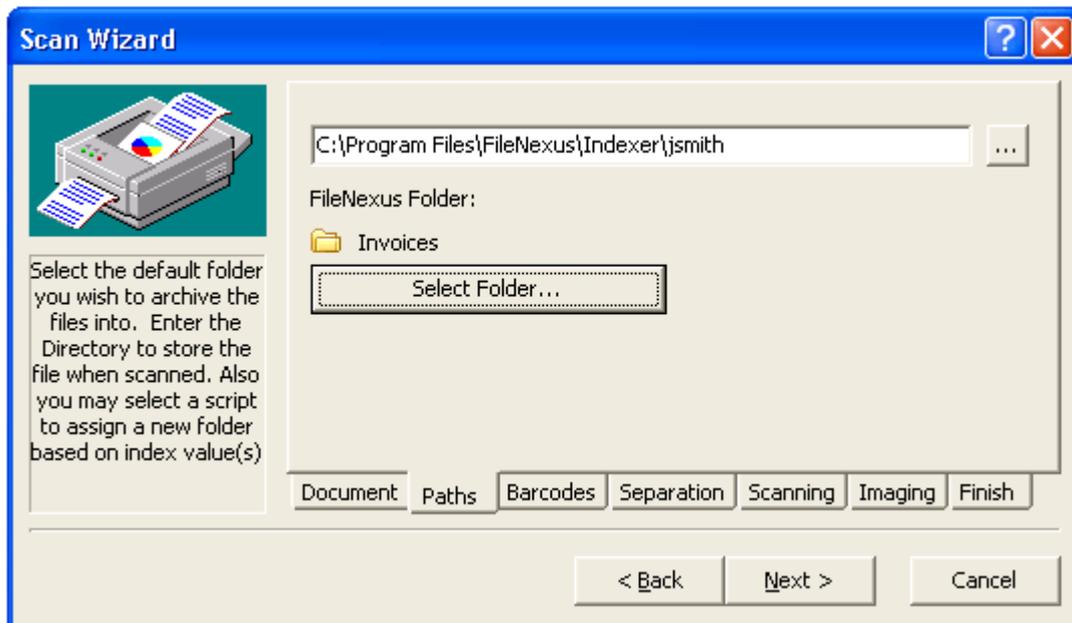


This may prove helpful if each user needs to scan the same types of documents (Invoices, for example) to different output directories. As a FileNexus Administrator, you may wish to implement user based scanning to allow for separation of work to later ensure that users index only the documents they themselves scanned into FileNexus.

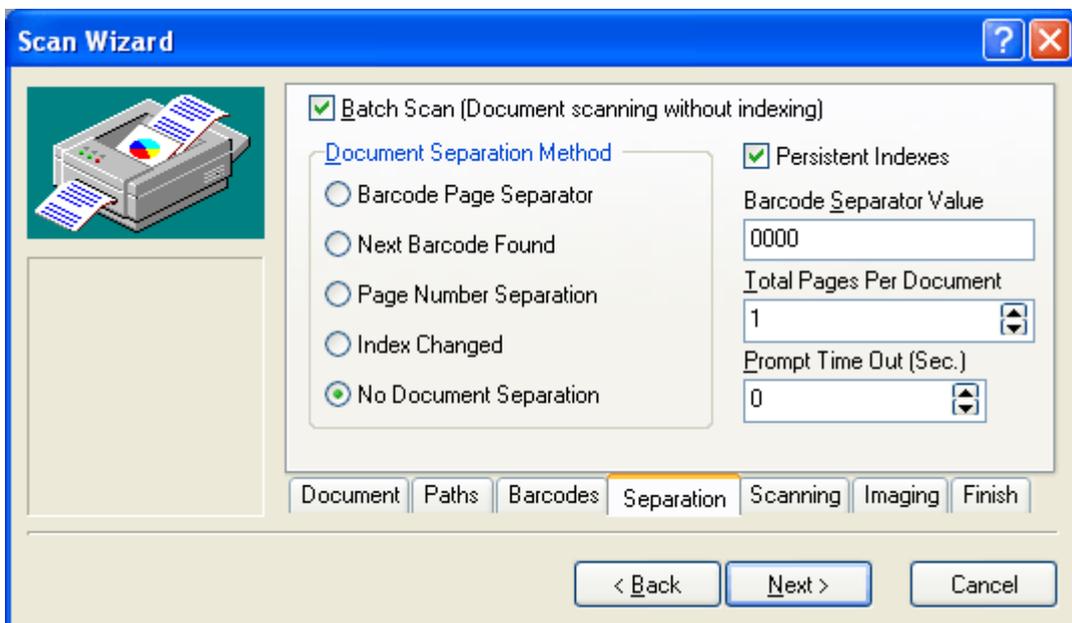
To setup user based scanning, a FileNexus Administrator will need to login to the Scan Station program and select **Options** from the **Configuration** menu. Then, check **User Based Scan Settings** (as shown above), and ensure **Lock Settings for End Users** is **NOT** checked.

Next, you will need to login to the Scan Station program as **each of the scan users** to set which document class(es), output paths, barcodes, imaging, and other settings they will use when scanning documents.

For user jsmith, in order to scan invoices the paths tab may look like the following example.



And the separation method may appear as follows, if not scanning with barcodes.



By having the image output go to a jsmith subdirectory of the Indexer folder, jsmith can proceed to index only the invoices he scanned in when returning to his PC (assuming it is setup with the FileNexus Image Indexer program). Similarly, other users that scan invoices at the same scan station can have their image output go to their own directories.

After you are satisfied that each scan user has had their own scan settings configured, log into the Scan Station program to ensure that the output directories (and other settings) are correct for each different user. Even if you don't have any documents on hand to scan, be sure to hit the **Scan** button on the Document tab or **Finish** on the Finish tab in order to save the settings for the current user.

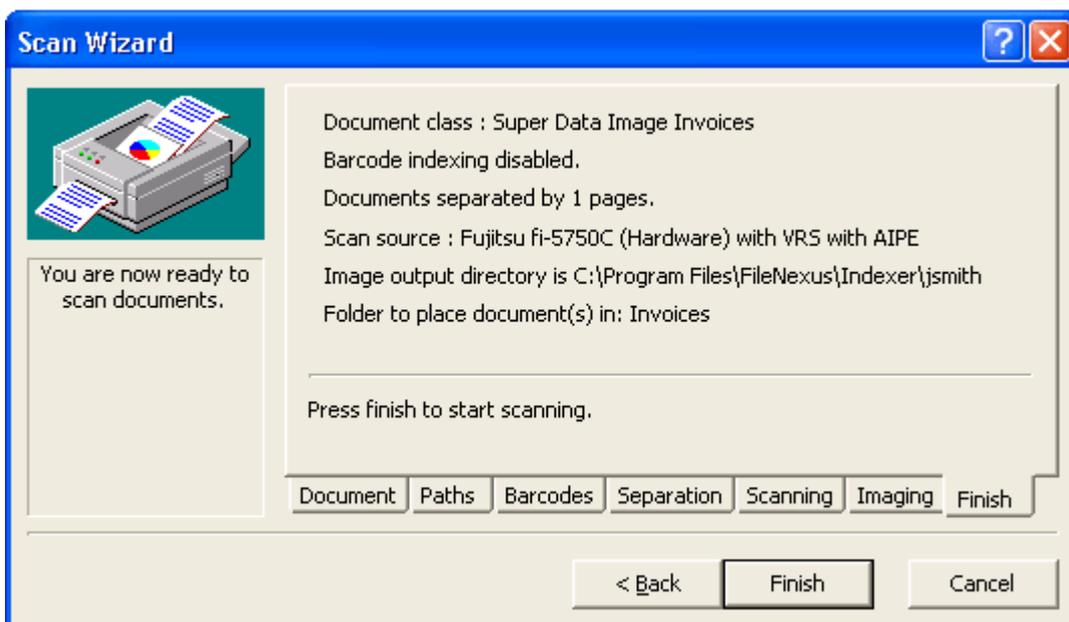
Then log back into the Scan Station program as an **Administrator** to lock the settings for end users so they cannot alter what has been setup. To lock the settings, please refer to the next section.

Lock Settings for End Users

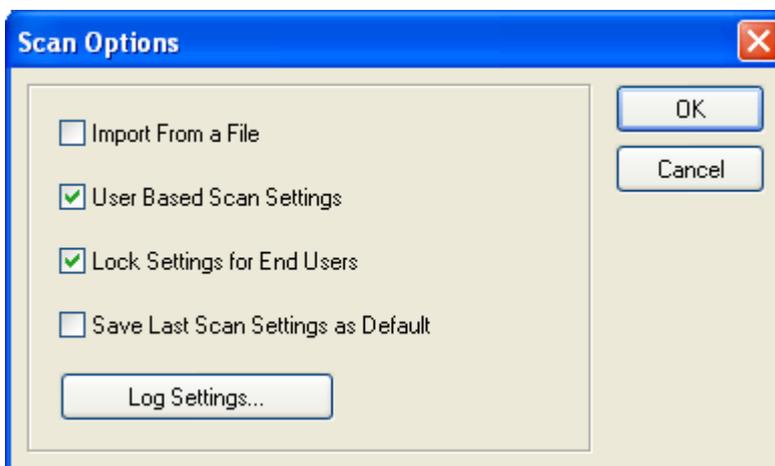
When you are logged into the Scan Station program as a FileNexus Administrator, you are able to lock the scan settings for end users, so they may not alter any paths, barcode, separation, or other imaging settings when scanning. This may prove helpful if you have users consistently needing to scan the same type(s) of document(s) each time they scan.

First, you will need to login as each of the scan users (without administrative rights) that will be using the scan station.

Set the document classes, paths, barcodes, separation and other settings as you would normally for each user login. Even if you don't have any documents on hand to scan, be sure to hit the **Scan** button on the Document tab or **Finish** on the Finish tab in order to save the settings for the current user.



Once you have defined the scan settings for each of the scanning end users, log back into the Scan Station program as a FileNexus Administrator and select **Options** from the **Configuration** menu to view the below **Scan Options** window.



Check **Lock Settings for End Users** and hit **OK**. Then, verify that the scan settings are locked for each of your scan end users.

Verifying Settings are Locked

To verify that you have locked the scan settings for your end users, log into the Scan Station program as each of the scan users and check the scan settings by trying to scan a document (even if no hard copy of a document is available).

For example, if you have a FileNexus user **jsmith**, log in with jsmith's password to the scan program and try to scan a document. You'll notice in the Scan Wizard that jsmith cannot go to the Paths tab. If you attempt to access ANY tab other than the Document tab, you will see the following message appear.

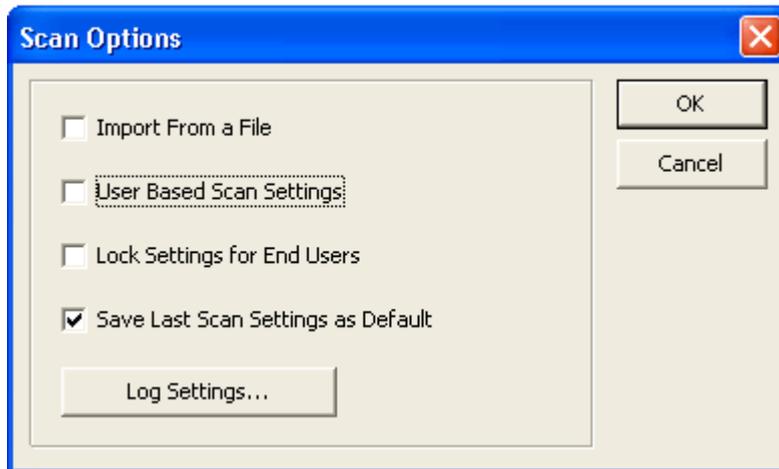


In addition, jsmith does not have access to any buttons on the **Document** tab except for **Scan**. The other buttons on the **Document** tab have been disabled. This way, an administrator can ensure that once scan settings have been adjusted and tested for a document class(es), that no other end users can change them.

Save Last Scan Settings as Default

If you select the option of **Save Last Scan Settings as Default**, this allows scan users to adjust scan settings when needed, but default to whatever settings were configured the last time a particular document class was scanned.

This option may prove helpful if you want to grant users the ability to tweak the scan settings periodically to adjust for different paper quality and optimize scanned image quality. It may also be helpful if users need the ability to change which document classes to scan to or change output paths for any reason.

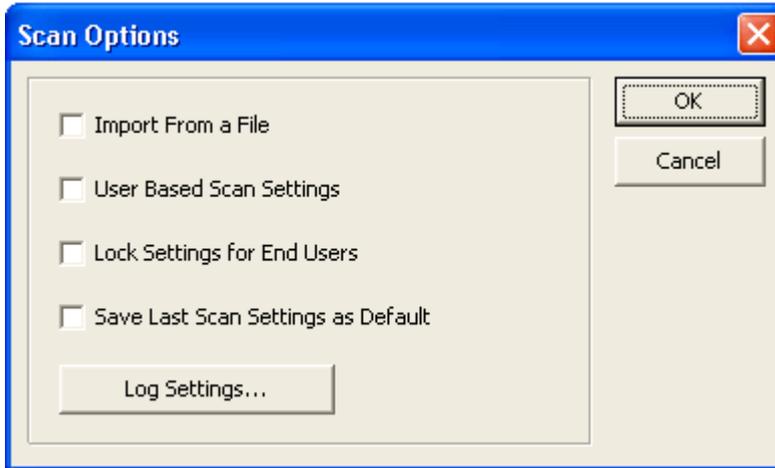


To implement this option, you will need to login as a FileNexus Administrator and select **Options** from the **Configuration** menu. Then check **Save Last Scan Settings as Default**. Be sure not to check **Lock Settings for End Users** as this will prevent users from being able to change the scan settings at all.

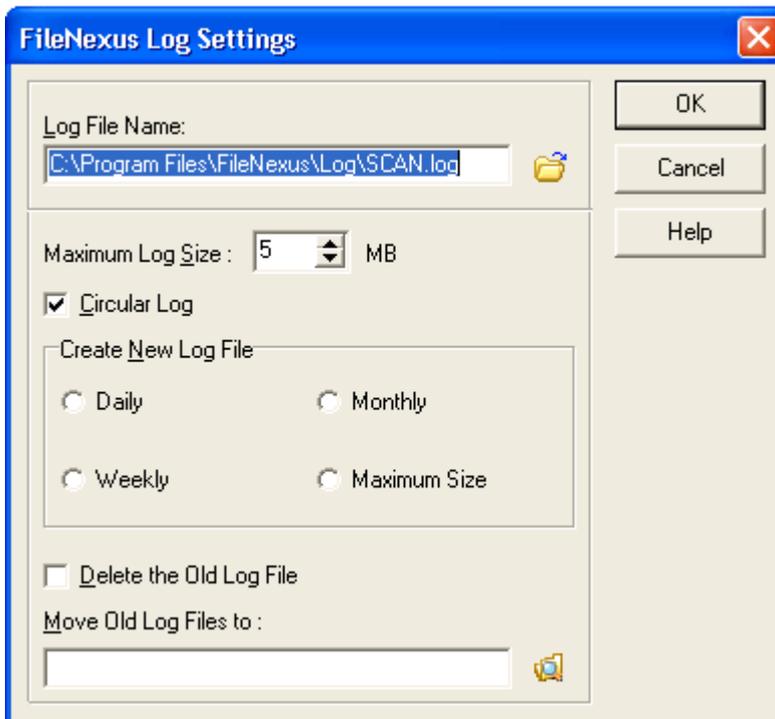
Then each time any user scans documents at the same scan station, the settings will default to the settings used for the most recent scan.

Log Settings

As a FileNexus Administrator, you might find it helpful to log the settings for a particular scan station. In order to configure logging for a scan station, you must first login to the Scan Station program as an administrator, select **Options** from the **Configuration** menu, and click on the **Log Settings** button.



After you click on the **Log Settings** button, the following window will appear.



Log File Name

This is the path to the scan log file. The file must have the file extension ".log".

Maximum Log Size

You can specify the maximum log file size in MB by entering it in the text area next to *Maximum Log Size:* or by using the up and down arrows to increase or decrease the size in MB.

Circular Log

Check this option if you want the log file to be overwritten and start again once it reaches the specified maximum log size.

Create New Log File

Click on the appropriate radio button to choose how/when you wish a new log file to be created. Check **Daily** if you want a new file every day, **Weekly** for once a week, **Monthly** for once a month, or **Maximum Size** to wait until the log file reaches the specified maximum log size.

Delete the Old Log File

Check this option if you want the old log file for archive sessions to be deleted when a new one is created.

Move Old Files to:

Instead of deleting old log files, you can specify a valid network path to have the old log files moved to for long term storage.

Overview

The FileNexus Script Editor is a utility that allows you to open and edit FileNexus created script files (files with a .NXS extension). The Script Editor is a tool designed to make viewing and editing a .NXS file much easier. Prior to the "Script Editor", if you needed to view or change a .NXS file, you would need to locate the proper script file and edit it in an application like Notepad.

[Launching the Script Editor](#)

[Script Editor Options](#)

[Using the Script Editor](#)

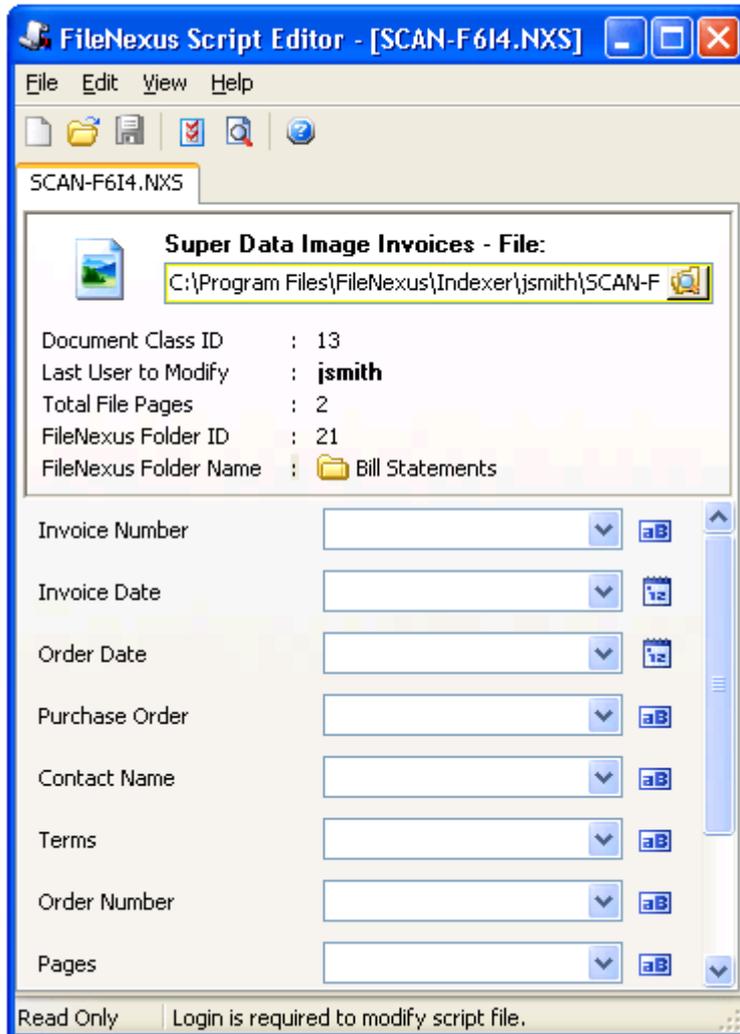
[Script Properties](#)

[Viewing the Document](#)

Launching the Script editor

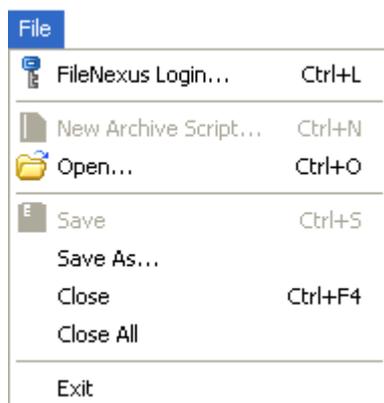
With the new "Script Editor" tool, all you need to do to view or change a .NXS file is launch the FileNexus Script Editor from your Windows Start menu as shown ...

Start → All Programs → FileNexus →  FileNexus Script Editor or double click on an .NXS file. If you launch the Script Editor from the Windows Start menu, you can open a specific .NXS file by selecting **Open** from the **File** menu or clicking on the **Open** icon  in the toolbar and browsing to the .NXS file.



Once you have opened a specific .NXS file, you will be able to view the indexes available for the document.

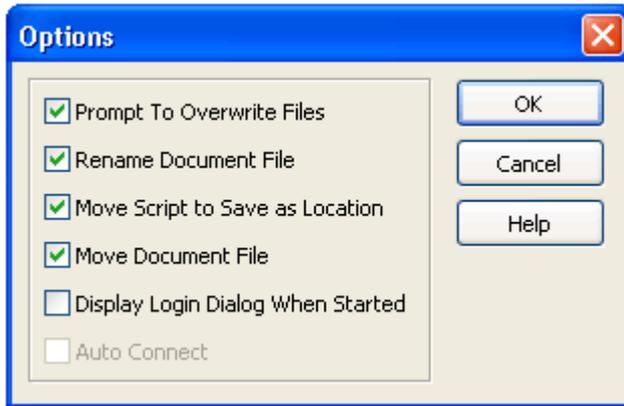
Whether you have double-clicked on an .NXS file to launch the Script Editor or you have launched it from the Windows Start menu, in order to edit any of the index values in the .NXS, you must login to FileNexus by selecting **FileNexus Login** from the **File** menu.



You can then proceed to edit index values by entering the correct values in the edit boxes provided. Be sure to save your changes before exiting the Script Editor.

Script Editor Options

There are several editor options that should be known before you start using the Script Editor. You can access the Script Editor's **Options** window by selecting **Options** from the **View** menu.



Prompt To Overwrite Files

If this option is selected, then anytime you use the "Save As" option in the Script editor and you select a file in a folder that already exists, FileNexus will prompt you to overwrite the file.

Rename Document File

If this option is **NOT** selected, then every time a user saves a .NXS script file, the original document name will not change.

Move Script to Save as Location

This option will move the current .NXS script file (not copy) to the "Save As" location.

Move Document File

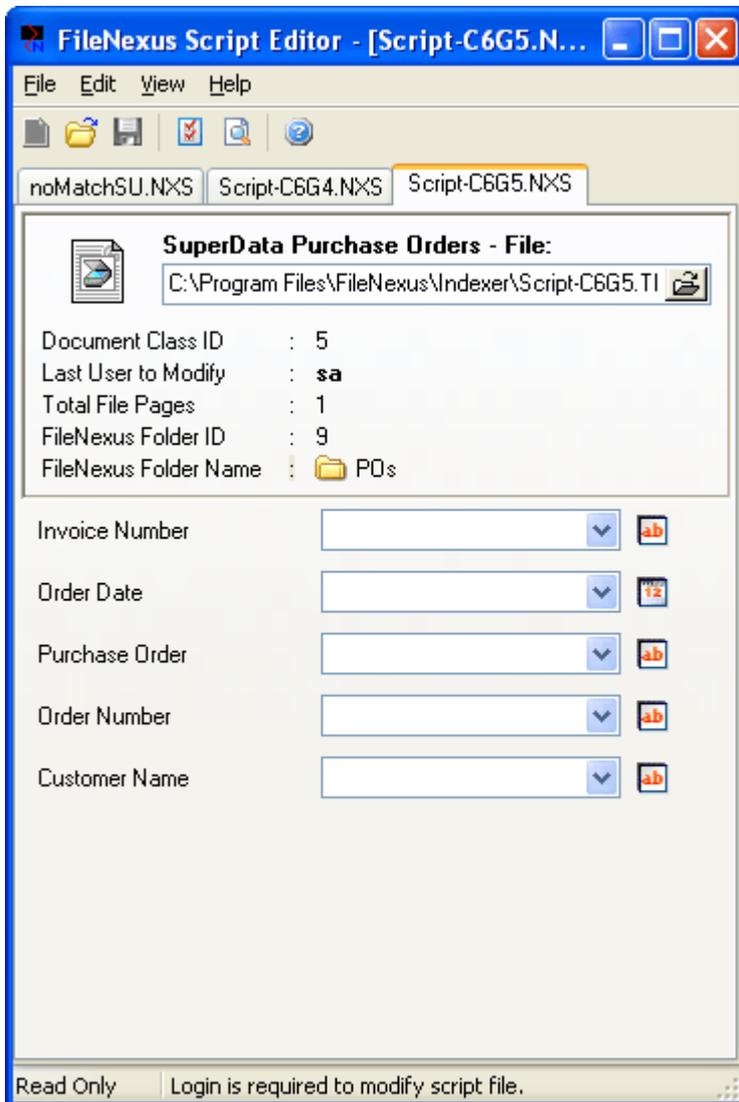
This option will move the "Document File" (not copy) to the "Save As" location.

Display Login Dialog When Started

This option will force the user to login every time the Script Editor is started.

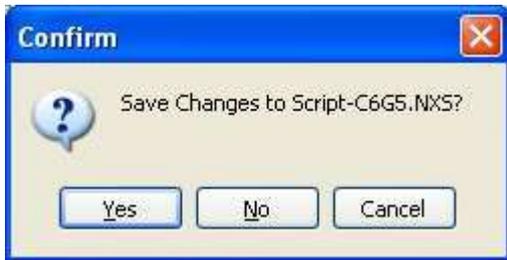
Using the Script Editor

When using the Script Editor, you can elect to open more than one .NXS file at a time. The various opened script files will then appear as separate tabs in the Editor as shown below. You can then select the script you wish to view/edit by selecting the appropriate tab.



To edit an index value, you may need to login if you have not already done so. Select **FileNexus Login** from the File menu, and log in as you normally would for any FileNexus application. You will then be able to click in the edit box to the right of an index name and update its value.

To save your changes, you can click on the save icon , or you can close the Script Editor window in which case you will be prompted by a message box similar to the one below to save your changes.



The Script Editor Toolbar should appear at the top similar to this: 

Creating a New Script

You can create a new .NXS file by clicking on this icon. You will then need to select a destination folder in FileNexus for the document from the top pane of the below window and then document class in the Class Name pane of the below window. Then click on **OK**.



The new script file will appear in the Script Editor as a new tab, complete with the indexes available to the document class selected from the previous window. Once you have entered all the necessary data in the index fields, you must select **Save** or **Save As**.

If you have selected the **Save** option, there will be a new file generated with a .NXS extension and both files will be saved as the new name. If you have selected the **Save As** option, then a new .NXS file will be created and a copy of the original file will be created in the new folder. The original file will remain the name it was in the folder it was in.

Opening a Script File

Clicking this icon will allow you to open an existing .NXS file to view/edit.

Saving Changes

Clicking this icon will automatically save any changes you have made to the currently selected .NXS file.

Script Properties

See the section on [Script Properties](#).

Viewing the document

See the section on [Viewing the document](#).

Help

This will launch the FileNexus Help file and open to the page on the FileNexus Script Editor.

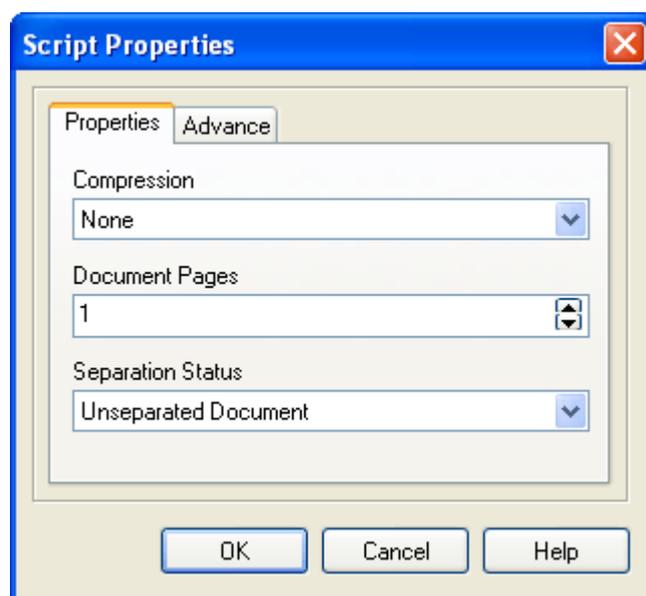
Script Properties

Script Properties

The Script Properties window has two tabs; the **Properties** tab and the **Advanced** tab.

Properties Tab

The Properties tab allows you to view the Compression, number of Document Pages, and Separation Status.



Compression

You can choose None, ASCII or Binary compression. By default, None is selected for most documents.

Document Pages

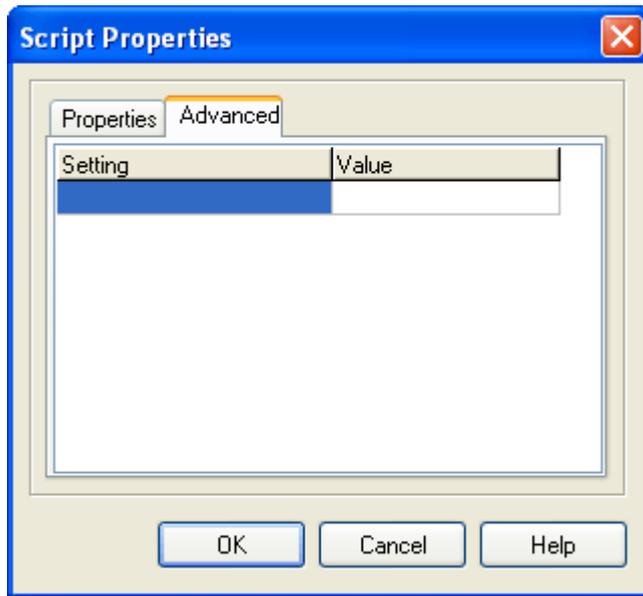
Here you can view/edit the number of pages a document contains.

Separation Status

This is helpful to know if you will be manually indexing the document using the FileNexus Image Indexer program. In the Indexer program, you will have to select either **Separated** or **Unseparated** before you begin to index documents.

Advanced Tab

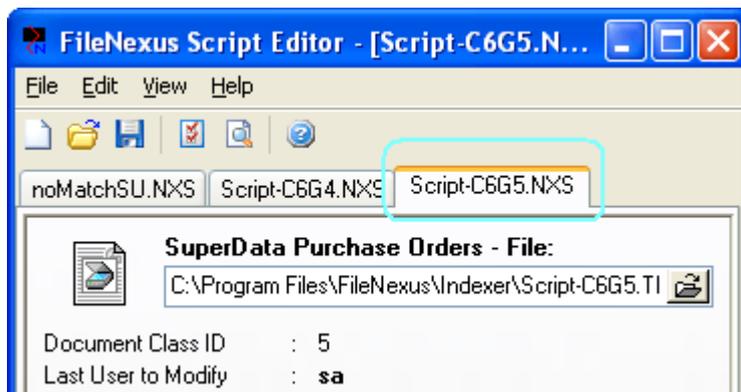
The Advanced tab allows you to add variables to the script that may be used by a custom VB script when archiving the document. For more information on how to employ the variables in the Advanced tab, contact the support desk at Loris Technologies.



Viewing the Document

Viewing the Document

At times you may need to verify that you have selected the correct document or perhaps you would like to view the document to verify the index values. To view a document, click on the correct .NXS file tab in the Script Editor.

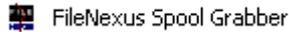


Then select **View Document** from the View menu or click on the View Document icon . After you have clicked on the **View Document** icon, the document will open up in its own default viewing window.

FileNexus Spool Capture Utility

The FileNexus spool capture utility is composed of three separate programs:

1. The Spool Grabber application.



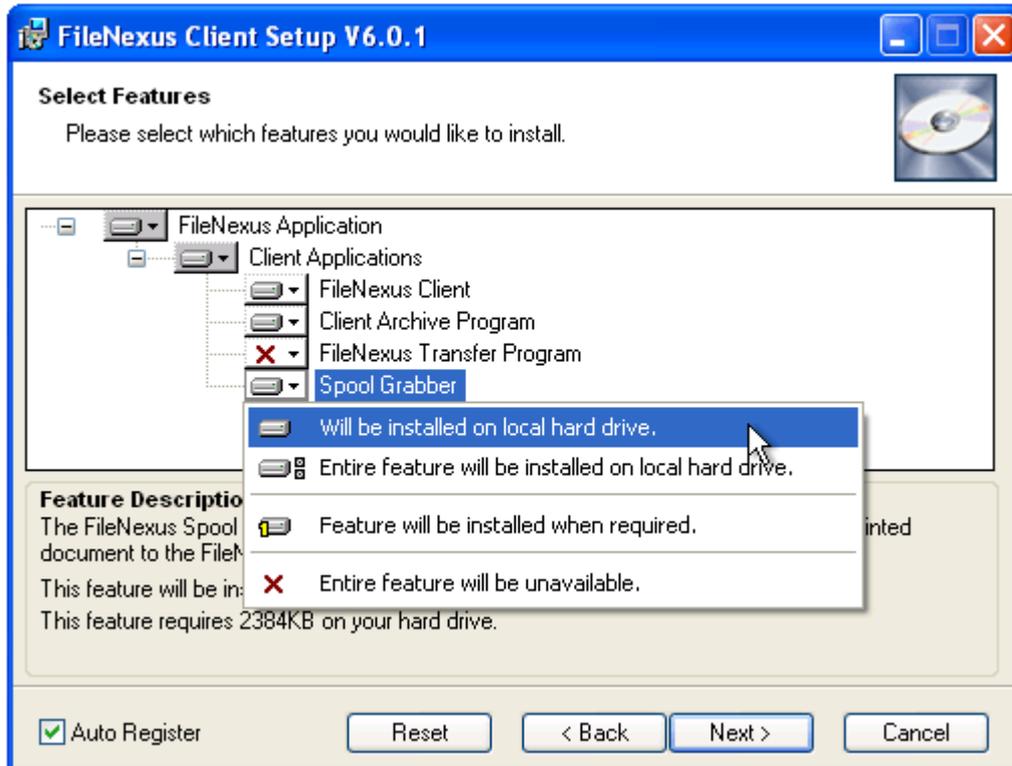
This program runs on a client PC and monitors the Window's spool directory. Anytime an application prints to the FileNexus printer (see the following section for instructions on setting up the FileNexus printer), the Spool Grabber program extracts the data from the file and puts it into a .tif image for identification by the FileNexus server.

- 2. The Spool Capture Service** runs on the FileNexus server. When .tif files are sent from one or more Spool Grabber programs (running on client PC's), the Spool Capture program reads through the text embedded within the image file and tries to identify the document. The results are turned into multi-page .tif images paired with script files (.NXS) which can then be archived by FileNexus.
- 3. The FileNexus PDF Print application** (may or may not be needed at your site) is used when you have many PDF documents that you want to archive to FileNexus. Instead of printing the files individually from a client PC, you can instead send all of the PDF files to a directory that is being monitored by the FileNexus PDF print application. This application will launch Adobe Acrobat and print each PDF document in the monitored directory to the FileNexus printer. The Spool Grabber program will then send the documents to the server as normal.

NOTE: Although the FileNexus Spool Grabber can be configured to automate the printing of files in a designated directory, some applications like a PDF viewer may not exit after printing the document.

Installing the FileNexus Spool Grabber Program

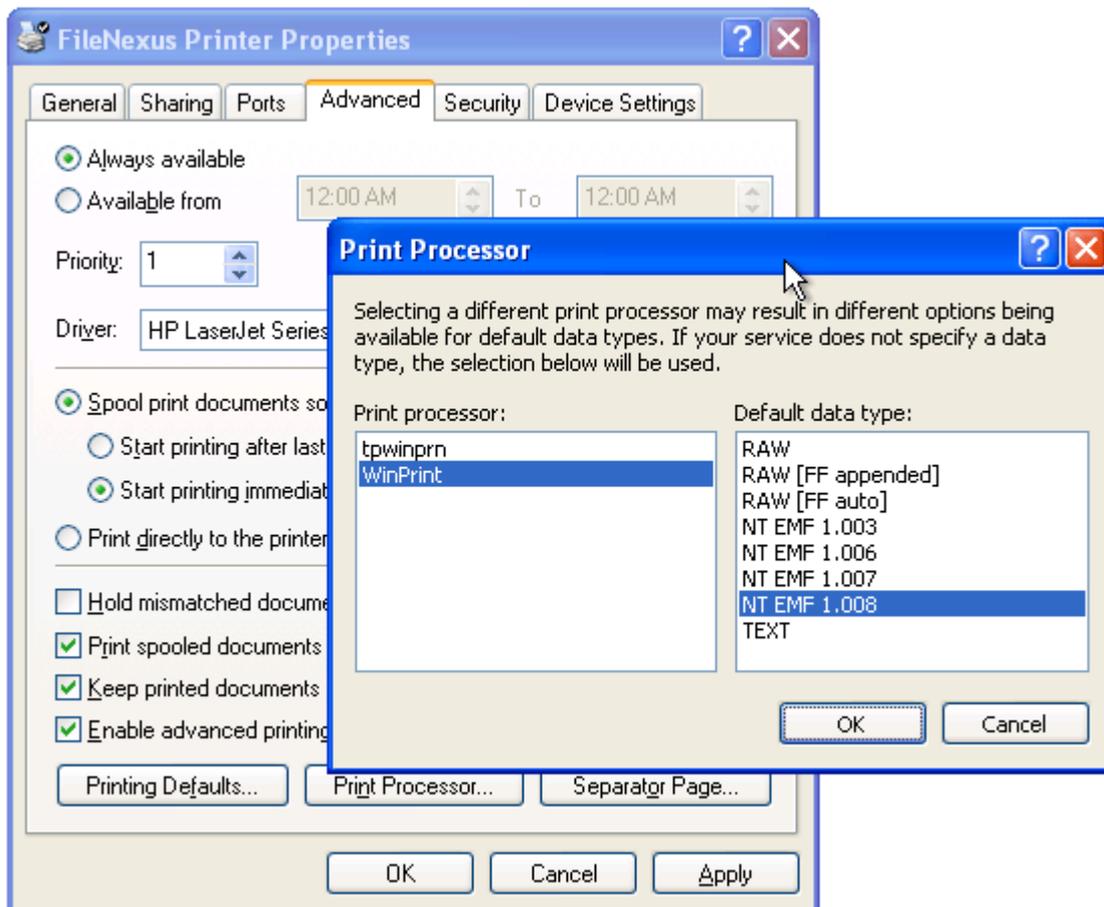
When installing FileNexus onto a client PC (using the FileNexus installation CD), be sure to select custom install. Then, from the options list (as shown below) be sure to select Spool Grabber as a program that *will* be installed.



Creating a FileNexus Printer

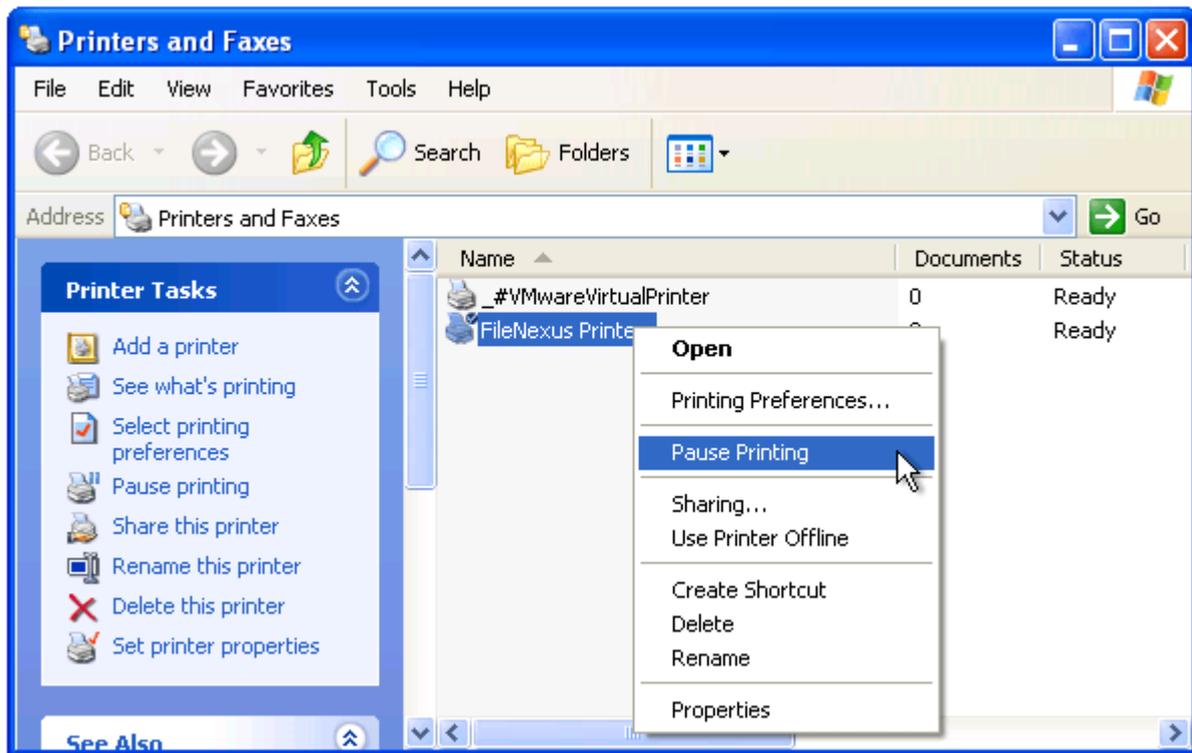
The Spool Grabber program will monitor one printer on your client PC. Documents sent to this printer will then be archived to FileNexus. Since you will probably also want to print documents on your client PC the best idea is to create a new printer that will be used only for archiving documents.

To do this, add a new printer (through the Window's control panel) and select the HP LaserJet Series II printer driver. Make sure the printer is installed as a local printer (not a network printer), and that it is set to spool documents using an **EMF** (enhanced meta file) format. Also ensure that "Keep printed documents" is checked on.



Since documents will never actually "print" to this printer or its port you can select any port for it that you have available like LPT1 even though you also have a "real" printer on LPT1.

Next, set the printer to **Pause Printing** - this means documents sent to this printer will go to the Window's spool directory but they will not be printed. The spool grabber program will then remove them from the spool directory and send them to the FileNexus server.



Spool Grabber Setup

Spool Grabber Setup

To run the Spool Grabber program, launch it from the Windows Start menu. You will notice a new print icon in your Window's taskbar.  Right-click on the icon to display the following menu.



Options

Allows you to change spool grabber settings (i.e. the server to connect to, printer to monitor, etc.)

Auto Start

If this item has a check beside it, the Spool Grabber program will immediately start grabbing files from the appropriate spool directory when the program is launched. If there is no check beside this item, after running the program you have to click on the **Start Spool Grabber** menu item before the Spool Grabber will actually begin processing files.

Animated

If this item is checked the spool grabber icon (in the Windows system tray) will be animated when the **Spool Grabber** program is on. If the Spool Grabber program has not been started, then the icon will not be animated.

Start Spool Grabber

Clicking on this menu item will instruct the Spool Grabber program to begin processing files.

Stop Spool Grabber

Clicking on this menu item will stop the Spool Grabber from monitoring the spool directory and processing files.

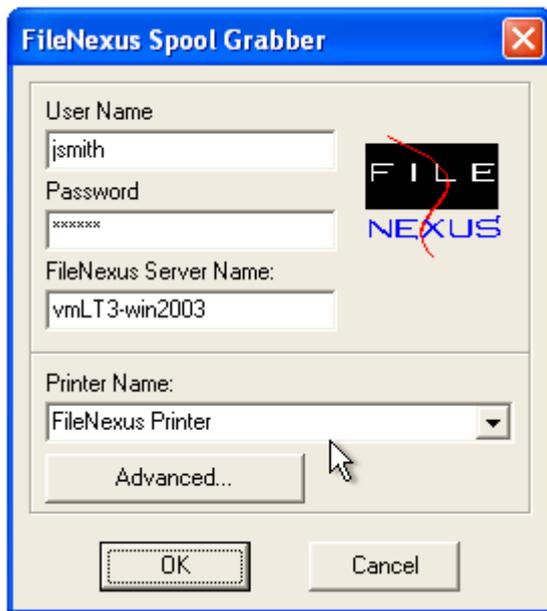
About

Displays current version information.

Close

Closes (and stops) the spool grabber program.

Spool Grabber Options



User Name

Your FileNexus login username that the Spool Grabber will use to make its connection to the FileNexus server.

Password

Your FileNexus password or network password if you are using Active Directory authentication.

FileNexus Server Name

The name (or IP address) of the FileNexus server.

Printer Name

The printer that the **Spool Grabber** program should be monitoring. All documents sent to this printer will be sent to the FileNexus server for archival.

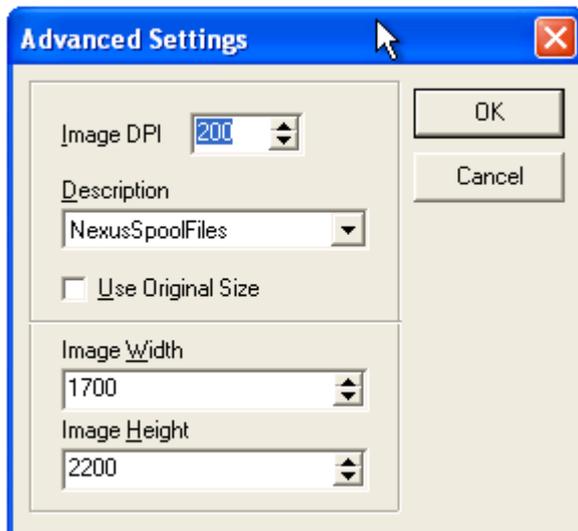
HINT: To make things easier for your users, you can rename your printer to something like "FileNexus Printer" (instead of using the original name - HP LaserJet Series II).

Advanced

Click on this button to go to the Spool Grabber's Advanced Settings screen.

NOTE: In most cases the default values will be fine. The Advanced settings should only be used if you are having trouble with the quality of the images that the Spool Grabber is creating.

Spool Grabber Advanced Settings



Note: Under normal circumstances you should *not* need to change any of these settings. If you would like help with any of these settings, please call the support line or send an e-mail request to support@loristech.com .

Image DPI

The number of dots per inch that the image will be stored in. For example, a value of 200 DPI means that your image will be stored with a resolution of 200 dots per inch. Note: this value must be used in conjunction with the Image Width and Image height values. Changing only the Image DPI value will result in incompatible settings.

Description

If the value in the description field matches a registry key on the FileNexus server (under the spool capture service), the server can be instructed to put this document into a specific directory. The values in the pull down list come from registry entries on the client PC.

Use Original Size

By default this checkbox should be left empty. Placing a check in this box tells FileNexus to use the original size of the image rather than trying to reduce the image size. The original size of the image is determined by the resolution the FileNexus printer is set at. If you place a checkmark in this box, values in the Image Width, Image Height and DPI fields will be ignored.

Image Width

This is the width of the image in pixels. The default value is 1700.

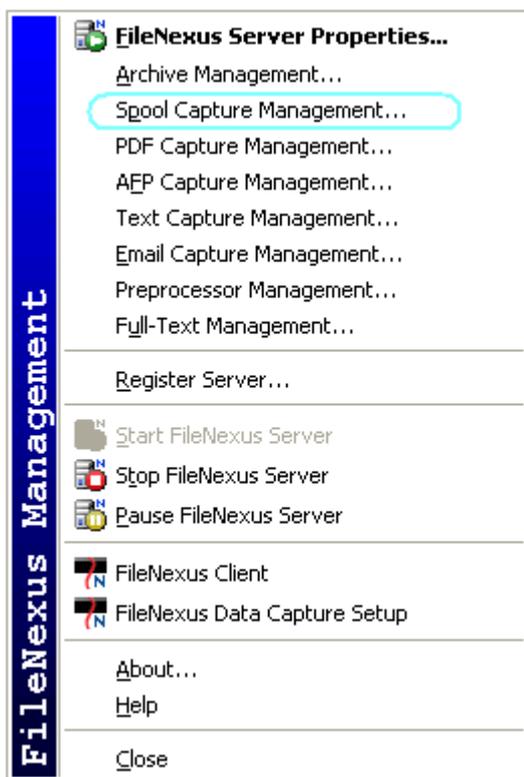
Image Height

This is the height of the image in pixels. The default value is 2200.

Setting up the Spool Capture Service

The Spool Capture Service runs on the FileNexus server. This program monitors one or more directories looking for (.tif) files that have been sent to the server from a client PC using the FileNexus Spool Grabber program. When the spool capture service detects a new .tif file in one of its monitored directories, it will extract the text from the images of the pages and then try to identify the document. Identified documents are turned into .tif images with matching .nxs script files and then they are sent to another directory to be archived (by the FileNexus Auto Archival Service). Documents that cannot be identified are placed into an "Unknown" directory.

To set up the spool capture service, a FileNexus Administrator should connect to the FileNexus Server and select "Spool Capture Management" by right-clicking on the FileNexus Management icon in your Windows system tray (as shown below).



If this is the first time that you have used the spool capture management program, you'll need to create one or more sessions. Please refer to the section [Spool Capture Management](#) under the [FileNexus Management](#) application for more information.

Overview

As a FileNexus Administrator, there are a few topics you will need to consider to ensure the ongoing successful employment of FileNexus for your archiving and document retrieval needs.

[Backing Up FileNexus](#)

[FileNexus Registry Keys and Settings](#)

[FileNexus and Active Directory/LDAP authentication](#)

[Event Scripts and FileNexus Workflow](#)

Overview

As a FileNexus Administrator, you will have to ensure that your data is maintained through regular network backups, in the event of hardware failure or loss.

What to backup

1. FileNexus SQL database(s).

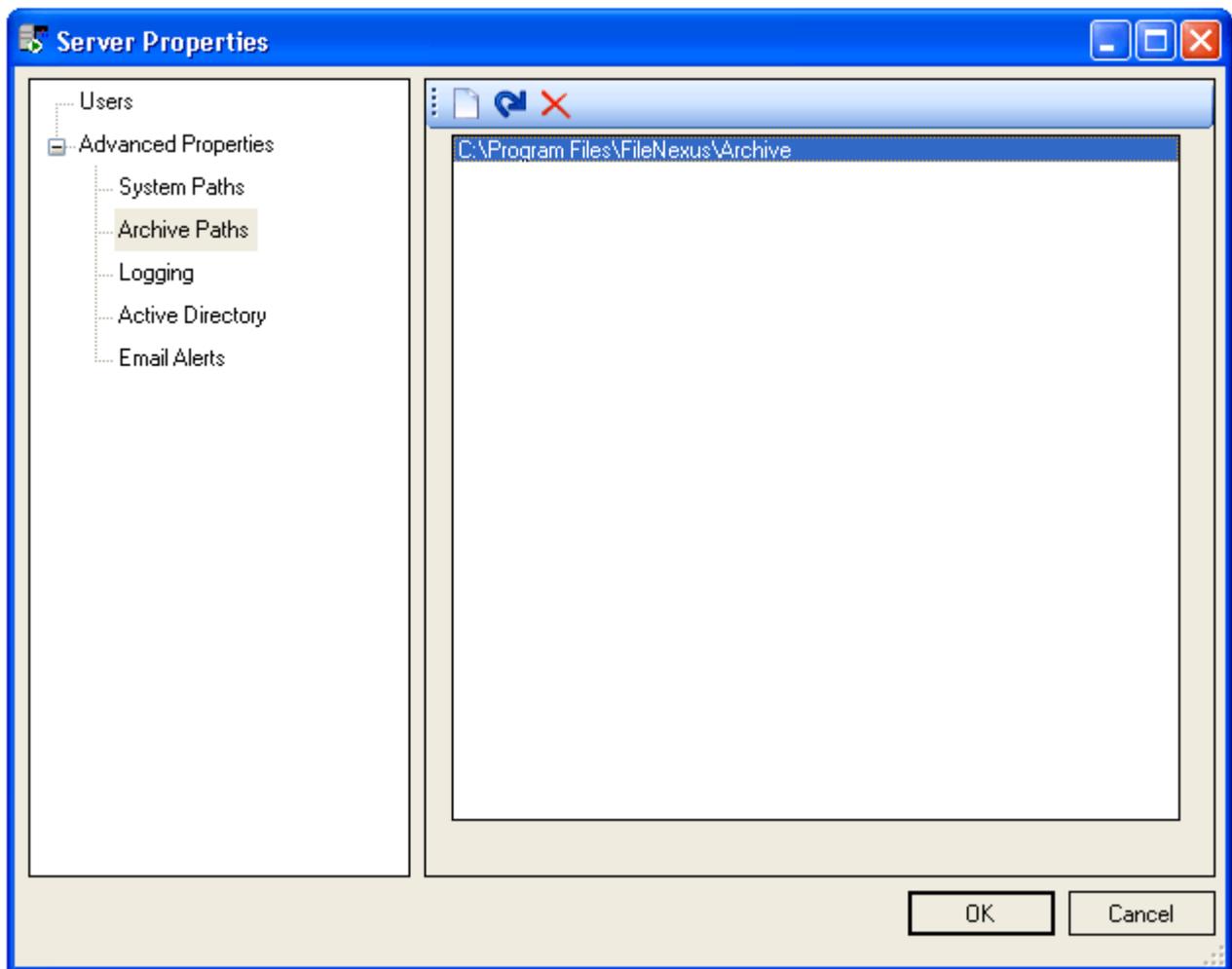
For example, if you have a SQL Server 2005 database called Nexus, it is recommended that it is **backed up nightly**. In addition, if you are employing Full-Text searching, you may also want to include your Nexus_FT database in your backup plan.

2. FileNexus Archive (.far) files.

Current archive files (i.e. archive files that new data is still being added to) should be backed up nightly. **Note: Your backup software must be enabled to back-up “Open” files.**

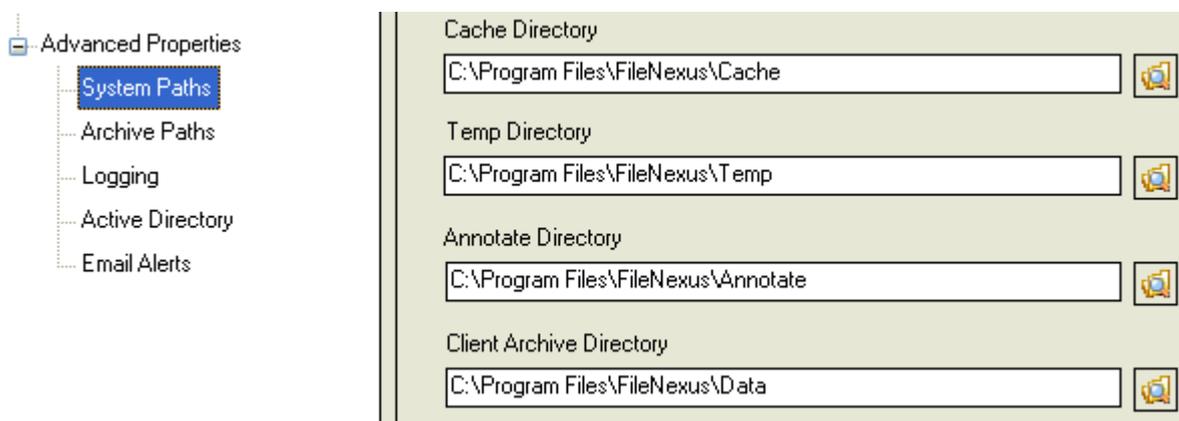
Older files (i.e. files that have reached their maximum size and have been closed) do not need to be backed up nightly **if** you have made a permanent backup copy to optical media such as CD or DVD.

To verify where these .far files are located at your site right-click on the FileNexus Management icon in your system tray and select **FileNexus Server Properties**. Highlight the **Archive Paths** item, as shown below, to view the path(s) to your .far files.



3. FileNexus Notes and Markups

Notes and markups are stored in an annotation directory. This directory should be **backed up nightly**. To determine what directory annotations are being stored to at your site select the **System Paths** item in the FileNexus Server Properties. The "Annotate Directory" field will show the directory that FileNexus notes and markups are being stored to.



4. FileNexus Script files.

If any of your Archival, Identification (PDF, AFP, Text, Image, Email) or Pre-Processor sessions are using external .vbs routing script files then you should **back-up those script files nightly**. Typically, scripts will be stored to a **C:\Program Files\FileNexus\Scripts** directory. To determine what scripts are being used on your system (if any) and what directories they are stored in you'll need to check the session properties for **each** Archival Session, Pre-Processor Session, and Identification Session. In the session's property window you will find a field labeled something like "Routing VB Script file". The value in this field will show both the script file (if a script is being used) and the path where the script file is stored. **Note: Since each session can reference a different script file and directory you'll need to check all of your sessions.**

5. FileNexus Setting Files.

Typically, your FileNexus server's settings files will be in a directory similar to the path **C:\Program Files\FileNexus\Settings**. These files need to be backed-up nightly.

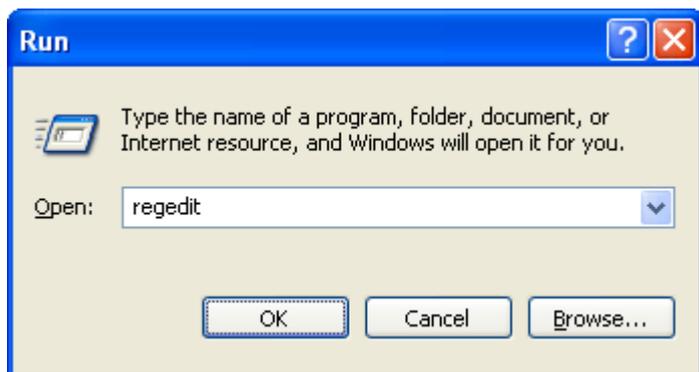
6. Registry Settings

You should also backup the FileNexus Server's "HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Loris\" registry settings nightly.

Overview

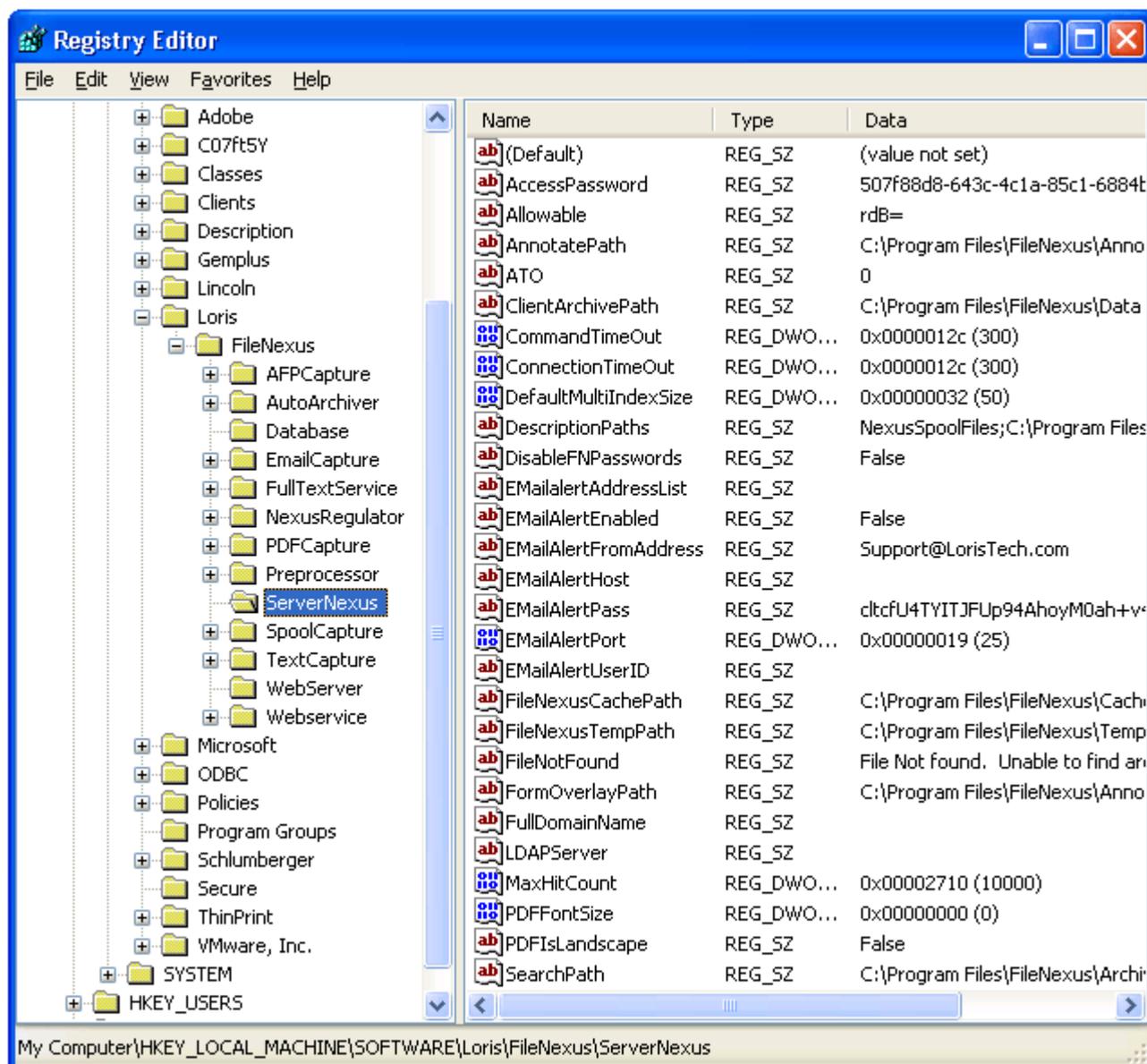
FileNexus creates several registry keys on the FileNexus Server when installed. This is a brief review of **some** of the registry keys you may need to reference or reset to facilitate the various features in FileNexus.

To access the FileNexus Server registry keys, type in **regedit** in the Windows Run dialog, and hit OK.



Then, navigate to the folder
HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Loris\FileNexus\ServerNexus.

Your resulting Registry Editor window should look similar to the one below.



The entries in the right-hand pane of the **Registry Editor** window are referred to as **Registry Keys**. Each key can have a corresponding value associated with it that may be used by one or more FileNexus applications. In order to edit the value of any of the keys, simply double-click on the key and an edit window will appear.

AccessPassword

This is a FileNexus generated password that allows the Active-X FileNexus Connection Control to connect to the FileNexus Server. If you modify this password, you may need to edit any custom VB Scripts you are employing with FileNexus to reference the new password.

Allowable

AnnotatePath

See the [System Paths Tab](#) section of the FileNexus Server Properties.

ATO

ClientArchivePath

See the [System Paths](#) section of the FileNexus Server Properties.

CommandTimeout

This is the amount of time, in seconds, that FileNexus will allow before any request against the FileNexus SQL database will timeout. For example, if you are trying to conduct a complex search to retrieve thousands of archived documents in FileNexus, the FileNexus Client application will use this registry key to determine how long in seconds to allow the SQL transaction to complete before timing out. If you wish to modify this value, be sure to select **decimal** in the edit window before entering the number of seconds.



ConnectionTimeout

Represents the amount of time in seconds that the connection to FileNexus will remain during a period of inactivity in the FileNexus Web Client.

DisableAppAuthLevel

The value of this key determines what level of DCOM authentication FileNexus will use in order to allow communication between Client PCs and the FileNexus Server. A value of **False** will mean the FileNexus Server will use its default DCOM authentication level between the Client PC and the FileNexus Server, regardless of the connection level set on Client PCs. A value of **True** will mean that the FileNexus Server will use the lowest level of authentication on either the Client PC or the FileNexus Server.

DefaultMultiIndexSize

Refers to the default character length of a new Multi-value index being created in the Data Capture Setup program. If you wish to modify this value, be sure to select **decimal** in the edit window before entering the number of characters (string length).

DescriptionPaths

See the section on [Description Paths](#).

DisableFNPasswords

See the section on [Active Directory](#).

EmailAlertAddressList

Refers to the **Add** button feature in the [Email Alerts](#) section of the FileNexus Server Properties.

EmailAlertEnabled

Does not need to be set or modified in the Registry Editor. See the section on [Email Alerts](#).

EmailAlertFromAddress

Refers to the sender's address for when FileNexus sends a FileNexus Administrator an email notification as described in the section on [Email Alerts](#).

EmailAlertHost

Does not need to be set or modified in the Registry Editor. See the section on [Email Alerts](#).

EmailAlertPass

Does not need to be set or modified in the Registry Editor. See the section on [Email Alerts](#).

EmailAlertPort

Does not need to be set or modified in the Registry Editor. See the section on [Email Alerts](#).

EmailAlertUserID

Does not need to be set or modified in the Registry Editor. See the section on [Email Alerts](#).

FileNexusCachePath

See the [System Paths](#) section of the FileNexus Server Properties.

FileNexusTempPath

See the [System Paths](#) section of the FileNexus Server Properties.

FileNotFound

The value of this key will display as an error message if the archive file (.far) that a given document is stored within cannot be located in the Archive paths listed in the FileNexus Server Properties.

FormOverlayPath

Refers to the paths where form overlay images are stored.

FullDomainName

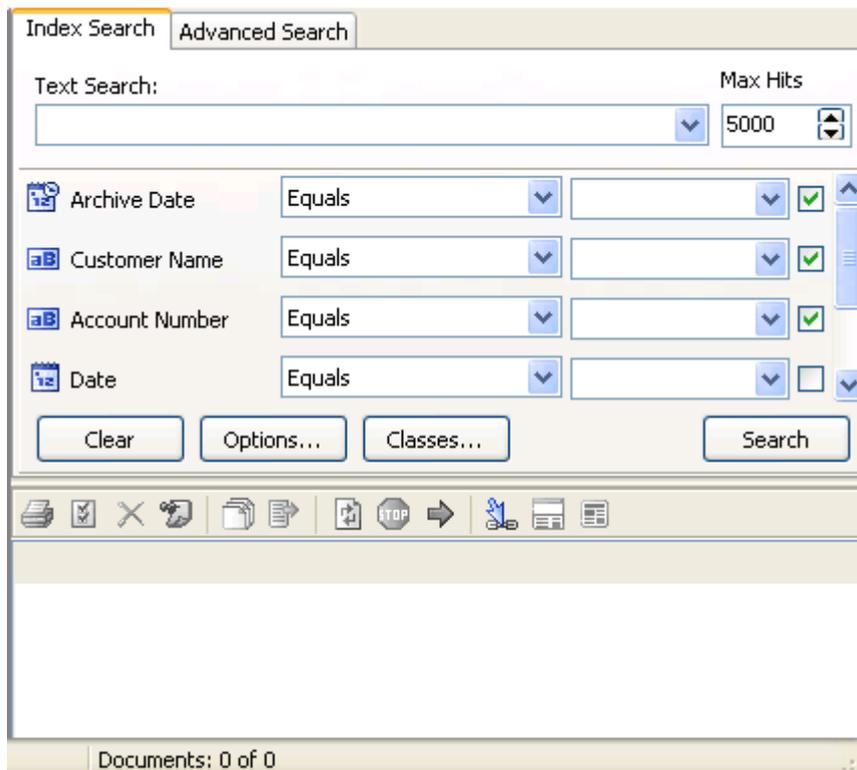
See the section on [Active Directory](#)

LDAPServer

See the section on [Active Directory](#)

MaxHitCount

This value is the maximum number of hits a user can enter when conducting a Full-Text search in the FileNexus Client. A hit is defined as a single archived document that contains at least one occurrence of the text being searched for. For example, if the **MaxHitCount** is set to 5000, the maximum number that a user can enter in the **Max Hits** text box in the below window will be 5000. If you try to enter a number greater than 5000, FileNexus will automatically adjust the number to what the MaxHitCount registry key has defined.



Search Path

This is the directory path(s) that FileNexus uses in order to find any archive files (.far files) when opening up archived documents in the FileNexus Client. You can modify/add/delete directory paths to your .far files by going to the [Archive Paths](#) in the **FileNexus Server Properties** dialog.